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Gideon Vivier Dorperstoet

Tuiste van die aangepaste Dorpers...

Produksieveilings word jaarliks gehou op elke 3^{de}
Donderdag in Februarie en September

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Reserve Junior Champion Ram Beaufort Wes 2006



Chairman's report

Voorsittersverslag



Gideon Viviers
PRESIDENT

Die ekonomie is in al groter mate besig om in te vreet in almal se reserwes. Die skokkende stygings in brandstof, kunsmis en die meeste boerdery benodighede, is baie negatief. Die swak rand werk gelukkig positief in op alle uitvoer produkte. Die Dorper bedryf daarenteen is hoofsaaklik afhanklik van 'n sterker plaaslike ekonomie.

Dit was dan die oorsaak van die swakker lampryse die eerste helfte van hierdie jaar wat ook 'n afwaartse neiging in ram prys veroorsaak het.

Nog 'n rede was die invloed van groot hoeveelhede karkasse vanaf Namibië wat ons prys afgedruk het.

Die afgelope maand het prys egter baie mooi herstel en selfs rekord prys veroorsaak net omdat die invloei van karkasse uit Namibië opgedroog het.

Die flaktuering van prys word jaarliks erger en nuwe onderhandelings oor die beheer van vloeい van karkasse vanuit Namibië het 'n prioriteit geword.

Ons is reeds 'n paar jaar besig met die ooiprojek. Nou het die meet van die pelvismates bygekom. Groot dank aan Dr Piet van Zyl wat jare lange ondervinding met beeste het. Groot deurbraak het gekom by beeste d.m.v pelvismetings. Hy het bewyse dat indien 10% van die diere met swakste pelvismates uitgehaal word, die kudde bykans 'n 100% kalfpersentasie het. Hy het ook aangebied om ons by te staan met navorsing. Ek doen 'n beroep om ons lede om ooie te skenk vir die navorsing, want reproduksie is die

The economy is busy eating into everybody's reserves. The shocking increases in fuel, fertilizer and other farming costs is very negative.

Fortunately the weaker rand has a positive influence on all export produce. The Dorper Industry however is mainly dependant on the local economy.

This was also the cause of the lower lamb prices the first half of the year which caused a downward trend in ram prices as well. Another reason was the large amount of carcasses imported from Namibia which pushed our prices down.

The past month however, the prices recovered and even reached record heights because the influx of carcasses from Namibia dried up.

The fluctuation of prices increases every year and new negotiations regarding the control of carcasses from Namibia has become top priority.

Dorper Breeders established a breed which is not only a success story in South Africa but all over the world.

A world federation meeting of Dorper Societies was held in Upington, and was attended by a lot of representatives from several countries.

There is still an interest in embryo's for the export market.

The success of the past was made possible through visual selections by our inspectors using our unique inspection system. There are a few things which will be of great importance for future breeding methods. I am of the opinion that we concentrate too much on muscling without paying the same attention to growth.

This is where Performance testing (Dorper 21) becomes relevant.

This concept was not received with the same enthusiasm by all our members, but this was one of the best decisions Council took over the last few decades. It is bound to bring reproduction and growth into balance.

In August we are holding our first National sale where all breeders participating, must be registered with Dorper 21.

hoeksteen van enige boerdery bedryf.

Dankie aan Jannie Visagie, Rikus van der Merwe en Jasper Visser vir die skape wat hulle beskikbaar gestel het vir die metings. Spesiale dank ook aan Dr Buks Olivier van die LNR en Dr Piet van Zyl wat saam met my die werk doen.

Die eerste Nasionale Veldram veiling sal ook waarskynlik volgende jaar gehou word en dit is ook 'n groot mylpaal vir die Ras. Sal dit nie wonderlik wees indien ons die beste teelmateriaal kan aanbied uit die natuur nie want die ideale Dorper kan aanpas, produseer en reproduuseer onder ekstensieve toestande.

Die Wêreld Dorper en Wit Dorper kampioenskapskou was in Upington gehou en het weereens groot belangstelling gelok, plaaslik en ook oorsee.

Dankie aan die amptenare wat betrokke was om hierdie groot gebeurtenis moontlik te maak. Ek moet egter hier die Rasdirekteur uitsonder wat maande vooraf alles in plek moes kry.

Dankie ook aan die gasheer-klub, Dorperland, wat na al die plaaslike reëlings moes omsien en 'n reuse taak verrig het met die insameling van borge.

Geluk ook aan al die pryswenners en veral Jannie Visagie en Peet Cilliers met die meeste punte.

Die Peestersiekte navorsingsprojek is nog steeds aan die gang en dit wil lyk of daar tog moontlik nog iets positiefs uit die jare se navorsing kan kom.

Daar is nuwe organismes geïdentifiseer nadat nuwe organismes gekweek was en na Amerika gestuur is vir meer intense navorsing. Dit is heel waarskynlik moontlik dat daar wel nog 'n entstof ontwikkel kan word, maar daar is op hierdie stadium nog geen waarborg nie - ons bly egter positief.

Die Brucella Ovis projek is nou deel van ons mondering. Die enigste negatiewe aspek is die Veeartseny departemente wat in elke provinsie 'n ander prysstruktuur het en dinge bemoeilik. Die Noordkaap RPO het egter ingespring en die ramtoetse gesubsidieer in die Noordkaap. Dankie aan die RPO vir hierdie mooi gebaar.

Nampowasvanjaardie Bo-Karoo se verantwoordelikheid saam met ons Rasdirekteur en Geoff, wie ook al deel van die Nampo uitrusting geword het.

Weskaap het die Megaweek naby Bredasdorp hanteer wat die eweknie van Nampo in die Wes-Kaap word.

Kursusse bly baie gewild plaaslik en in die buiteland. Dankie aan al die Inspekteurs wie hierdie reuse taak van kursusse en inspeksies hanteer.

Die kantoor het skielik personeel verloor in Februarie en dit het groot druk op die Rasdirekteur geplaas om alles op die pad te hou. Die personeel is darem vanaf 1 Julie weer op volle sterkte.

Ons is besig om 'n databasis in die kantoor te vestig wat kan dien as sekuriteit indien ons probleme vanaf die regering se kant ondervind met

Prestasiegegewens. Terselfdertyd word al die werkmetodes by die kantoor opgrader om inlyn te kom met die moderne kantoorpraktyke. Dit behoort die naslaan van data en statistieke vinniger en makliker te maak. Groot dank aan die kantoor personeel wat onder moeilike

We have been very lenient up to now and tried to accommodate everybody, but from next year this will become compulsory.

We have been busy with an ewe project for a few years now. The measuring of pelvic proportions has now been incorporated. We owe thanks to Dr Piet van Zyl who has had years of experience with cattle. He has proof that when 10% of animals with the worst pelvic measurements are removed, the flock's calving percentage will improve by nearly 100%. He has offered to assist us with research. I urge all our members to donate ewes for this research as reproduction is the cornerstone of any farming concern.

Thanks to Jannie Visagie, Rikus van der Merwe, Jasper Visser for the sheep they made available for these measurements. Special thanks to Dr Buks Olivier of the ARC and Dr Piet van Zyl who assist me.

The first National Veldram sale will probably take place next year and this will be a great milestone for the breed. Would it not be wonderful to offer the cream of our breeding material directly from nature as the ideal Dorper is able to adapt, produce and reproduce under extensive circumstances.

The World Dorper and White Dorper championship show took place in Upington and once again attracted wide interest locally as well as overseas.

Thank you to all the officials involved to make this show possible. I must however make special mention of the input of the Breed Director who had to prepare everything months ahead.

Thank you to the host-club, Dorperland, who had to see to all the local arrangements and managed the mammoth task of canvassing of sponsors with great success.

Congratulations to all the prize winners and especially Jannie Visagie and Peet Cilliers for obtaining most points.

The pizzle disease research project is still going strong and it appears that there will be positive results eventually. New organisms have been identified and samples sent to America for more intensive research. The possibility of an inoculation is still relevant, and although there are no guarantees, we remain positive.

The Brucella Ovis project is now part of our system. The only negative aspect being the different price structure of Veterinary departments which is a stumbling block. The Northern Cape RPO, however, stepped in and is now subsidizing ram test there. Thanks to the RPO for this generous action.

Nampo was the responsibility of Bo-Karoo together with our Breed Director and Geoff, who by now is also part of the Nampo action.

Western Cape handled the Mega week at Bredasdorp which is becoming the replica of Nampo in the Western Cape.

Courses remain popular here and overseas. Thanks to all the inspectors who handle all these courses and inspections which is an important task.

The office suddenly lost staff in February and this placed enormous pressure on our Breed Director who had to keep things going. The staff has only been back to full strength since 1st July.

omstandighede van personeel tekorte en die oorskakeling na die nuwe stelsel 'n moeilike jaar agter die rug het.

Die klubs funksioneer goed en lewer 'n belangrike bydrae om opleiding op grondvlak te hanteer. Dit moet egter onthou word dat die klubs 'n verlengstuk van die Genootskap is en nog altyd binne die reëls van die Genootskap moet opereer. Dankie vir u insette.

Die Raad het 'n moeilike jaar agter die rug. Baie langer ure moes ingesit word om die grondwet, Algemene verordeninge, veilingsreëls en skoureëls te hernu. Meeste van hierdie dokumente was verouderd en moes hersien word. Dankie aan almal vir positiewe insette.

Dankie aan die Vice-president MnR Hendrik van Zijl vir sy bystand deur die jaar.

My visie is dat die Dorperbedryf nie langer sal voortgaan om diere te verkoop sonder om aan kopers die sekuriteit te gee dat die diere wat hy koop se ouers ten minste aangeteken is nie. Ons is onder groot druk van die Registrateur om ons huis in orde te kry. Die minimum standaarde waaraan 'n dier moet voldoen om op veilings aangebied te word, sal inlyn moet kom met die aanvaarde norme soos neergelê deur die Wet op Diereverbetering.

We are busy establishing a data base at the office which is intended to serve as security should any problems arise from Government side regarding the performance testing data.

At the same time the work methods at the office is being updated to remain in line with modern technology. This should simplify the finding of data and statistics. Thanks to the office staff who had to work under difficult circumstances of staff shortages and the change-over process which caused a lot of pressure.

The Clubs are functioning well and their input regarding training at ground level is very important. It must always be born in mind that the clubs are just another extension of the Society and should function within the rules of the Society. Thank you for your contribution.

Council did not have an easy year. Longer hours and meetings were required to revise the Constitution, general bylaws, rules etc. as these had not been attended to for many years and have become outdated. Thank you to you all for positive input.

Thanks to the Vice president Mr Hendrik van Zijl for his support during the year.

My vision is that the Dorper industry will not continue to sell animals to buyers without giving the security that the parents of the animal are recorded. We are under severe pressure from the Registrar to get our house in order. The minimum standards which is required for animals sold at sales will have to comply with the accepted norms as laid down by the Animal improvement Act.

Dahenca 5

Dorpers en Witdorpers



2008 Wêreldkampioenskappe

Witdorpers:

Wêreldkampioen Groot Witdorperram
Reserve Grootkampioen Witdorperooi
2de meeste punte op die Kampioenskappe

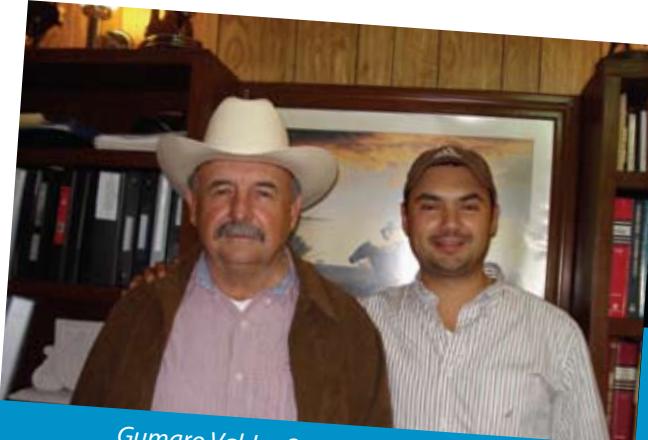
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Hannes: 082 046 6855
E-pos: dahenca@mweb.co.za



SA Res. Groot Kampioen Witdorper
Ooi 2008 te Upington.



Gumaro Valdez Sr. and his son Gumaro Jr.



From left to right: Gerardo Hernandez, Luis Muñoz, Ernest Connan, Gumaro Valdez Jr., Juan de Dios Arteaga, Johan Minaar, Javier Lara Pastor

A Dorper success story in Mexico

For all the Dorper breeders around the world, we present a summary of what can be achieved when you have a clear goal, an action plan, and you adhere to this plan with courage and persistence.

Rancho La Reforma of Monterrey, Mexico, is proud to be a successful breeder of Dorpers and White Dorpers using distinctive South African bloodlines. Their Dorper sheep are sold all over Mexico, Central America, and South America, in addition to frozen embryos and semen. The hardiness of the breed, and the semi-arid climate where they are grown, in Gral. Teran, N.L. Mexico, plus an intelligent reproductive system, gives these animals a great adaptability to the different geographical zones where they are sold.

How and when did all this happen? We have to go back to the year 1978, when Gumaro Valdez Sr. founded Rancho La Reforma, as a feedlot for cattle, where his son, Gumaro Valdez Jr. introduced sheep into the ranch in 1997. After experimenting with purebred crosses, a full blood Dorper herd was bought in 1999, and at the present time, Rancho La Reforma, is considered one of the best Dorper breeders in Mexico.

During 2007, new bloodlines were introduced, by shipping embryos from SA to Australia, where they were implanted in recipient mothers, that later gave birth to the new lambs. These lambs were carefully selected before the final trip by sea to Mexico. This project introduced new and unique bloodlines to the sheep industry in Mexico.

Gumaro Jr. an agricultural engineer by profession, has been trained in all aspects of the Dorper sheep breeding, but basically he has taken the Jr. Dorper course that was given by Raymond Read in Oregon -USA- and the Senior Dorper course at John Dell's ranch in S. Africa.

Rancho La Reforma gets an official yearly visit by international inspectors from the South African Dorper Breeders' Society, and the animals are typed and tagged, using the SA Standard of Excellence criteria. The practice has greatly helped to improve all aspects of the farm, and the prizes obtained at the sheep shows around the country are proof of this.

The participation in most of the regional shows and all the National shows has given the ranch a basis for comparison and defined areas for improvement, especially since SA experts are brought to do the judging.

A summary of prizes obtained at the different shows is as follows:

- **National show (2001) at Queretaro**
+ Reserve grand champion Dorper ram
- **National show (2003) at Lagos de Moreno**
SA Judge: John Dell
+ Grand champion Dorper ram
- **National show (2004) at Monterrey**
SA Judge: John Dell
+ Reserve grand champion Dorper ram
- **National show (2005) at Monterrey**
SA Judge: Francois Botha
+ Reserve Grand champion Dorper ram
+ Reserve Grand champion Dorper ewe
+ Best Dorper breeder prize

- **Dorper show (2006) at Lagos de Moreno**
Judge: Philip Strauss
+Grand champion Dorper ram
+ Reserve grand champion Dorper ram
+Grand champion White Dorper ewe
+Reserve grand champion White Dorper ewe.
- **National show and World Lamb and Wool Congress (2007) at Queretaro**
SA Judge: Ernest Connan
+ Grand champion Dorper ewe
+ Grand champion White Dorper ram
+ Grand champion White Dorper ewe
+Best Dorper breeder prize



2008 National show at Irapuato, Mexico
Grand Champion Dorper ram
Grand Champion Dorper ewe

- **National show (2008) at Irapuato**
SA Judges: Ernest Connan and Johan Minaar
+Grand Champion Dorper ram
+Grand Champion White Dorper ram
+Grand Champion Dorper ewe
+Grand Champion White Dorper ewe
+Best Dorper breeder prize

This outstanding accomplishment sets a historical mark for a Dorper breeder, where all 4 maximum trophies are won by the same ranch, at the same show. (See pictures)



2008 National show at Irapuato, Mexico
Grand Champion White Dorper ram
Grand Champion White Dorper ewe

Congratulations to Gumaro Sr. and his son, along with all the Rancho La Reforma staff, for this exceptional Dorper success story . . .

DANIE VISSER

DORPERS

Witpan

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Visitors always welcome!

Chopper = Admiraal x Wakker

Bloednier (Enterotoksemie)

Bloednier is hoofsaaklik 'n siekte wat by jong skape van twee ouderdomsgroepe voorkom:

- van 3 weke tot 3 maande asook
- van 6 maande tot 12 maande, maar
- in uitsondelike gevalle kan skape van enige ouderdomsgroep aangetas word.

Bloednier word oral ter wêreld, waar daar met skape geboer word, aangetref.

Bloednier word veroorsaak deur die anaerobe (leef in die afwesigheid van suurstof) bakterie nl. *Clostridium perfringens* (tipe D) wat gewoonlik in die dermkanaal (veral kleinderm) van skape voorkom sonder dat dit enige siektesimptome veroorsaak. Die bakterie kom in die diere se mis voor en vorm weerstandbiedende spore in die grond en kan maande lank daar oorleef. Een van die Engelse name vir bloednier is "overeating disease."

Veroorsakende (predisponerende) faktore:

- Stase van die dermkanaal.
- Verandering van swak grasveldweiding na welige weiding.
- Oorplasing van skape vanaf veld na aangeplante weiding.
- Oorplasing van skape vanaf weiding na 'n voerkraal.
- Wanneer skape vir 'n droogte gevoer word, sonder geleidelike aanpassing van rantsoen.
- Die gebruik van sekere worm- en coccidiostatiese middels, wat skape meer laat vreet.
- Skielike verandering in weerstoestande en die vreet van verlepte weiding.

Die koolhidraatryke voer stimuleer die bakterieë in die dermkanaal sodat dit vinnig vermoeerder en die dodelike gifstowwe (toksiene) binne ure produseer. Die gifstof verhoog die deurlaatbaarheid van die dermwand en derhalwe word die gifstowwe maklik in die liggaam opgeneem. Hierdie gifstowwe beskadig die selle wat die bloedvate uitvoer en hul deurlaatbaarheid word verhoog en veral nieraantasting en vog op die brein (breinedeem) veroorsaak. Die brein-ededeem gee aanleiding tot senuweesimptome.

Die akute gevalle van bloednier veroorsaak skielike vrektes. Skape word selde siek gesien. Gewoonlik tref die boer vroeg in dieoggend 'n aantal dooie skape in die veld of in die kraal aan nadat hulle die vorige dag nikks makeer het nie.

Lammers met akute bloednier kan binne twee uur vrek. Wanneer die siekte nog in die vroeë stadium is, is die volgende waarneembaar:

- aangetaste diere bly agter die kudde
- lusteloosheid
- vreet nie (anoreksies)
- depressie
- waggelend
- ataksies (van balans af)
- gewrigte knak
- konvulsies (stuiptrekkings)
- hipersensitief
- kners op tandé
- skopbewegings wanneer plat lê ("paddle")
- soms lichte diarree
- koliek + opblaas (by jong diere)
- koma
- vrektes

Met kroniese bloednier word die brein ook aangetas wat senuweesimptome tot gevolg het. Dit word veral gesien in speenlammers (10-12 weke) en volwasse skape van 3 jaar en ouer. Die teikenorgaan is in dié geval gewoonlik nie die niere nie maar die brein. Siektesimptome volg gewoonlik 14 dae na dosering of verskuiwing na goeie weiding.

Diere toon tekens van:

- verlamming
- liggaam is slap
- koma

Nadoodse tekens:

By ondersoek van 'n vars karkas is daar soms baie min nadoodse letsels aanwesig. Die karkas lyk eintlik maar soos die van 'n slagding.

Indien die dier 'n tydjie reeds dood is, toon die karkas die volgende veranderinge:

- bloedings onder die vel, veral oor die skof en nek.
- vermeerdering van vloeistof in die hartsak.
- bloedings op die hartspier en middelrif.
- derms is leeg en vol gas.
- skuim in die lugpyp - dit dui op 'n toename van vog in die longe (edeem).
- die niere is dikwels, maar nie altyd bloederig – vandaar die naam "bloednier"-die nier ontbind en raak gou pap – die digtheid van die nier kan met die lewer vergelyk word.
- die karkas ontbind vinnig.

Nie een van die nadoodse veranderinge is baie spesifiek nie en om dié rede kan die letsels soms verwarring word met dié van ander siektes bv geilsiekte, hartwater, bloedpens en plantvergiftigings. Derhalwe word soms

JANNIE Visagie

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- DUBBELWIEL
- ENKEL WIEL



HANDSTUKKE

- OLIE BAD TIPE
- "BEARING" TIPE



SKUURPAPIER EN GOM

PARTE VIR SUNBEAM, LISTER, HEINIGER, BEIYUAN, OSTER ENS.

DIENS EN HERSTEL VAN ALLE MASJIENE & KNIPPERS

VERVAARDIG OOK WOLPERSE



WYE VERSKEIDENHEID KNIPPERS VIR SKAAP, BEES, PERDE EN HONDE.



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verkeerdelik beweer dat bloednierenenting teen geilsiekte (blousuurvergiftiging) help.

Om bloednier te diagnoseer, kan op die volgende gelet word:

- Die geskiedenis van die skaaptrop.
- Simptome – kom daar skielike vrektes voor.
- Vermeerderde vloeistof in die hartsak – mees konstante verandering wat nadoods vasgestel kan word.
- Suiker in die uriene – word getoets met 'n urienstrokie.
- Smere van die dermwand toon talle kenmerkende bakterieë.
- Bloedserum kan vir ontleding gestuur word om sodoende te toets vir die aanwesigheid van antitoksiene en sodoende kan bepaal word of die skape voldoende weerstand teen bloednier het.
- Kroniese bloednier kan gediagnoseer word deur mikroskopiese ondersoek van die brein.

Uit die voorafgaande is dit duidelik dat diagnose nie net op een aspek berus nie, maar dat alle beskikbare feite in ag geneem moet word om 'n positiewe diagnose van bloednier te kan maak.

Behandeling:

- Indien bloednier uitbreek, moet die skape onmiddellik ingeënt word.
- Alle skape kan terselfdertyd ook behandel word met 'n langwerkende antibiotika – probeer sodoende vrektes voorkom totdat hul 'n goeie immuniteit van die inenting ontwikkel.
- Pas bestuurspraktyke aan sodat veroorsakende faktore van bloednier uitgeskakel word.
- Vermy skielike verandering van veral 'n swak tot koolhidraatryke rantsoen.
- Indien 'n skaapkudde se bloednierimmunitie voor ontwurming twyfelagtig is, moet hul vier weke voor dosering eers ingeënt word.

Entstowwe beskikbaar:

In die RSA is 5 bloednier-entstowwe beskikbaar, nl:

Twee Ondersteport entstof-soorte. Die een het 'n oliebasis (dikkerig) en die ander 'n aluinbasis (dunnerig). Die olie-entstof word gebruik by jong lammers van omtrent 4-5 maande wat vir die eerste keer geënt word. Indien hul jonk gespeen word, kan lammers selfs op 2-3 maande ingeënt word. Sowat 3-6 weke later word die eerste enting opgevolg met die aluin-entstof. Indien die lammers voor die ouderdom van 4 maande ingeënt word, moet 'n skraagdosis van aluin-basis entstof ná 6-8 maande toegedien word. Ooie wat voorheen teen bloednier ingeënt is, moet slegs een keer ingeënt word (aluin-entstof) vier weke voordat hulle lam. Dit sal verseker dat die lammers goeie kolostrum-immunitie kry, wat hulle tot op 12-16 weke sal beskerm, waarna hul die eerste keer ingeënt kan word. Hoe gereeld die diere ingeënt word hang van omstandighede af. Volwasse skape kan elke 6 maande met aluin-entstof geënt word.

Die kommersiële bloednierenentstof, Oxivax 6, 'n ses-in-een-entstof en 'n wurmmiddel, is geskik om dragtige ooie jaarliks 6 weke voor lamtyd mee te ent. Die lammers word

eers met die Ondersteport-entstowwe geïmmuniseer en daarna op 10 maande ouderdom met Oxivax 6 geënt. Tasvax bevat twee entstowwe waarvan een teen bloednier is. Multivax P bevat bloednierenentstof tesame met 'n reeks ander entstowwe.

Boere moet besef dat telkens wanneer hulle die voeding van skape verander, hulle eintlik 'n aanslag maak op die diere se weerstand teen bloednier. Om hierdie rede kan boere in ekstensiewe skaapstreke hul volwasse skape net eenkeer per jaar met aluin-entstof ent. In dele waar saaiery, aangeplante weidings en volop veldweiding is, moet die skape meer dikwels geënt word.

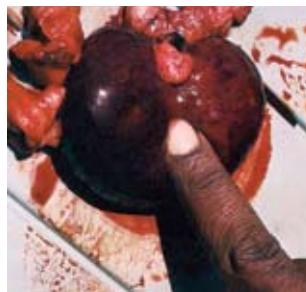
Indien skaapboere kans sien om net één entstof te gebruik en hy moet kies dan is dié teen bloednier die aangeweseen.

Verwysings: Kleinveesiektes-Veesiektes-Produkhandleiding-

Jan de Wet en Gareth Bath
Bylae tot die Landbouweekblad
Ondersteport Biologiese Produkte



Soms vrek skape een vir een aan bloednier, maar tydens epidemies kan hulle so vinnig vrek dat die dooies letterlik 'n sleepwa vol lê.



Een van die kenmerkende nadoodse tekens van bloednier is 'n vergrote pap nier.



By bloednier is daar feitlik altyd 'n vermeerdering van vloeistof in die hartsak. Dié vloeistof stol indien dit met lug in aanraking kom. Hierbo kan die stolsel duidelik langs die hart gesien word, maar dit is nie altyd so duidelik waarneembaar nie.



'n Bloednierskaap wat pas gevrek het se nier is nog nie pap nie maar met 'n suikertoets-strokie kan nierskade getoets word. Indien dit groen verkleur nadat dit in die uriene gedruk is, is die moontlikheid van bloednier baie sterk.

Bloutong

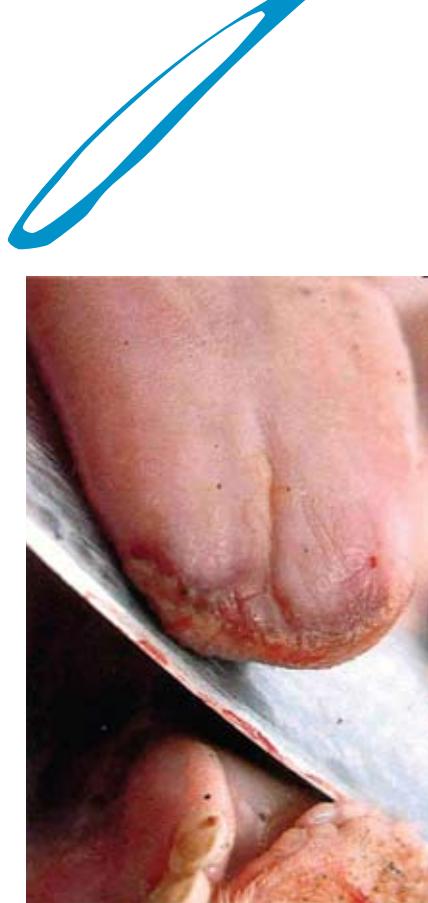
Bloutong is 'n akute, insekoordraagbare virussiekte wat deur muggies (*Culicoides*) oorgedra word wat veral in die laagliggende dele van riviere en vleie uitbroei. Warm en vogtige weer bevorder die uitbroei van muggies in hul natuurlike blyplek. Skape wat in sulke gebiede wei, se risiko om bloutong te kry, is baie groot. Bloutong is seisoengebonde en kom in die middel van die somer en herfs voor. In dele waar strawwe ryp voorkom, verdwyn bloutong tussen Junie en Desember.

Nadat die muggie die skaap gebyt het en met die virus besmet het, ontwikkel die skaap:

- 'n Koors van 40,5 °C tot 42 °C na 4-6 dae.
- Die skaap is lusteloos, wil nie vreet nie en haal vinnig asem.
- Die slymvliese van die oë, neus en bek word rooi en die lippe begin swel.
- Die slymvliese van die bek en die tong kry later 'n rooi-blou kleur en vlak seertjies (ulkusse) verskyn in die neusslymvlies en op die bekslymvlies en tandvleis. Die blou verkleuring van die tongslymvlies het die siekte sy naam gegee.
- As die onderste en die boonste lip vasgevat word en omgedop word, kan die seertjies duidelik gesien word.
- Weens die wegkrimping van die spiere trek sommige skape se nekke krom.
- Weens die ontsteking in die neusslymvlies, is die neusgate só aangepak dat die skaap moeilik asem haal.
- 'n Ontsteking van die kloue (pododermatitis) kan gesien word as 'n rooi lyn waar die klou aan die vel vasheg. Gevolglik vertoon die skaap styf en loop hul moeilik. Sy poot(e) kan so seer word, dat hy selfs op sy knieë probeer loop en uiteindelik bly lê. Om dié ontsteking beter te kan sien, moet die kloutjie deeglik skoongemaak word. Die ontsteking is duideliker sigbaar in die lig-gekleurde kloutjie(s).
- 'n Breuk word ook in die wol aangetref en skape kan soms hul hele vag verloor. Onreëlmatige wolgroeい word eers waargeneem 3-6 weke ná die skaap siek geword het.

Nadoodse tekens van bloutong is bloeding in die wand van die longslagaar waar dit die hart verlaat. Die longslagaar kan maklik gekry word deur die regterkant (sagte kant) van die hart van onder na bo oop te sny. Nog 'n teken is 'n geswelde milt en waterige longe, waarvan skuim in die lugpyp 'n aanduiding is. Bloedings en watersug (edeem) tussen die spiere, asook bleek gestreepte areas kan in die die spiere van siek diere gesien word.

- Die eerste behandeling is om diere in 'n klein kampie te sit waar skaduwee, fyn groenvoer en water naby is. Die skaap se bek en tong is gewoonlik te seer om te vreet en sy pote te seer om te loop en kos te soek.
- Koorswerende middels en pynstillers kan gebruik word.
- Omdat daar baie vog op die longe is, is diere geneig tot longontsteking vanweë sekondêre bakteriese besmetting. Om dié rede word aanbeveel dat so 'n skaap met 'n langwerkende antibiotika behandel word.



Seertjies(ulkusse) aan die punt van die tong.
(Foto: Kleinveesiektes-G Bath en J de Wet)

- Die bek van die skaap kan ook met 'n oplossing van Orochlor ontsmettingsvloeistof 3x/dag uitgespoel word (verduun een deel Orochlor met 2 of 3 dele water). Die Orochlor het 'n antibakteriese werking en dit bevorder heling van die ulkusse (seertjies) wat veroorsaak dat die dier gouer kans sien om kos te probeer inneem. Daar is ook 'n mondsproei van Orochlor beskikbaar wat gebruik kan word en by plaaslike apteke verkry word.
- Gliserien kan na mondspoeling in bek gesmeer word om slymvliese klam te hou. Trek dit in 'n spuit op en spuit dit dan in die bek. Die deel wat ingesluk word dra ook by tot verbeterde rumen (grootpens) funksie en energieverkaffing. Dosis is tot 50ml/dag per volwasse skaap.

Uiters gehard & hoogs vrugbaar



Klipkoppies Boerdery Dorper Stoet

Albert van Niekerk & Familie



Geskiedenis VAN DIE DORPER STOET

- Lid van die Dorpertelersvereniging van Suid-Afrika vanaf 1953
- Stoetteler vanaf 01-04-1965
- Prestasietoetsing vanaf 1980
- Dorper plan 21 vanaf 1999
- Meer as'n 1000, Tipe 5 Dorper stoet ooie word gebruik in die teelprogram wat'n nageslag voortbring met'n hooë persentasie groei seleksie indeks.
- Geteel om aanpasbaar en gehard te wees.
- 44 suksesvolle private en prestasie getoetste veld ram veilings is gehou met meer as 12 294 aangetekende stoetdiere.
- Veilingsdatums is jaarliks in Mei en September.
- Lam persentasie is ongeveer 150%, ooie gepaar met lammers geïdentifiseer.
- Klipkoppies voer Dorpers uit na Namibië, Botswana, Angola, Zambië, Kenia, Saudi-Arabië, Israel, Kongo en die Vereenigde Arabiese Emirate.
- Embrios word ook uitgevoer na Australië, Duitsland, Kanada en Brazilië.

History OF DORPER STUD

- Member of Dorper Sheep Breeders' Society of South Africa since 1953.
- Stud breeders since 01-04-1965
- Progeny and performance testing since 1980. Dorper plan 21 since 1999.
- More than a 1000 Type 5 Stud Dorper ewes used in breeding programme which are able to produce offspring with a high percentage growth selection index.
- Bred to be adaptable and hardy.
- Successfully held 44 private and performance tested veld ram sales, with over 12 294 recorded stud animals.
- Auction dates in May and September annually.
- Lambing percentage approximately 150%. Ewes mated to lambs ID tagged.
- Klipkoppies exported dorper sheep with good results to Namibia, Botswana, Angola, Zambia, Kenya, Saudi Arabia, Israel, United Arab Emirates and the Republic of the Congo.
- Embrios were exported to Australia, Brazil, Germany and Canada.

Klipkoppies Dorperstoet Karkasse



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Stoet Negatief
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- Peestersiekte

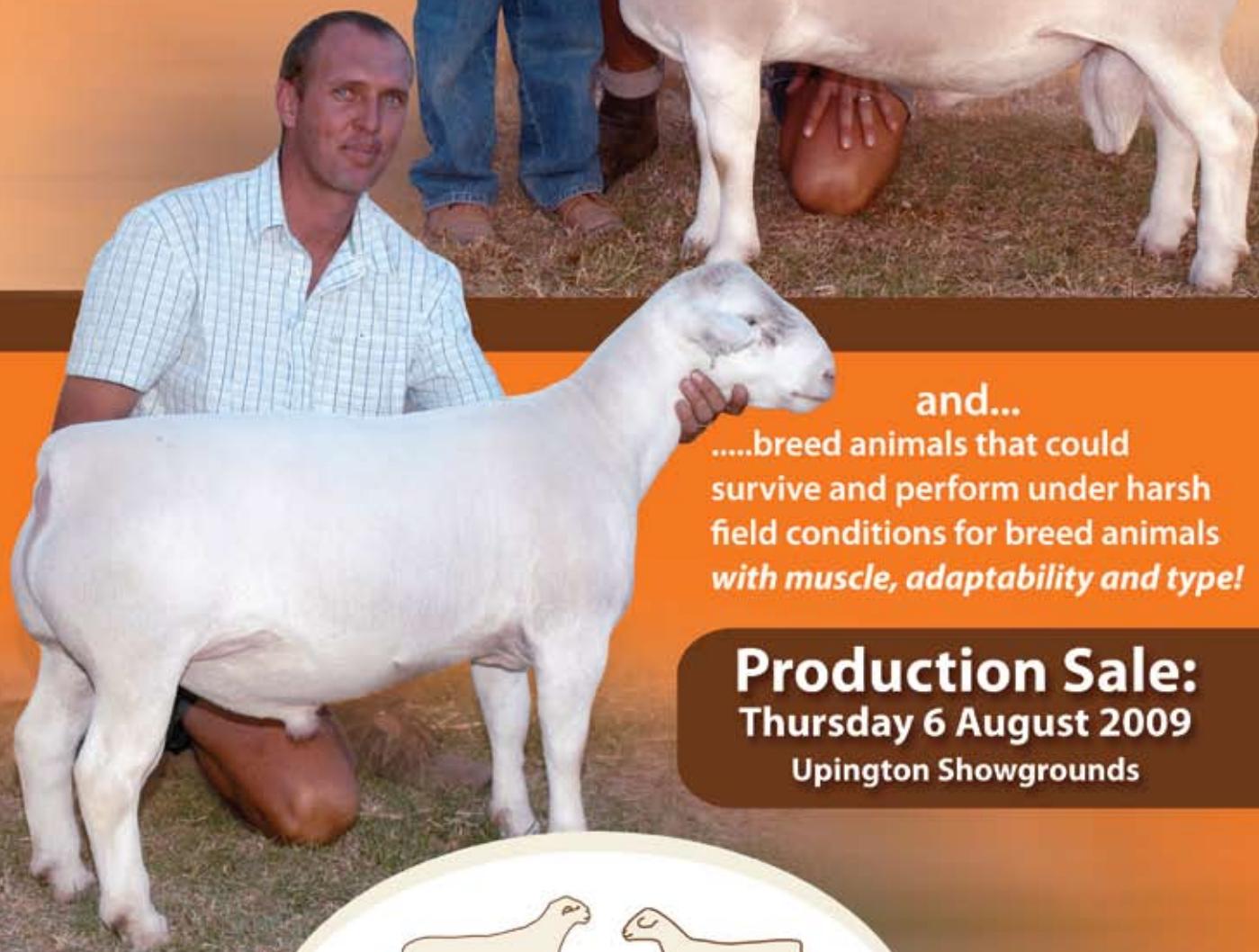
Navrae/Enquiries: Albert van Niekerk

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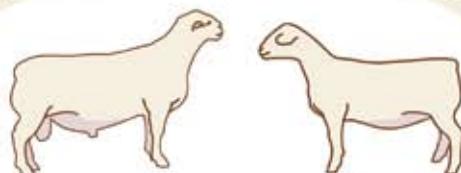
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- evaluate and improve our breeding goals by competing at world championship shows
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Daar is 21 bloutongvirustipes wat in Suid-Afrika voorkom. Immunologies verskil hul van mekaar en daar is swak onderlinge kruisbeskerming en daarom is probeer om soveel stamme moontlik in te sluit in die entstof. Die Bloutongentstof bestaan uit 3 dele: A, B, en C. Die drie bevat elk 5 verskillende stamme van die virus. Indien die skaap bloutong gekry het deur een stam van die virus, dan kan hy die siekte daarna weer deur enige van die ander stamme opdoen. In laasgenoemde geval sal die siekte gewoonlik matiger wees.

Dit is uiters belangrik om die 3 bloutongentstowwe (A,B+C) afsonderlik, 3 weke uitmekaar, toe te dien. Die periodes tussen toediening kan verleng word om in te pas by die bestuursprogram van die plaas, maar moet nie korter as 3 weke wees nie. Die immuniteit wat so verkry word, sal aansienlik beter wees as wanneer die 3 komponente saamgevoeg word. Sterliseer spuite en naalde deur dit 15 minute lank in water te kook. Moet nie ontsmettingsmiddels of brandspiritus gebruik om die spuite en naalde te steriliseer nie. Gebruik 'n afsondelike naald vir elke dier. Vermy blootstelling van entstof aan hoë temperatuur en sonlig gedurende inenting.

Dosis is 1 ml onderhuids en word op die wollose areas, aan die kant van die borskas, agter die elmboog, of aan die binnekant van die dy, maar nie onder die stert, toegedien. Diere moet jaarliks 'n skraagdosis kry om breë spektrum immuniteit te verkry.

Die gevaar bestaan dat indien dragtige ooie ingeënt word, veral gedurende die eerste 10 weke van dragtigheid, die entstof die normale breinontwikkeling van die ongebore lammers kan belemmer. Indien bloutong uitbreek en skape nie geënt is nie, kan ooie wat 3 maande en langer dragtig is, met redelike veiligheid geënt word. Begin ooie nege weke voor dektyd inent. Ooie behoort die laaste inenting nie later as 3 weke voor die dekseisoen te kry nie. Bloutongentstof verleen 'n lang immuniteit en daar kan met inenting begin word sodra die ooie in die winter klaar gelam het, verkiekslik tussen Augustus en Oktober.

Lammers verkry passiewe immuniteit deur die bies van die ooi en moet verkiekslik nie voor 6 maande ouderdom, ingeënt word nie. Oningeënte ooie se lammers kan op die ouderdom van 4 weke al geënt word. Lammers wat voor die ouderdom van 6 maande ingeënt is, in erg besmette streke, moet 'n tweede insputing kry wanneer hul 6 maande oud is.

Ramme moet die laaste inenting 2 maande voor die dekseisoen kry. So nie moet hul na die dekseisoen geënt word.

Bloutongentstof (lewendige entstof) kan saam met enige bakteriese entstof (dooie entstof) bv bloednier of ensoötiese aborsie gegee word of met ander behandelings soos dosering en dip gekombineer word om die hantering van skape te verminder.

'n Uitwerking van die entstof is dat 'n ligte koorsreaksie kan voorkom vanaf die sewende dag na inenting. Diere wat so 'n reaksie toon, moet gedurende hierdie tyd nie aan die warm son, ongunstige weerstoestande en uitputting blootgestel word nie.

Ramme wat vir die eertste keer ingeënt is, kan tydelik onvrugbaar wees.

Waarskuwing:

- Moet nie dragtige ooie gedurende die eerste helfte van die dragtigheid inent nie.
- Moet nie skape binne 7 dae na inenting vir menslike gebruik slag nie.

Diere is redelik goed beskerm teen die meeste virustipes 3 weke na die laaste inenting, maar immuniteit kan nie by alle diere gewaarborg word nie. Weens die veelvulige virustipes waarteen die entstof beskerming moet verleen, is die immuniteitspektrum, veral by jonger diere, na 1 reeks insputings nie altyd voldoende om bloutong te verhoed nie. Sommige jaaroudlammers en selfs soms ouer skape kan dus ten spyte van immunisering bloutong opdoen.

Gedurende die hoogtepunt van die bloutongseisoen moet daar dus nie uitsluitlik op beskerming deur die entstof staatgemaak word nie. Ander voorkomingsmaatreëls is:

- o Insekbeheer (dip en bespuit van diere met insekwerende middels)
- o Hou diere weg uit laagliggende dele
- o Hou waardevolle diere snags onderdak

Verwysings:

Kleinveesiektes-

Jan de Wet en Gareth Bath

Veesiektes-

Bylae tot die Landbouweekblad

Produkhandleiding-

Ondersteport Biologiese Produkte



'n Ontsteking van die kloutjies (pododermatitis), die rooi band tussen die vel en die klou, weens bloutong.
(Foto: PROF. L. PROZESKY)



Weens die hoë koors veroorsaak bloutong soms 'n break in die wol wat tot gevolg het dat die wol uitval.
(Foto: Kleinveesiektes-G Bath en J de Wet)

Vuilek (ORF)



IDENTIFIKASIE EN VOORKOMS

Vuilek word veroorsaak deur 'n pokkevirus naamlik Paravaccinia en dit affekteer skape, bokke en die mens. Diere van alle ouderdomme kan geaffekteer word, maar jong lammers is meer vatbaar en wys daarom meer van die kliniese simptome as die volwasse diere. Volwasse diere ontwikkel 'n immuniteit teen die toestand vanweë groter blootstelling toe hulle jonger was.

Die mens wat geïnfekteerde diere hanteer, kan ook besmet raak veral op die hande en arms. Daarom is dit raadsaam om handskoene te dra wanneer geïnfekteerde diere hanteer en behandel word of wanneer diere met vuilek-entstof geënt word.

Die vuilek virus is 'n baie stabiele virus wat beteken dat dit lank in die omgewing kan oorleef en daarom kan dit bly voortbestaan in die veld of krale van een seisoen na die volgende. Die virus word vanaf geïnfekteerde diere oorgedra na vatbare diere deur direkte kontak of indirek deur wonde. Groot uitbrake wat vinnig versprei is veral bekend in areas met doringbome en doringbosse en areas waar steekgras voorkom.

SIMPTOME

- Die dorings veroorsaak klein wonde op die lippe en vel. Ander areas wat ook geïnfekteerd kan raak is die ore, voete, reproduksie organe, uier, flanke en bo-bene.
- Die lipvorm is die mees algemene, maar die letsels kan ook versprei na die bek, oogleden, tandvleise, slukpyp en grootpens (rumen). Die voet-vorm kom gewoonlik voor by diere wat in lang steekgras onder nat toestande wei. Letsels ontstaan op die hoefrand en tussen die kloutjies. In erge gevalle kan die voetbene geïnfekteerd raak.
- Die uier raak maklik geïnfekteerd as gevolg van die lammers wat besmet is en nog suip. Vuilek is gewoonlik nie fataal nie, maar sekondêre bakteriese infeksie van die letsels kan volg wat kan lei tot die ontstaan van komplikasies soos mastitis, longontsteking en lewerabsesse.

- Die virus gaan die liggaam binne deur die wonde en veroorsaak 'n rooi knop na 2-6 dae.
- Later kan 'n roof vorm wat uiteindelik vratagtig in voorkoms word. Die vratagtige letsels kan enkel of meervoudig wees.
- Wanneer die roof verwijder word, bloei die area maklik.
- Die dier wys geen koorsreaksie nie, maar die letsels is baie pynlik.
- Die dier mag dus weier om te eet en dus geweldig kondisie verloor en ooie kan ook weier om lammers te laat suip.

BEHANDELING

- 'n Entstof teen Vuilek is beskikbaar by Onderstepoort Biologiese Produkte. Die entstof moet slegs gebruik word op plase waar infeksie reeds voorkom. Dragtige ooie kan geïmmuniseer word 4 weke voor lamming om hulle te beskerm teen uierinfeksie. Jong lammers kan vanaf 1 week ouderdom geïmmuniseer word.

Parallele skrapies (2 of 3) word op die vel gemaak. Diep genoeg om rooi verkleuring te veroorsaak maar nie bloeding nie. Die entstof word oor die skrapies aangewend deur gebruik te maak van die borseltjie wat by die verpakking ingesluit is. Moenie van die liesarea gebruik maak nie want dit kan lei tot ontsteking van die uier of skrotum. 'n Jaarlikse versterkings-dosis word aanbeveel.

Die effek van die entstof is dat na 3 dae is daar swelling van die area en daar sal rowe vorm. Die dier behou immuniteit vir ongeveer 3-6 maande.

- 'n Veearts kan ook 'n entstof vervaardig teen vuilek deurdat gebruik gemaak word van die rowe van die letsels wat verpoeier word in 'n 50% gliserol-saline oplossing. Die mengsel bestaan uit 1 gram rowe en 1ml gliserol-saline oplossing. 'n Antibiotika word bygevoeg om enige bakterie te vernietig.
- Geïnfekteerde areas moet behandel word met 'n salt wat 'n antibiotika of antiseptiese middel bevat. 'n Voor-



WILLOW TREE STUD FARM

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WILLOW TREE
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Soreà Dorperstoet

Sedert 1980 | Dirk Booyse



Volg die goue middeweg saam met die ware ekstensiewe stoet

Verantwoordelike teling met die behoefté
en sukses van kopers op die voorgrond

Natuurlike, vrugbare, geharde, aanpasbare
kwaliteit Dorpers met goeivermoë



- stel is dat melksalf (speensalf) gemeng word met 'n mastitis uierbehandeling van beeste wat 'n antibiotika bevat en daagliks 2x aangewend word aan letsels om sekondêre bakteriese infeksies te voorkom. Die letsels kan andersins met 'n flou oplossing van Detol of Savlon afgewas word en daarna kan 'n salf met 'n lanolien basis aangewend word.
- Indien lammers swak suip of as die ooi nie meer toelaat dat hulle aan haar seer spene mag suip nie, moet

addisionele voedings per bottel toegedien word om te voorkom dat lammers dehidreer.

- Besmette diere moet ook van nie-besmette diere geïsoleer word om sodoende die verspreiding van die toestand in die kudde te voorkom.
- Voorkomend moet daar van rubberhandskoene gebruik gemaak word wanneer letsels behandel word of wanneer die entstof aangewend word, aangesien die toestand oordraagbaar is na die mens.

Dorper Involvement over 50 Years *and still enjoying it!*

- by Rodney Rayner (No. 5)

Zimbabwe (or as it then was :- "Rhodesia")

The next Rhodesian Course was held in 1967, and Pietie Roux and myself presented it once again - this time at Chris and Lorraine Bell's farm near Darwendale - west of Salisbury. We flew SAA to Salisbury from Kimberly - this was my first flight ever and I was so terrified that I was actually physically sick for a whole week prior to leaving!! My problem was that I just had never even seen the inside of an aircraft before, let alone fly in one!! Anyhow once I was settled in the plane I was at ease and enjoyed the flight so much that I sent a telegram home saying that "flying was really the only way to travel"!!

The course went off very well once again and this time we had more than sufficient sheep to work with - there were no great "dramas or happenings" during the course, but just after, when we were starting to do Inspection tours, I received the tragic news that my Father had suffered a heart attack and passed away very suddenly- I was able to leave for home within hours due to a cancellation on SAA and then by means of a friends private plane - arriving in Cradock by the next day. My Dad's sudden passing was indeed a very great shock as we had always got on so well together and were often used as an ideal example to others of an ideal Father / son farming partnership - we were great friends!

During 1968 Rhodesia wanted another Course - this time both Junior and Senior - and their communication stated that they would like Hennie de Smidt and myself as Course leaders (Pietie Roux had in the meantime withdrawn as an Inspector in order to concentrate on breeding Race horses). This telegraphic invitation from The Rhodesian Dorper Association - (they had by this time formed their own) , came at rather an awkward time as it arrived during a National Sale at Bloemfontein where Hennie and I were having a very heated difference of opinion about rams he wanted to cull and I would not agree -the disagreement became so serious that we would only discuss matters through an

intermediator (Piet van Dyk). To cut a long story short, we both agreed to abide by the decision of two neutral Inspectors who had not been present at the classing when the problem arose, and as it so happened, they agreed with my interpretation of the situation - to this day I do not know how I could have had the cheek to challenge a decision given by the most senior and most respected member of our Society !!.

The two of us now found ourselves in the tricky situation of not really talking to each other, but having to present a Course together in three weeks time - we eventually agreed that I would visit Hennie on his farm two days prior to our departure -we managed to reach a compromise without any difficulties and duly departed by plane from Kimberley - we were met at Salisbury by the President of their Society, Mr Jock Hubbard, and proceeded to his farm near Macheke where the Course was to be held. We had a wonderful course with much laughter and enjoyment and again met some more fantastic people - the Hubbards were a real treat to stay with and we had the privilege of experiencing all sorts of Scottish customs and practices- carrot and other vegetable wines, plus many meals that were also strange to us - (fortunately no haggis)!!

The Dorpers we used on this Course were of varying standards, but ideal to use as there were examples of everything - from culls to of the very best - good examples on which to illustrate to the exceptionally keen participants - they also did very well in the Exam with a very high pass %. I must mention before it slips my mind, just what a pleasure it always was to lecture to the Rhodesian "students" - they were all so motivated, interested and attentive. Very few courses seem to be held without some incident or at least something interesting taking place - this Macheke course was no exception!!!.

How it originally came about I really cannot recall, but somehow the Television people in Salisbury came to hear about the course and wanted to interview us on a live TV broadcast - I was dead against it and told the others that they must go but that I would rather run away and hide in the bushes than appear in front of the cameras - in the end

the other two, host Jock and Hennie persuaded me to at least go with and I very reluctantly agreed to do so. On our way to the Studio they then persuaded me to take part in the discussions and so it duly happened - but I must admit I was terrified!! As we were being escorted at the TV studio's to where we had to wait, we happened to pass some dressing rooms where a man in high heels was "doing up" his face - lipstick and all - he appeared to us to be an complete "moffie" and we thought this whole episode was absolutely hilarious and could not stop laughing so much so that we were told to keep quiet!. Little did we realize that the same was about to happen to us - we were also painted and polished, but I must admit some very attractive young ladies did the "decorating" - and at least we were not wearing high heeled shoes!! We were still highly amused by the time our interview was due to start, and imagine our surprise when our host on the show turned out to be that very same "pansy"!! The interview did in fact go very well and we were each asked various questions about the Dorper breed, our impressions and thoughts about the future of the breed in Rhodesia - the interviewer did however come back to me, because he had somehow discovered that at that stage I was breeding both Dorpers and Merino's and he wanted me to give comparisons between the two breeds - this I did not see chance of doing on the air and had to quickly talk myself out of giving any direct answers.!! In the end I was very pleased that the others had persuaded me into accompanying them as it was a great experience and something new to us in the RSA - it was still a long time before we were to get TV here.

After the Course ended we did only a few Inspections and returned home - a trip I had at one stage been dreading turned out to be really most enjoyable and Hennie and I never differed quite so seriously again!! It was a certainly a privilege to work with him and I learnt a great deal from one of the "fathers" of our breed.

I was fortunate enough to visit Rhodesia over many years on a number of occasions and for various reasons - but I never had a chance to see any of the sights - it was always a rush - do the work and have to return home immediately. Two very good friends of mine, Dirk Buitendag and Martin Malan were determined to rectify this state of affairs, so they invited me to judge their National Championships at the Harare Show (Rhodesia was by this time Zimbabwe) and give a course at Concession a week later - the week between was for touring and sightseeing - the idea was that Annette would accompany me and their wives would also be there. As it turned out Annette was unable to go due to illness in the family, so I had to go alone. After the completion of the Zimbabwe National Championships at the Harare Show, I spent a most enjoyable week-end with that friendly and very hospitable couple, Martin and Mary Malan at Raffingora.

After the week-end we left for Kariba - just Dirk, Martin and myself and after spending the night in a Hotel there, we were due to fly to Fothergill Island early the next day but unfortunately the aircraft was out of order, so we had to go by boat - a small one with an outboard motor - the boats "pilot" plus two other passengers and us three plus luggage duly departed - I cannot recall how long the journey took us but I do remember that the load caused the boats nose to be much higher than I thought safe !! I never real-

ized Kariba was quite as big as it is - all one could see was water and the curve of the earth!! We arrived at Fothergill and booked into the Hotel - because of my snoring reputation, I was put alone in an "A" framed bungalow while the other two shared one. We went to the entertainment area and enjoyed a few sundowners but they were unbelievably expensive - we had supper there and then went to their room to indulge in a few nightcaps from our own supplies. Our first shock came at about 12 o'clock that night, when the lights suddenly went out - we had not considered the fact that they had to generate their own power - anyhow we found candles and eventually decided to retire to bed - the bungalows were open for about three feet at the bottom on the sides, closed at the head and open at the foot-end with only a wooden rail - you had to sleep completely covered by a net for mosquito protection. I had no problem going to sleep, but something woke me during the night and while I lay there trying to puzzle out what it was, the rustling noise started once again.

I eventually decided it was a big bird nesting in the roof and promptly went to sleep again - my next "wake-up call" was however, an even greater shock. When it was just starting to get light I was again woken - this time by a loud snorting noise so loud that it made me sit up in bed - imagine my terror when I saw what it was - a buffalo standing at the foot of the bed and both of us looking straight at each other -(I got such a fright that I forgot that there was at least a rail there!) -I really don't know for how long we just stared at each other - (probably only a few seconds that seemed like an eternity!!), but I do know I was too frightened to move. The buffalo moved first - he turned and raced off but did leave a very obvious piece of evidence behind to prove that he had been there!!

My next task was to enlighten my two companions about these incidents, so I cornered the "early morning coffee waiter" and asked him to bring their coffee to my abode and call them - they duly arrived and there were two worried men as they had both been outside attending to calls of nature just before my buffalo visitor had arrived - when I also told them about the big bird nesting in the roof, Dirk decided to see if he could see it but instead found evidence that I was mistaken about the bird, - it had actually been an elephant stripping a tree of its leaves no more than a meter from my head!! What a good thing I did not realize what was happening, but the two incidents did cause us to be careful that we did partake of sufficient liquid refreshment each evening to ensure a good nights sleep!! (incidentally, that elephant caused havoc in the camp that night by uprooting trees and damaging numerous structures!).

We went on most interesting game drives during our visit to Fothergill Island and were fortunate that at that stage the island was connected to the mainland as the water level was rather low and this caused an abnormally high influx of game - so we were lucky enough to see and drive amongst a herd of an estimated 1000 buffalo (wonder if my pal was there!) - we also got very close to a lioness with three small cubs and too close for comfort to a tremendous trumpeting elephant bull - we saw literally hundreds of buck of various species . We also went on a boat trip along the coastline and saw hippos from too close a range for my comfort and enjoyment, as our boat pilot / guide took us through a whole herd (?) of them and then also showed us

dozens of crocodiles slithering into the water as we came close to them - cannot truthfully say I enjoyed that trip so much as I was quite sure we were going to be eaten!!.

Our last treat on this fantastic trip was to see the Victoria Falls - Dirk and Martin had tried but could not get us accommodation there as they were fully booked, so another Dorper Breeder (Dave Adair) very kindly offered to take us in his private aircraft to spend a day there - what an experience that was as we saw the Falls from all possible angles from both air and ground - the beauty of it all is indescribable!! On the return flight (a rather bumpy one due to the weather!!), Dave flew as all along the path of the Zambezi River and dropped us off on the mainland where we spent the night - he really contributed a great deal to our trips enjoyment and we were most grateful. The next day we traveled by car again and Dirk and Martin showed me the wall of Lake Kariba - unfortunately we were not allowed everywhere simply because I had a South African passport, but what we did see was certainly an example of a magnificent engineering accomplishment. We returned to Concession after one of the most fantastic weeks of my life, and I could not be more appreciative to my hosts for organizing it all - how could one ever wish for better friends than Dirk Buitendag and Martin Malan!!

The Course the next week on Dirks farm really went off very well as we had sheep of outstanding quality to work with and also a delightful group of participants - Dirk and

Maxie as always the charmingly perfect host and hostess - so a most enjoyable trip and my stay in Zimbabwe could not have ended on a higher note!!

Zimbabwe (Rhodesia) is a magnificent country and it truly is a tragedy that the farmers have had and are having such an unbelievably difficult time - every trip I made there was so enjoyable whether it was for a Course, Inspections and or to judge at a Show. These visits were made so enjoyable by the friendliness and hospitality of the Dorper community - now they are all suffering - wonderful people and tragically now just a few Breeders left - virtually all of them have lost their farms. Gay Wilde is one of the few established Breeders still trying, but their fully developed game farm near Bulawayo was taken and she now has her sheep running in four different places. Jackie Millar recently attended a Course held in the Eastern Cape and is also still breeding and both are trying their best to educate the new breeders there and in Zambia - these two must really be admired as they are doing a great job. One just cannot believe what has taken place in Zimbabwe - Dirk now lives in Harare - his magnificent farm near Concession gone, as have so many of the other Dorper breeders farms - all so very tragic- we feel both for and with them.

Vir dié wat meer verwag van Genetika!

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FOTO: PETER DOOLEY

Mothering ability **Moedereienskappe** IN SKAPE • OF SHEEP

*Opgestel deur Dr Dave Midgley vir die Dorper Telersgenootskap van SA
Compiled by Dr Dave Midgley for the Dorper Sheep Breeders of SA*

Dit bly seker een van die mooiste gesigte as 'n ooi wat pas gelam het omdraai en haar lammetjie skoonmaak en daarna vir hom of hulle help om te begin drink.

Wie het haar geleer?
Hoe weet sy wat om te doen?

Ons praat van moedersinstink, en ek gaan nou poog om hierdie wonderlike Skeppingsdaad in eenvoudige mediese terme te verduidelik.

Ons het hier te doen met hoofsaaklik drie liggaamstelsels, nl. die **geslagstsel**, wat onder beheer staan van die **hormoonstsel**, wat weer baie nou gekoppel is aan die **voedingstsel**.

'n Leke verduideliking sal wees dat ons hier met 'n proses te doen het.

Ons weet dat ongeveer 72% van 'n lam se groei en ontwikkeling in die laaste 6 weke van dragtigheid plaasvind.

Die baarmoeder wat dan skielik begin uitsit, stuur 'n boodskap d.m.v. hormone aan die brein (die sentrale beheerstsel) om aan 'n ander organ, die uier, 'n boodskap te stuur dat daar binnekort lammers gebore gaan word en dat hulle biesmilk nodig gaan hê.

Bies is die kern waarom die "wegen" van 'n lammetjie draai. Dit verskaf essensiële, gekonsentreerde voeding aan die pasgebore lam, sowel as teenliggaampies teen die heersende siektes, om die lam daarteen te beskerm.

Uierontwikkeling en melkproduksie is direk afhanglik van die grootte en effektiwiteit van die plasenta (vrugvlies, nageboorte).

So weet ons byvoorbeeld dat voeding (die voedingstsel) tydens middragtigheid plasentale ontwikkeling beïnvloed, wat dan weer gekoppel word aan moederseienskappe en melkproduksie.

Die voorbereidingsproses begin dus reeds lank voor geboorte.

So weet ons dat 'n ooi wat 'n tweeling dra / of geboorte aan 'n tweeling gee, meer melk het as 'n ooi wat 'n enkeling dra. Die twee plasentas is saam groter as een (en meer funksioneel) en stuur dan 'n boodskap aan die uier via die brein dat daar moontlik meer lammers as een op pad is, en dat hulle meer melk nodig gaan hê.

Die plasenta is ook die bron of "orgaan" waardeur voedingsstowwe vanaf die moeder se liggaam na die lammetjie gaan. Hoe effektiever hy dus is, hoe beter groei en ontwikkel die lam. So weet ons dan ook dat die "ideale" geboortegewig van 'n lam tussen 3,5 en 5 kg is. Onder 2,5 kg is die lammetjie baie swak en het hy 'n swak oorlewingvermoë, terwyl hulle begin vassit of moeilik deur die geboortekanaal beweeg as hulle oor 5 kg begin gaan. (Hierdie is slegs 'n duimreël of riglyn, aangesien daar heelwat ander dinge is wat ook hier 'n rol speel.)

Die geslagshormone is meestal lipoproteïene – dit is 'n mengsel van vette ("lipo") en proteïene. Voedingstekorte of voedingstremming het dan ook 'n direkte invloed op die hormoonstsel.

Ontleders van instink beweer dat oorlewinginstink se twee sterkste bene die voedingsinstink (honger) en voortplantingsinstink ("paargedrag"/dragtigheid/swangerskap, geboorte en soging) is.

Moederseienskappe sluit dan die laasgenoemde in, maar beskerming of verdedigingsinstink moet ook hierby gevoeg

To me it is probably one of the most beautiful sights to see a ewe that has just lambed down, turn around and start to lick her lamb or lambs and then help them find the teats and start suckling.

Who teaches a maiden ewe, or how else does she know what to do?

We refer to this as mothering instinct, and I am going to try and explain this wonder of creation in easy terms.

When discussing this topic we are actually dealing with various important body systems - the **reproductive system**, which is under the control of the **hormonal system**, which in turn is coupled to the **digestive system**.

In a layman's terms we can say that we are actually dealing with a process. We know that 72% of foetal growth and development takes place in the last 6 weeks of pregnancy. We also know that the rapidly expanding uterus actually "sends a message" to the brain (the **Central nervous system**) to in turn tell another organ, the udder (**mammary system**), that lambs will be born soon and that they will need colostrum to act as a source of nutrition, but also to protect the newly born lamb with antibodies against the most important prevailing diseases.

Udder development and milk production are affected directly by the size and effectiveness of the placenta (afterbirth). We also know that nutrition during the middle part, or middle trimester, of pregnancy influences the development and functionality of the placenta which in turn influences the milk production and mothering ability.

The whole preparation phase thus starts long before the actual birth process.

We also know that a ewe carrying and then giving birth to twins has more milk than one with a singleton lamb. The "message" from the two placentas to the brain is "bigger and stronger", telling it to tell the udder that there are more lambs going to be born, and that together they will need more milk.

The placenta is also the organ through which nutrients pass from the mother to the baby, or in this case the ewe to the lamb. The more effective it is, the bigger and stronger the lamb is going to be at birth. We know that the "ideal" birth weight of a lamb should be between 3,5 and 5 kg. Under 2,5 kg the lambs are weak and have a low survival rate, while we start getting more cases of distokia when the lambs are over 5 kg. (This is only a rule of thumb, as there are many other things that can also play a role here)

The reproductive hormones are mostly lipo-proteins - a mixture of fats ("lipo") and protein. Nutritional shortages or stress will thus have a direct influence on the hormonal system and indirectly on reproduction as a whole.

Ethologists who study behaviour and instinct regard hunger- and reproductive instinct (this includes mating, pregnancy, birth and lactation) as two of the major parts of survival. In ewes, protective instinct should be added to mothering instinct - just look at a ewe's reaction when a dog comes near her and her lamb!

Let us look in more depth at the whole birth process.

As the lambs grow and increase in size, the space in the uterus gets smaller and the lambs become claustrophobic, secreting the stress hormone cortisol. This gives the "message" to the brain that it should set the birth process in action. The brain then sends a hormone (prostaglandin F2) to the uterus to start preparing the birth canal for the birth process.



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FOTO: PETER DOOLEY

word. Kyk byvoorbeeld na 'n ooi se optrede as 'n hond naby haar lam kom!!

Kom ons kyk dan bietjie dieper na die geboorteproses. Die lammetjies groei en word groter, en die spasie in die baarmoeder word effektiel kleiner. Die lammetjies begin "stres" en skei 'n steshormoon (Kortisol) af. Kortisol gee 'n boodskap aan die brein om d.m.v. 'n ander hormoon (prostaglandien F2), 'n boodskap aan die baarmoeder te gee om die geboortekanaal vir geboorte voor te berei.

Die spiere van die bekken begin dan "verslap" – o.a. lig die stertwortel van die moederdier effens omdat dit nie meer afgetrek kan word nie (word nogal goed in beeste gesien).

Die uitwendige geslagsorgane (vulva) ontspan en lyk groter (lyk selfs geswel).

Volgende begin die serviks ontspan en die slymprop wat die lammetjies van die "buitewêreld" geseël het, raak los en word afgeskei. (Die ou melkman by die S.A.P. Hondeskool het vir my in die vroeë 1980's vertel dat dit die kalfie se "neusuitlopsel" is, en dat hy dan binnekort gebore gaan word)

Die lammetjies skop en draai rond en probeer besluit hoe hulle wil uitkom – kop of sterkant eerste (beide posisies word as normaal in skape beskou), met ongeveer 60% wat anterior, of kop eerste gebore word en 40% van lammers word in die posterior ("brug posisie") gebore.

The muscles of the sacral area start to relax and the tail root of the ewe actually raises because the muscles cannot pull the tail down any more. (This can be seen very well in cattle). As the muscles around the vulva relax, it starts to look bigger and has a swollen appearance.

The cervix relaxes next and the mucous that sealed it, protecting the foetus from the "outside world", disintegrates and is expelled. (One of the labourers at the S.A. Police Dog Unit's dairy, which supplied milk for the dogs, said to me that he was told that it was the calf's nasal discharge, and that it was a sign that the calf was due in the next day or two!)

The lambs kick and turn and start to decide which way they want to be born - head- or backside first (breach presentation). Both being regarded as "normal" in sheep. About 60% of lambs are born with their heads first (anterior presentation) and the rest (40%) are born in the posterior or breach presentation.

Another hormone, oxytocin, which also plays a role in the milk let-down reflex, is secreted and causes contraction of the smooth muscle of the uterus. Both the uterus and the digestive or gastro-intestinal tract are rich in smooth muscle fibers - so the intestines also contract, emptying the gut to create a bigger space for the lambs to pass through. In other words this process can be regarded as nature's enema!

The cervix thus opens and the uterus contracts giving rise to "birth or labour pains". These contractions increase both in intensity as well as in the interval between them, pushing the foetal membranes (afterbirth) into the birth canal. This acts to widen the birth canal and when the pressure gets too high, they burst allowing the amniotic fluid to act as a lubricant to ease the whole birth process.

The pain and pressure in the birth canal act as a stimulus to "kick" mothering instinct into action! Sometimes though, excess pain can act negatively, especially in maiden ewes

Die hormoon oksitosien, wat ook 'n baie belangrike rol by 'n ander moederseienskap nl. die melklaat-refleks (die ooi laat "sak") speel, is verantwoordelik vir die sametrekking van gladdespier.

Die baarmoeder en spysverteringskanaal is baie ryk hieraan. So die dermkanal word dan "natuurlik" geledig om in effek meer spasie te skep vir die lam om deur te kom.

Die serviks gaan oop, en die baarmoeder begin saamtrek – "geboortekrampe/ kraampyne / sametrekkings" te kry.

Die vrugvliese beweeg eerste in die geboortekanaal in en "bars" dan a.g.v. die "drukking". Dit dien ten eerste as deel van die "rekproses" van die geboortekanaal, en dan dien die vrugwater verder as smeermiddel, sodat die lammetjie makliker kan "uitgly".

Die pyn en drukking van die geboorteproses is een van die hoof stimuli vir die moeder om haar "moedersinstink" in werking te laat "skop"!!

Die pyn kan egter ook soms negatief werk.

By 'n jong ooitjie met 'n groot lam relatief tot 'n klein geboortekanaal, kan die pyn maak dat die ooitjie selfs vir die lammetjie "skrik" en weghardloop.

In die natuur merk mens dikwels 'n ou ooi of selfs 2 of 3 ou ooie wat naderstaan om 'n jonger ooitjie te "help" (ek noem hulle "voedvrouens").

Soms is hierdie "ou tannies" se instink egter so sterk dat hulle die ander ooi se lam kan steel. Dit gebeur dikwels 'n dag of twee voor die ooi self lam. As sy dan lam, los sy haar eie lammers, want sy het mos klaar 'n "lam"!!

Dit kan maklik gesien word as swak moederseienskappe, terwyl die teendeel eintlik waar is !!!

En nou vind een van die ongelooflikste dinge in die natuur plaas!!

Die ooi, wat 'n herkouer of grasvreter is, word 'n vleisvreter!!

Sy maak die lam skoon en vreet die nageboorte. Diere etoloë (gedragsontleders) beweer dat dit deel van die beskermingsinstink is. Lammetjies is swak net na geboorte en kan nie soos 'n perdevul binne 'n halfuur na geboorte reeds loop en wegbeweeg van die geboorteplek af nie. Die ooi moet deur die geboorteplek skoon te maak sorg dat 'n jakkals of prooidier (ongedierte) nie nader gelok word en haar lam kom opeet nie. Daarinteen los 'n perdemerie huis haar nageboorte (eet dit nie) om as "decoy" vir die prooidier te dien en beweeg sy weg van die geboorteplek met haar vul. Al kan hy reeds hardloop, is dit nie so vinnig nie, en is hy ook eintlik 'n maklike prooi.

Hierdie "skoonmaakproses" is 'n integrale deel van die bindingsproses tussen 'n ooi en lam (sg. "bonding")

Die ooi het 'n "kliertjie" in haar neus waarmee sy haar lam se reuk optel en vaslê in haar geheue (die vomeronasale klier of orgaan).

Prof. Ken Booth van die anatomie departement by Onderstepoort het op die afgelope 2 wêreldskapkongresse (in Stellenbosch in 2001 en in Griekeland in 2005) referate oor sy navorsing oor die klier gelewer.

Hy het o.a. die kanaatjie wat vanaf die bolip van 'n ooi na die neus loop, toegemaak en toe gevind dat die ooi dan nie haar lam later herken nie en selfs vreemde lammers toegelaat het om aan haar te suip.

Hierdie navorsing verg egter 'n artikel op sy eie.

Eers na 'n paar dae begin gehoor 'n belangrike rol in moedersinstink te speel, wanneer die lam se "stemmetjie"/ blêr vir die ooi herkenbaar raak.

where we find that a big lamb in a relatively small birth canal can cause the ewe to leave the lamb and run away from the area of birth.

In nature we often find two or three older ewes that come to assist another ewe - mostly a younger ewe lambing down for the first time. I refer to them as "midwives". These are often ewes that are going to lamb down within the next few days. Sometimes these "old girls" have such a strong mothering instinct that they actually steal the newborn lamb. When they lamb down a few days later, they tend to leave their own lambs behind as they already have a lamb of their own. This is mostly interpreted as bad mothering behaviour, where in actual fact the opposite is true - it is as result of "too good" mothering behaviour. Poor management decisions like overcrowding at lambing time can also contribute to an increase in lamb stealing.

And now one of the most incredible things in nature happens - the ewe, a grass eater, becomes a "carnivore" and cleans the lamb and eats the afterbirth. Ethologists reckon that this is part of survival instinct. Lambs are weak after birth and can't run around within an hour or two as a foal for instance does. A foal can thus move away from the site of birth, or "danger zone" with all scents of the birth fluids and afterbirth lying around. The ewe thus cleans the lamb and area so that predators are not attracted to the birth area and the weak little lamb. The mare on the other hand does not eat her afterbirth, but leaves it there to act as a decoy, letting the predators come to the birth site while she has by then already moved quite a distance from it to guide her newborn to safety!

This cleaning up process is an integral part of the bonding between a ewe and her lamb. A ewe has a little gland in her nose, the vomero-nasal gland, with which she picks up, and then imprints, the scent of her lamb or lambs. Professor Ken Booth of the Faculty of Veterinary Science at Onderstepoort delivered papers at both the last two International Sheep Veterinary congresses on his research on this subject. He actually closed the canal that connects the top lip with the nose, and then found that these ewes did not recognize their lambs and even allowed strange lambs to suckle. But this very interesting research warrants an article on its own.

Hearing only plays a role in recognition after a few days, when the ewe can identify her lambs on the bleating sound they make, and vice versa. But even then the ewe will still smell the lamb's rear end to make sure that is her lamb. Eyesight plays a minor role when it comes to identifying and recognizing each other.

The same mothering instinct is seen in humans - at a stork tea for instance with several mothers with babies attending, all will not jump up when one baby cries. Each mother knows her own child's sound (cry).

Once bonding has taken place, it is a very strong bond. I still find it miraculous to see how 200 plus twin lambs find their mothers after a handling procedure like dosing or lamb marking.

The practical aspect of all this is that because we don't understand the whole process, we often interfere with the ewe and lamb before bonding has taken place, causing ourselves a lot of problems. Research has shown that a ewe should remain at the site of birth for 1-3 hours for proper bonding to take place.

Another very interesting observation is that up to 80% of births take place in the early morning when predators are

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Maar selfs dan ruik die ooi eers aan die lam se agterkant om seker te maak of om bevestiging te kry dat dit wel haar lam is.

Sig speel 'n kleinere rol by identifisering van lammers by skape.

Dieselde moedersinstink word ook by mense waargeneem – as daar byvoorbeeld 10 vrouens met babas by 'n partytjie is en 'n baba huil, spring al 10 moeders nie gelyk op nie!!

Die bindingsproses is 'n instink, en as hy vasgelê is, is hy vas!!

Dit is dit dan ook pragtig om te sien hoe byna 200 tweelinge weer by hul moeders uitkom na 'n hanteringsprocedure soos doseer of stertafsit.

Die praktiese sy hiervan is dat ons as mens al te dikwels immeng met hierdie proses. Navorsers meen dat 'n ooi 1-3 ure op haar geboorteplek moet / behoort te vertoeft om ordentlik met haar lam te bind.

'n Verdere baie interessante observasie is dat tot soveel as 80% van geboortes in die vroeoggend plaasvind, wanneer roofdiere op hul minste aktief is. (meeste roofdiere jag in die vooraand, net na sonsondergang. Dis dan koeler na die warm dag waar hulle lui-lekker in die son lê en bak het. Hul sig is beter in die donker in teenstelling met vroeoggend, wanneer die dag begin breek, en die son opkom).

Hoe weet 'n ooi dit? Of wie het haar dit geleer?

Moedersinstink!!

Wat van die genetiese aspekte van moederseienskappe?

Die doemprofete meen dat 'n swak ma se lam mos in elke geval vrek en dat die eienskap dus nie na die volgende generasie oorgedra word nie !!

Daarom glo hulle ook nie in die grootmaak van hanslammers nie, of prul dan alle lammers wat wel hans grootgemaak word.

Uit 'n seleksie oogpunt uit glo ek dat ons meer vordering sal kry deur goeie moederseienskappe te identifiseer en dan daarvoor te selekteer, eerder as om net die swak moeders te identifiseer en te elimineer. Lg. kan gedoen word deur die "soog en droog"- tegniek te doen, en dan alle ooie wat nie 'n lam grootgemaak het nie, te laat slag.

Die eersgenoemde opsie, nl. die identifisering van goeie moederseienskappe en die seleksie daarvan is die moeiliker opsie, en een wat beslis aandag in die toekoms behoort te geniet. (Dit is dan ook een van die voordele van 'n lamhokkiesstelsel waar mens baie nader aan die ooi beweeg en dan swak moederseienskappe kan identifiseer.

least active. (they mostly hunt in the early evening, just after sunset when it is cooler and they are fresh after spending most of the day lying around baking and resting during the heat of the day. They also see better at night when it is dark as opposed to early morning when the sun is rising).

I once again wonder who taught the ewe these things. Or is it just mothering instinct?

What about the genetic aspects of mothering ability?

Some people reckon that a bad mother's lamb will die in any case and will therefore not carry the bad genes over to the next generation. They also do not believe in the rearing of orphan lambs, or if they do rear them, they believe that they should all be culled.

I believe that from a selection point of view it is more advantages, and that more progress will be made if we identify good mothering ability and select for it rather than only identifying the bad mothers and then culling them. The latter is achieved by the wet/dry technique where ewes that did not raise a lamb are identified and culled. Identifying the good mothers is the more difficult and laboursome option and will definitely require a lot more research in future. Intensive lambing systems like lambing down in crates ("lamhokkies") not only diminishes lamb mortalities and losses by predators, but also give you the opportunity to carefully observe the ewe's behaviour and to identify the good and bad mothers.

So how can we apply all these facts in practice:

- Give special attention to maiden ewes. Let them reach 67% of adult mass at first mating and strive to let them lamb down at 80% of adult mass.
- Mate young ewes (maidens) in a separate group with 4% rams, but let them lamb down with some older ewes who can act as "midwives".
- See to it that ewes have good nutrition during mid-pregnancy when the placenta develops, as this is coupled to good mothering traits as well as lamb survival rate. At first we believed that a ewe could lose some weight during this phase, but recent research has proven that it is best for a ewe to actually gain some weight during mid-pregnancy.
- The feeding of bypass protein during the last six weeks of gestation leads to better udder development, the formation of good quality colostrum, as well as enough (quantity). It furthermore helps avoiding the thick colostrum syndrome, lambs have a higher birth weight and ewes have better mothering instinct. All this leads to more and better lambs!
- Care should be taken to include deworming against nasal bot. By doing this preventatively six weeks before lambing, we assure that the nasal passages are clean and that bonding can take place in a more efficient manner
- Lambing ewes should be fed in the evening and preferably every second evening. This allows the majority of ewes lambing in the morning more time to bond with the lambs. If she runs toward the feeding trough at feeding time, the chances are so much better that she will return to her lamb afterwards. Ewes fed in the afternoon usually also have full

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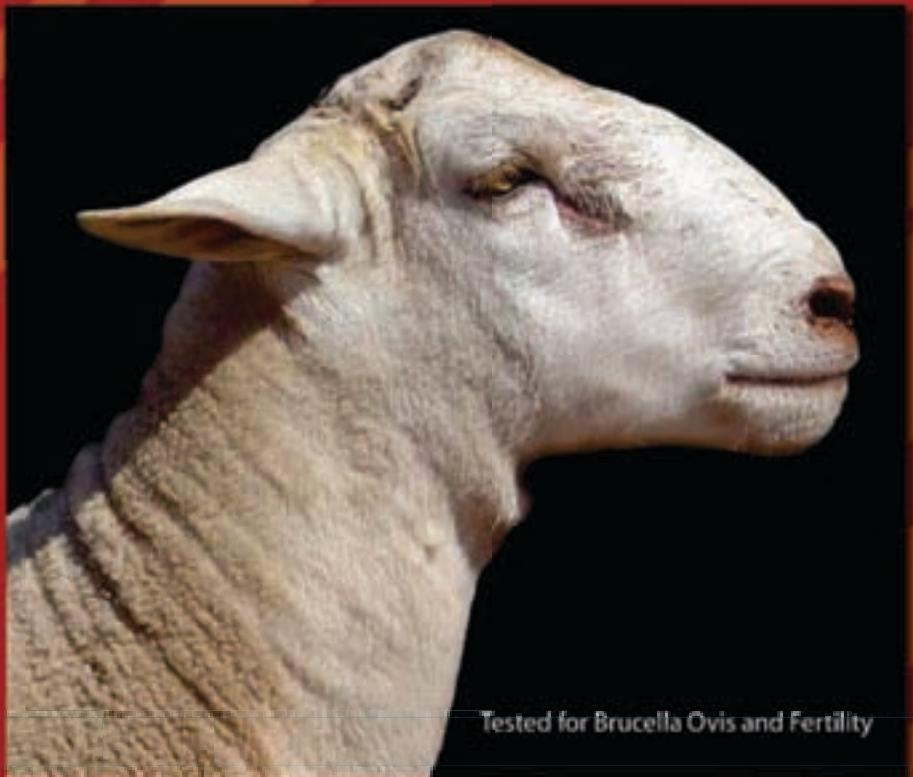
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So watter foute maak boere dikwels en hoe kan hierdie baie interessante (maar volgens party mense "nuttelose") inligting in ons boerderye toegepas word:-

- Gee aandag aan jong ooitjies. Laat hulle ten minste 67% van volwasse massa bereik by eerste dekking, en streef daarna dat hulle oor 80% van volwasse massa is by eerste lam.
- Sorg vir goeie voeding tydens middragtigheid. Vroeër is geglo dat 'n ooi hier slegs haar massa moet handhaaf of selfs effens gewig kan verloor. Die nuuste denkwyse is dat hulle hier matig moet toeneem in gewig. Dis die tyd van plasentale ontwikkeling, wat dan weer gekoppel kan word aan moederseieneskappe en lamoorlewing.
- Voeding in die laaste 6 weke van dragtigheid, met die klem op verbyvloeiproteïn, speel 'n belangrike rol by uierontwikkeling, die hoeveelheid en kwaliteit van bies (vermy die "taai bies"- sindroom), geboortegewig van die lammers, sowel as by die moedersinstink van 'n ooi.
- Voer lammerooie saans en verkieslik al om die ander dag. Dit maak dat die ooi wat soggens lam (meeste ooie) langer tyd op die geboorteplek saam met haar lam vertoef en beter met die lam bind. Indien sy dan later die middag voerbak toe hardloop, sal sy terugkeer na haar lam toe!! Ooie wat die middag gevoer word is ook meestal reeds dikgevrete en 'n meer egalige inname van die byvoeding word verkry (minder substitusievoeding).
- By lamhokkiesstelsels en skuifstelsels ("ewe drifting") moet die ooie wat nog nie gelam het nie op so 'n wyse geskuif word, dat die lammerooie ten minste 1-3 ure kans gehad het vir binding. Moet dus nie die ooi en haar lammers direk na geboorte skuif nie. Doen hanteringsprosedures soos merk / identifisering van lammers verkieslik na 'n uur of drie!!

En laat die ooi toe om haar lam ordentlik skoon te maak en die nageboorte te eet.

- Paar jong ooie appart met 4% ramme, maar laat hulle verkieslik saam met ouer ooie lam. (Voedvrouens)
- Om 'n "hanslam" vir 'n ooi wie se lam dood is, of een van 'n drieling vir 'n ander ooi te gee, beveel ons aan dat jy jou hand (met 'n hanskoen aan) net na lam vir 'n minuut in die geboortekanaal van die ooi hou (gebalde vuis). Dit boots die geboorteproses na. Smeer enige slym af op die "nuwe" lammetjie. Meeste ooie draai dan om, lek die lam en neem hom aan!!
- Omdat 'n ooi die lam se agterkant ruik, is dit belangrik om 'n lammetjie aan sy voorbene te dra, sodat die mensreuk ver van die agterkant af is.

Hierdie artikel vorm deel van my "Ken en verstaan 'n skaap" - teorie.

As ons weet hoe 'n skaap werk, gaan baie van die dinge wat ons doen op 'n plaas meer sin maak!!!

stomachs after a full day of grazing and this leads to a far better distribution of intake of the supplemented food by all the ewes. The chances of getting substitution feeding, where the ewes lie at the feeding troughs waiting for food instead of grazing, are also minimized..

- In intensive lambing systems like ewe drifting or lambing down in crates, care should be taken not to disturb the ewes that lambed down before bonding has taken place (give them 1-3 hours time for proper bonding.) Avoid marking/identifying the lambs too early - rather wait till mid-morning (1-3 hours) before disturbing the ewes and lambs. Take care to allow the dam to clean her lamb and eat the placenta.
- To get a ewe that has just lambed down to take a foster lamb, we imitate the birth process by placing our hand in the birth canal (with a long sleeved glove on), then making a fist, and keeping it there for one minute. This makes the ewes think that a second lamb is being born. We then wipe any secretion that is on the glove onto the foster lamb and hand it to the ewe. Most ewes will turn around and start to lick the lamb and accept it as one of her own!
- Because a ewe smells her lamb's rear end, we should always carry a lamb by its front legs so that our scent is far away from the hind quarters.

If we understand our sheep better, a lot of the recommendations that are made will also make a lot more sense!



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PAPPOT

Het jy ook'n pappot-vriendin? So'n lekker, rustige ou maat wat eenkant in jou lewe staan en prut? Jy weet presies wat onder haar deksel aangaan en jy maak nie die pap te dik aan nie.

RYSPOTJIE

Sy is lief vir skinder en jy vertel haar nie jou grootste geheime nie, want nes jy jou rug draai dan loop sy oor ...

DRUKKOKER

Sy is die bekwame leier wat talle take op haar skouers neem en alles vinniger en beter as ander kan doen. Maar selfs sy raak soms onder te groot druk en as sy nie dadelik afgekoel word nie, is die skade groot.

DUBBELKASTROL

Die afhanglike een wat net kan funksioneer as sy iemand onder haar het wat die Stoomwerk verrig.

PAN

Sy is daardie oop, vriendelike mens: verberg nikks onder'n deksel nie en steek'n lang arm uit om jou te help. Sonder haar is jou kombuis onvolledig en jou siel arm ...

Ondanks skete en tekortkominge, het elkeen van jou potjies 'n plekkie op jou rak.

*Jou hande jeuk om party na jou sin te skuur.
MAAR wie sê jy lyk nie meer aangebrand as almal saam nie?*

Wat elke vrou moet weet

Elke vrou behoort te besef dat sy nie veel kan verander aan die
Lengte van haar bene , die wydte van haar heupe of die
Geaardheid van haar ouers nie...

Elke vrou behoort te besef haar kinderjare mag dalk nie perfek
Gewees het nie ...maar dit is verby...

Elke vrou moet vir haarself uitklaar presies wat sy
Sal doen en nie sal doen nie ter wille van die liefde...
Hoe om alleen te bly selfs al hou sy nie daarvan nie.
Wie sy kan vertrou en wie nie en hoekom sy dit nie
Persoonlik moet opneem nie...

Elke vrou behoort te weet waar om te gaan as haar
Siel lafenis nodig het, of dit nou haar beste vriendin
Se kombuis of 'n luukse gesondheidspa in die berge is.
Elke vrou behoort te weet wat sy sal kan regkry binne
Een dag ...

Een maand ...
Een jaar ...

En wat sy nie sal kan regkry nie.

Elke vrou behoort 'n vriendin of twee te hê vir wie

Sy hierdie lewenswyshreid kan stuur
Sodat hulle kan onthou om te
LAG, DANS en SING sonder rede
sommer net omdat sy VROU is.

"Ek glo in die SON, al skyn dit nie.
Ek glo in die LIEFDE, al is ek alleen.
Ek glo in GOD, selfs as Hy stil is."

VIR DIE VROU * LADIES SECTION



If you want others to be happy
Practice Compassion

If you want to be happy
Practice Compassion

The shortest distance
between a problem and
a solution Is the
distance between your
knees and the floor!

"The one who kneels
to the Lord can stand
up to anything."

Do not worry about tomorrow
It will have enough worries of it's own.
There is no need to add to the troubles
Each day brings.....
Matt.6.34

Prayer:
Jesus loves without exception
Always sitting at reception
Waiting to receive your call
Whether urgent or not at all;
Time to listen, time to spare
Jesus longs to answer our prayer

" I am too blessed
to be stressed!"

Call Me and I will
answer you
Jer. 33.3

How to kill an Organization

Don't come to meetings.

If you come, come late.

If it is too cold, too wet, too hot or dry, don't even think of coming!

If you attend a meeting, please find fault with the work of the officers and other members;

Never accept office, as it is far easier to criticize than to participate;

Nevertheless, do get sore if you are not elected to office, but if you are, don't attend the committee meetings.

If ever you do attend, make a point of arriving late.

If ever asked by the Chairman to give an opinion regarding important matters – tell him you have nothing to say;

After the meeting, tell everybody how things should be done;

Do nothing more than is absolutely necessary, but when others roll up their sleeves and use their ability to help matters along, howl that the organization is run by a clique.

Never stop finding fault and complain all the time;

Never support anything the organization does – but complain that nothing is ever happening;

Hold back your subscription as long as possible;

Or better still, don't pay at all;

If you can receive service and privileges without joining, don't join;

Use the Organization's name to your own advantage whenever you need it, but criticize it the rest of the time;

Keep your eyes wide open for something wrong and when you find it threaten to resign.

At every opportunity threaten to resign, and then lobby around to get your pals to threaten too.

Agree with everything said inside the meeting, but disagree with everything outside.

When asked for information, don't give it – what for?

Talk co-operation for the other fellow with you, but never co-operate with anything.

AND WHEN EVERYTHING ELSE FAILS – BLAIM THE SECRETARY!!!!

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A tribute to



Dolf Lategan

THE MAN:

In the same breath you can add – a lover of the Dorper Breed; a Breeder of Dorpers; a great Ambassador for the Dorper Breed; an excellent Council and Committee Member; an author of Dorper Brochures; an Educator of Dorper Students; a designer of Dorper Record - keeping and Electronic Training Programs – plus many more achievements during his long association with the Dorper Breed

But above all, he has always been and always will be an honest and conscientious, true gentleman, polite and friendly to all and a truly tremendous friend to have.

I first met Dolf, the Flight-Engineer, in the early 1980's at a Sale in the Kenhardt district – I was there to help class the sheep and Dolf as a potential buyer – we had to share a room and I warned Dolf that I had a huge snoring problem but not to worry, I would give him ample time to go to sleep first – this unfortunately did not happen- I fell asleep as my head hit the pillow – the next morning I found Dolf's bed empty and him asleep in the passage with all his bedding – the noise had been just too much!! (Fortunately Dolf never held it against me and we became and still are firm friends!!).

Dolf has, from when he started with Dorpers, been very involved with the running and improvement of the breed – at that stage he had a plot near Bapsfontein and as one can expect from a perfectionist, everything was well planned and wonderfully laid out and his Stud sheep always well cared for and of a very high standard - Dolf won the coveted award for the Reserve Grand Champion Ram at the SA National Championships and also a great many prizes at the Transvaal Regional Championships.

Shortly after his Dorper enterprise started the Transvaal Dorper Club found itself in dire straits – membership wise and also financially – Dolf as Chairman, with wife Elsie, took over the running of the Club and within a very short time the club had a membership in excess of 100 and a very sound

Bank Balance – nothing was too much trouble for these two and their committee– they organized Dorper Courses, Dorper Days, and numerous fund raising functions –sales of Sponsored products and even bottles of special Dorper Wine and Champagne – all this was quite something to see and experience – a truly great effort by a remarkable husband and wife team. In addition to all these activities Dolf used to take me all over the (then) Transvaal – I would travel to Bapsfontein, give Dolf the car keys and he would do the rest – deliver me to organized Inspection trip's and to all other Dorper related functions - and Dolf and Elsie would in addition make me feel so very welcome in their lovely home – really fantastic hospitality.

In spite of all the activities plus his job as Flight-engineer, Dolf found time to qualify as a Judge and it was not long after that that he was appointed by the Dorper Council as an Inspector. As is bound to happen to a man with Dolf's capabilities he was elected to serve on the Dorper Council, which he did as a most conscientious and dedicated member for many years.

DOLF – THE FARMER: After retiring from SAA, Dolf went farming full-time – he sold the plot at Bapsfontein and purchased a farm in the Smithfield district – the same pattern followed him – everything just right – even the Security system of the very best.

DOLF - THE INSPECTOR: Hard working – completely and utterly honest – always giving of his best and helping everyone with whatever problems they might have

Dolf - the Author: The Dorper Brochure/ Text book that Dolf has compiled and perfected speaks for itself and can certainly be regarded as one of the best of all the Breed brochures in existence.

Dolf - the Course Leader: Patient and understanding - goes to great lengths to ensure that everyone understands fully – both in theory and practical.

LEROY PHILLIPS DORPERS

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"SON OF OORLOG"

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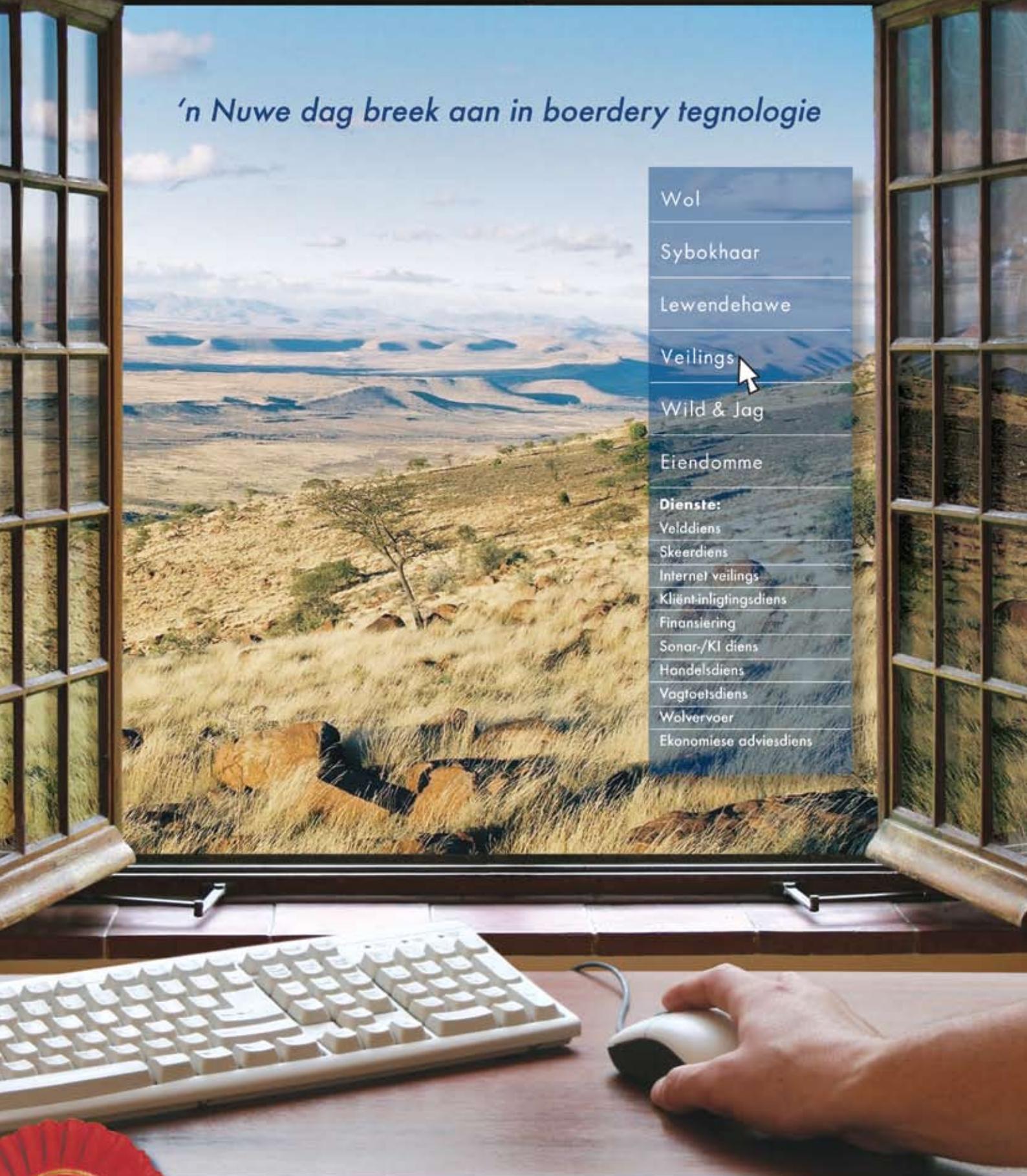
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Ons waarborg dat hierdie toeganklikheid groter waarde vir ons kliente verseker. Skakel in by die wêreld van CMW en ondervind eerstehands die ware betekenis van CMW se missie: Elke dag vind ons nuwe maniere om jou te bevoordeel.

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DOLF - THE DESIGNER: Due to his experience in conducting Courses he realized the shortcomings in the system and went to a tremendous amount of work and trouble to correct them – just look at the Training CD he developed to be used on both Junior and Senior courses to see the magnificent result of his labours.

DOLF - THE INNOVATOR: Dolf realized accurate record-keeping was imperative to the continued improvement of the Breed – so he and Hermien Brits developed "The Herdmaster" system for Computers now incorporated with a International Company and used by many Breeders.

DOLF - THE AMBASSADOR: All over South Africa and Namibia, Australia, America, Mexico, Brazil, Switzerland, Germany and many other countries which I do not even know about – wherever Dolf went he propagated the Dorper.

Conclusion: It has been a disappointment to me that Dolf Lategan has not always received the acknowledgement,

the praise and/or recognition due to him which he so richly deserves for his efforts on behalf of our Dorper Industry – he has done a tremendous amount of research and work on behalf of the Dorper breed and made many personal sacrifices to achieve his goals which have proved so successful.

Dolf, I can assure you, we do know what you have done for us and we certainly do appreciate your wonderful input for the future of our great Breed – a simple "Thank you" from us all will have to suffice but be assured it is said in all sincerity and appreciation – you and your family can feel very, very proud of your achievements.

We wish you a very Long and Happy Retirement in Parys – you certainly deserve it!!.

Friend and fellow Dorper fan
Rodney Rayner

A legend retires...

"One small step for man, one giant leap for mankind" Neil Armstrong's famous words when he landed on the moon, can so aptly describe my friend Dolf Lategan's contribution to the Dorper industry.

How many Dorper breeders and prospective students across the globe truly understand the magnitude of this man's selfless dedication to our breed?

Dolf's audio visual system of training the Dorper breed standards and outstanding characteristics, has revolutionized the introduction and presentation of short courses in many countries where the Dorper has been introduced.

I remember how courses were presented in the early years. The course leader would draw some or other semblance of a sheep on a blackboard with chalk, it usually looked more like a racehorse, or a dog, depending on the artistic flair of the specific inspector. Dolf being the perfectionist he is, saw the need to standardize this as he felt it was so important to teach people correctly about balance in the Dorper. He used a picture of what he thought was a perfect sheep, traced it on a flimsy and used an overhead projector to blow it up bigger than life size on a screen. By using this outline as the standard Dorper shape, he started adapting it in different ways to show the faults and different body parts individually. You could see different variations of each part on the sheep, head, forequarter, barrel etc which allowed the student to see a much broader spectrum of Dorper visuals than he had ever seen before. This helped so much when we had to present a crash course to a large group of lively students, or where Dolf had to present the course to a group of people who spoke only Spanish or Portuguese, they could immediately see what he was talking about. This system was used widely by Dolf, Rodney Rayner and myself. It helped especially where sufficient live animals were not always available to work on practically.

Of course, in later years Dolf kept up with the wonders of technology and developed the full colour training cd that we use so widely today. So many hours and hours of midnight oil burnt as he developed Herdmaster, his computer record keeping programme for recording stud sheep, evenings spent bent over his laptop in hotel rooms, in cities across the world, where he flew to as part of his job flying for SAA. Dolf, ever the hard worker and dedicated man that he is, knew that he wanted it perfect, second best would never do.

I cannot say that any of the above mentioned facts amaze me in any way. You just need to meet Dolf Lategan the man, to see what I mean by perfection, his hair never out of place in the strongest wind and always a neat well groomed man. His farm Wesselhof, near Smithfield, became a model farm with every technological wonder at his fingertips. The neat layout of the homestead and planned grazing system irrigated by gravitation was years ahead of its time in that district. Many nights were spent there by me and others over some good red wine talking and dreaming about his visions for his beloved Dorper.

Dolf, now enjoying his retirement, still travels abroad often, visits his children in Switzerland and simply cannot pass by a good Dorper, no matter where it grazes in the world!. Thankyou Dolf, you will go down in history as the man who brought the Dorper to the rest of the world. We salute you!

Contributed by Raymond Read

Opwindende dekades van diens aan die Dorperbedryf

Exciting decades of service to the Dorper industry



In my Dorperbedrywighede was daar 'n begin met eerste indrukke wat my aangespoor het om 'n eie Visie en Missie saam te stel wat ek glo bereik was oor baie jare heen.

Dit is so dat jou eerste indrukke en wat jy in die grondbeginsels leer jou bybly en deel vorm van jou basisdenke oor die jare. Die eerste indrukke wat ek van die bedryf gekry het was op Witsand van Mr. Albie van Niekerk en dit het my geïnspireer vir 'n groot taak.

Wat my diep beïndruk het met my eerste besoek aan Witsand was die uitstaande balans en eenvormigheid van die kudde. Die organisasie en netheid was blywende eienskappe wat my Visie gestimuleer het. Ons het in die veld gaan ry en daar sien ek in 'n kamp ongeveer tweehonderd ooie – soos die een lyk, so lyk die ander. Dit het my altyd bygebly en was 'n uitdaging wat ek aan myself gestel het: om deur kennis, organisasie en seleksie daardie selfde doelwit na te jaag.

Maklik was dit nie maar na meer as drie dekades het ek dan uitgetree met 'n kudde wat baie van daardie eienskappe gehad het. Sukses kom nie oornag nie want behalwe vir die uiterlike mooi en trots moet die belangrikste vir vordering "produksie en reproduksie" wees. Dit bring finansiële voorspoed in die proses.

Ek wil met hierdie paar woorde hulde bring aan Presidente, Rasdirekteure, Inspekteurs, Telers, vriende en almal wat 'n bydrae gelewer tot my sukses om die Dorper

In my Dorper career there was a start with first impressions, which inspired me to formulate a Vision and Mission – this was fulfilled over many years to follow.

They say that a first impression is a lasting impression and that together with some basic principles was the key that formed my thinking over the years. When I visited Witsand of Mr. Albie van Niekerk in the beginning, I was inspired for an enormous task ahead.

What inspired me most on my first visit was the outstanding balance and uniformity in his flock. This, together with the organization and perfectionism on his farm inspired me even more. He took me to a paddock where he showed me approximately two hundred ewes. This was a sight that I will never forget because when you've seen one animal, you've seen them all – totally alike. It was a challenge to me to achieve the same goal through knowledge, organization and selection.

After more than three decades in the business I fully realized that it is not as easy as it sometimes appears, although many of the qualities were indeed achieved. One of the main challenges besides the pride of having beautiful animals was to have production and reproduction. This was the key to financial prosperity without which there could also not have been success.

Let me then with this few words, pay tribute to Presidents, Breed directors, Inspectors, Breeders, friends and everyone that gave their inputs to make this Vision possible. I appreciate the knowledge that you shared with me to make the Dorper a better Breed. There are many names that can be mentioned but those that supported me will know who I am talking about, who helped to take these challenges and moves the breed forward. If I look back to what was achieved it is with great pride that I would like to mention just a few of the many highlights in my Dorper career:

- My first inspection of only 12 ewes and one ram in 1976.
- The showing of the National Senior and the Reserve Great champion ram in 1988 at the National show in Bloemfontein.

Hock On? Námtags?

✓ Bekostigbaar

✓ Geen nek oop plaatjies nie

✓ Buigbare materiaal

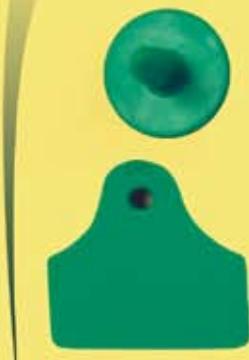
✓ Het geen metaalpunt nie

✓ Bestand teen UV - strale

✓ Meer stabiel



SKAAP
In verpaknings
van 25



Klein (MI+F2)
In verpaknings
van 10



MEDIUM (MI+F3)
In verpaknings
van 10



GROOT (MI+F4)
In verpaknings
van 10



Kan met bekende oorplaatjie-
aanwenders gebruik word. Al wat
nodig is, is 'n Namtag-staalpennetjie

Beskikbaar in ses kleure:



Tel: +27-11-4934492

Faks: +27-11-4934493

E-pos: fritz@swavet.co.za

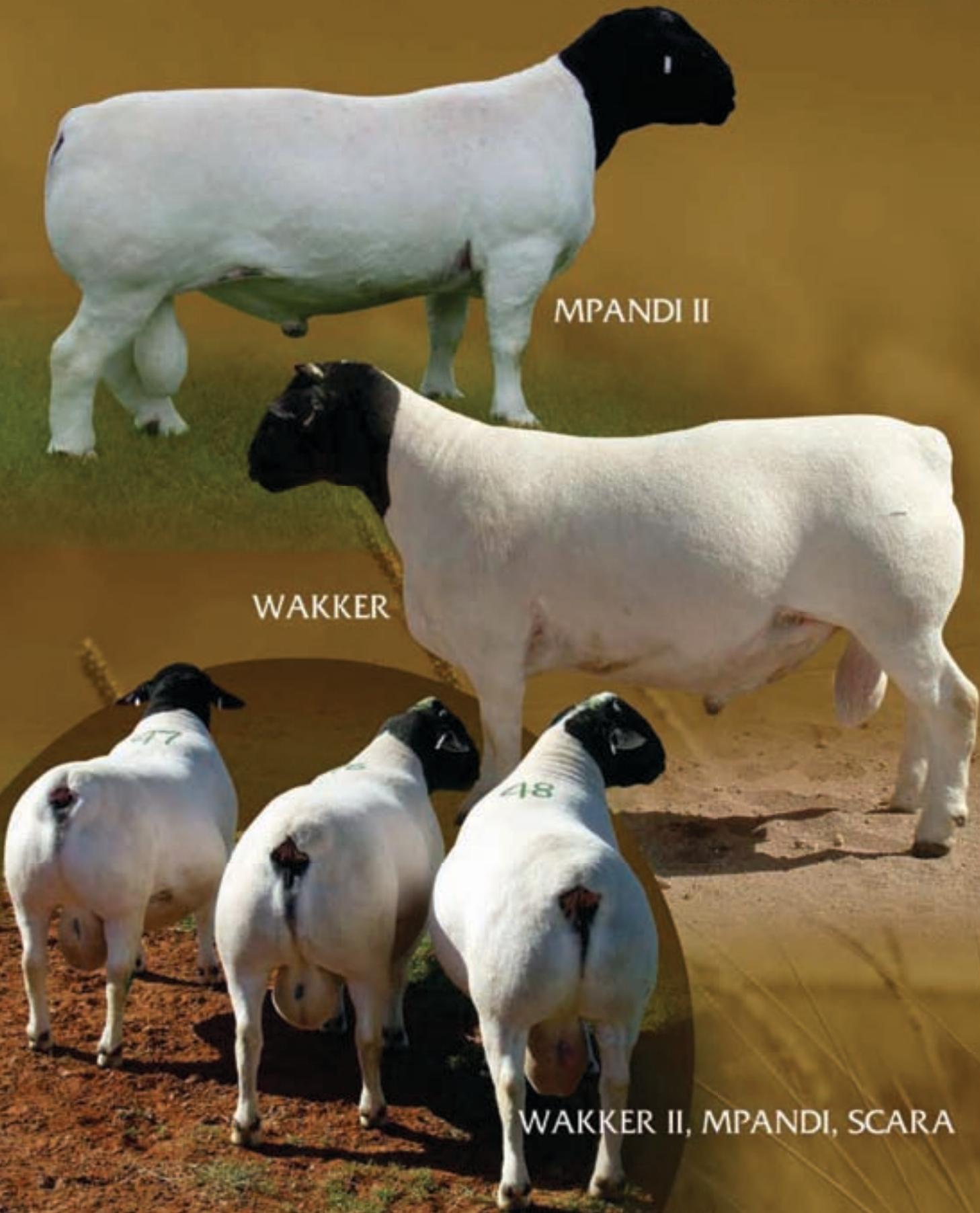


"Die voordeel van suksesvolle lynteling."

Hilton: 082 563 4705

C.H. Spangenberg

DORPERSTOET



WAKKER II, MPANDI, SCARA

te help verbeter deur u "Kennis" wat u met my gedeel het. Daar is baie name wat ek kan noem maar u sal self weet wie my in hierdie groot taak bygestaan het tot bevordering van die pragtige Dorppers. Om terug te kyk na wat bereik is oor die tydperk van my betrokkenheid, is 'n riem onder die hart en ek noem graag met trots net 'n paar van die baie hoogtepunte wat verder gedien het tot aansporing om my doelwitte te bereik:

- Eerste Inspeksie van slegs 12 ooie en een ram in 1976.
- Prestasie op die 1988 Nasionale skou in Bloemfontein (SA Reserwe Groot- en Seniorkampioen ram).
- Dien op die Raad onder verskeie Presidente.
- Kwalifiseer as Inspekteur en beoordelaar. Hierdeur is baie ondervinding en kennis versamel. Dit was nie altyd maklik nie en somtyds onder uiters moeilike omstandighede. Die grootste uitdaging hierin as Inspekteur was om eerlik te wees, positief te evaluateer en klasseer, kritiek te aanvaar en te weet dat dit menslik is om foute sonder opset te maak.
- Bekendstelling van die boek "Dorpers into the new Century" tydens die eerste Minikursus in Austin, Texas in Amerika 1996. Ek en my skoonseun, wat my baie bygestaan het met verwerking van foto's vir die boek, betree die nuwe wêreld. Die ras was nuut in die VSA en die belangstelling groot.
- Aanvaarding van die boek "Dorpers in die nuwe eeu" in Afrikaans as die amptelike brosjure in 1997.
- Uitnodiging na die wêreldkleinveekongres in Brazil as spreker oor die boek met die KOS konsep wat dan daar in Portugees bekend gestel is.
- Bekendstelling van die boek in Spaans tydens 'n Dorperveiling van Dr. Chris Visser in Oregon tesame met Dr. Fernando Fernandez, die vertaler.
- Opleidings CD (PowerPoint) in 2007. Dit glo ek, tesame met die boeke en 'n nuwe eksamenvraestel konsep, was 'n groot stap in die regte rigting waaraan ek vir baie jare hard gewerk het. Dit was vir my die afsluit van 'n Dorper era om my doelwit te bereik en so te kon eindig. Ek glo steeds dat organisasies soos die Dorpertelersgenootskap slegs volhoubare vordering kan bly maak met gespesialiseerde opleiding – behou dit!
- Erkenning vir my bydrae gelewer deur erelidmaatskap vanaf die Dorpertelersgenootskap en die Vrystaat Dorperklub was die kersie op die koek. Erkenning is somtyds 'n groter beloning as wat geld ooit kan wees – so was dit dan alles die moeite werd.

U almal wat my bemoedig en bygestaan het in hierdie groot taak wil ek salueer. My vrou, Elsie, wat my altyd so getrou bygestaan het, mag nooit uitgesluit word nie. Bo alles eer ek my Skepper wat my talente gegee het wat ek kon gebruik en kon deel met ander tot voordeel van die Dorperbedryf wêreldwyd.

Dorpergroete,
Dolf Lategan.

- To have been part of the council under various Presidents.
- Qualified as an Inspector and Judge. Much experience was accumulated in this process, sometimes under difficult conditions. To be an Inspector was not always easy and my approach to this was to be honest, to evaluate and class positive with the assumption that human mistakes will be made without it ever being deliberate.
- The launching of my book "Dorpers into the new century" during a Mini course in Austin, Texas in 1996. This launch together with my son in Law, which helped me a lot in compiling photo's for the book, was a new dimension in taking the Dorper to the rest of the world, as the Breed was new worldwide.
- The acceptance in 1997 by the council of the book "Dorpers in die nuwe eeu" as the official brochure of the Dorper.
- An invitation to the world congress on small stock farming in Brazil to elaborate on my book about the KOS idea. This was also the launch of the book in Portuguese.
- The launch of the book in Spanish in Oregon with Dr. Fernando Fernandez, the translator, during an auction of Dr. Chris Visser.
- In 2007 the new PowerPoint training CD was launched. This CD together with the books and a new examination system was to me a great stride in the right direction. A lot of hard work was put into this project. To me this was the closing part of a chapter to attain my Vision and make this the ending of a very exciting era in the Dorper industry. I still believe that modern training for consistent improvement of the Breed is essential, keep it up!
- The council and my local club honoured me for the work done with honorary membership of the Society and the Free State Dorper club, which was for me the cherry on top. Acknowledgement is sometimes a larger compliment and compensation than what money can ever be. This then makes you feel that it was all worth the effort in the end.

To those that inspired me and contributed to my immense task – I want to salute you. My wife Elsie, who supported me faithfully, may never be excluded from all my achievements. Lastly and above all I want to honour my Saviour for giving me the talents to use and share with others to better our fantastic breed worldwide.

Dorper greetings,
Dolf Lategan.

Internationale Dorperveiling 2008

te Upington

KL Landbou Bpk hou die jaarlike Internationale Dorperveiling te Upington op 6 November 2008. 'n Wêreld rekord prys word behaal vir 'n Dorperram, R 525 000. Die is 'n Tipe 5 Witdorperram van Mnr Kosie Esterhuizen van Koës Namibië en die Ram is gekoop deur Mnr Piet du Toit van Rooiduin Dorpers, Vanzylsrus. Die tweede hoogste prys vir 'n Witdorperram was R 100 000 vir 'n ram van Mnr Tien Jordaan van Adelaid en is gekoop deur Mnr Sakkie Liebenberg van Hoeksplaas Dorperstoet.

Die hoogste prys van R 325 000 is betaal vir 'n Dorperram van Willow Tree Stud Farm van Mnr Andy vd Meulen van Tarkastad deur Mnr Sakkie Liebenberg van Hoeksplaas Dorperstoet. Die tweede hoogste prys van R 200 000 is betaal vir 'n Dorperram van Mnr Jannie Visagie deur Mnre Louis de Scandie van Namibië, Wilmo Steenkamp

(Steenkamp Dorperstoet Genepoel), Charl Saunderson (Nooitgedacht Dorperstoet) en Hannes Kriel (Dahenca 5) almal van Upington

Die vorige rekord van R 500 000 is in Augustus 2008 opgestel deur Mnr Peet Cilliers van Upington.

Die hoogste prys vir 'n Witdorperooi was R 40 000 stuk vir 2 Witdorperooie van Mnr Kosie Esterhuizen wat ook deur Mnr Piet du Toit gekoop is. Mnr du Toit het ook die hoogste prys van R 27 500 betaal vir 'n Dorperooi van Mnr Sarel Strauss van Rooidam Dorperstoet.

Andy Miller en Deon Klopper was die afslaers en dit was Deon Klopper se 20ste Nasionale veiling op Upington. Die omset op die veiling was R 5 210 800.

Opsomming

Dorperramme	Verkoop	Hoogste	Gemiddeld
Tipe 5	11	R 525 000	R 78 909
Stoet	77	R 80 000	R 19 349
Kudde	106	R 42 000	R 6 667

Dorperooie	Verkoop	Hoogste	Gemiddeld
Tipe 5	39	R 27 500	R 10 807
Stoet	43	R 11 000	R 3 088
Kudde	27	R 6 500	R 2 207

Wit Dorperramme	Verkoop	Hoogste	Gemiddeld
Tipe 5	5	R 525 000	R 146 800
Stoet	18	R 42 000	R 13 538
Kudde	21	R 55 000	R 8 019

Witdorperooie	Verkoop	Hoogste	Gemiddeld
Tipe 5	13	R 40 000	R 22 961
Stoet	17	R 7 000	R 3 417
Kudde	14	R 4 400	R 2 107

Duurste Ram op die veiling

Verkoper van Namibië VLNR Kosie Esterhuizen
Koper Piet du Toit
Afslaer Deon Klopper



Duurste Ram op die veiling

Verkoper van Namibië VLNR Kosie Esterhuizen
Koper Piet du Toit
Afslaer Deon Klopper



Duurste ooie op die veiling

Koper VLNR Piet du Toit
Hanteerder Richard Seister
Vekoper Kosie Esterhuizen
Hanteerder Patrick Daries



Tweede duurste ooi op die veiling

Verkoper VLNR Sarel Strauss
Koper Piet du Toit
Verkoper Niekie Cilliers

UPINGTON VEILING 2009

- STAANPLEKKE

PLEK / POSITION	NAAM / NAME	STOET NR / STUD NR	VERKOOP / SOLD	GEMIDDELD / AVERAGE
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Ramme

1	JJ ESTERHUIZEN	1866	5	126 700.00
2	JANNIE VISAGIE	1460	5	77 800.00
3	WILLOW TREE	2342	4	75 800.00
4	JORDAAN WITDORPERS	2006	4	36 000.00
5	CH SPANGENBERG	1907	5	36 000.00
6	PF STRAUSS	1619	4	34 800.00
7	DELLS DORPERS	2011 (59)	5	32 700.00
8	IVOR PHILIPS	1700	5	30 600.00
9	HR RABIE	1314	5	28 400.00
10	BS GROBBELAAR	557	5	23 800.00
11	WEST FRONT DORPERS	888	5	20 700.00
12	JH MARITZ	1113	4	18 900.00
13	ROOIDAM STOET	2105	5	18 000.00
14	TIEN JORDAAN	1441	4	17 400.00
15	ML PHILLIPS	770	4	15 200.00
16	VISAGIE BROERS	1584	5	15 100.00
17	DJL STEENKAMP	1911	5	14 600.00
18	CONSTANTIA DORPERS	1946	5	14 600.00
19	LEON VAN NIEKERK (DORSLAND)	2120	4	12 800.00
20	PJA DE LANGE	1649	5	12 200.00
21	P STRAUSS & SEUNS	2169	5	10 700.00
22	LEROY PHILLIPS	1700	5	9 800.00
23	GR DELL & SEUNS	59	5	8 900.00
24	DAHENCA 5	2133	5	8 800.00
25	HENNIE HUMAN	338	5	8 200.00
26	HOEKSPLAAS	2159	4	8 200.00
27	R VAN DER BERG	2070	5	8 120.00
28	IF NELL	860	4	6 600.00
29	GT ALLERS	1171	5	6 600.00
30	VR BROWN	2216	5	6 280.00
31	M PHILLIPS	2377	5	5 880.00
32	GR DELL & SEUNS	59	4	5 640.00
33	GR DELL & SEUNS	59	5	5 320.00
34	JG COETZEE	1490	5	5 300.00
35	DAHENCA 5	2260	5	5 220.00
36	GJ LÖTTER	828	2	5 200.00

37	VOLMOED DORPERS	2114	5	5 200.00
38	HC LINTVELDT	2124	5	5 100.00
39	BITTERWATER DORPERS	2079	3	5 000.00
40	BLOMFONTEIN DORPERS	2074	4	4 540.00
41	JT VILJOEN	859	5	4 520.00
42	WILLEMSE VISSER	1787	5	4 400.00
43	BJ CRONJE	126	4	3 900.00
44	A HORN	1968	4	3 700.00
45	SANDPUTS	2003	3	3 440.00
46	IZAK NEL DORPERS	2265	5	3 400.00
47	C & N SCHREUDER	1060	4	2 960.00
48	DIRK STEENKAMP	1911	4	2 840.00
49	STEENKAMP STOET	2313	5	2 780.00
50	RIVERDENE DORPERS	35	2	1 340.00
51	PRINS DORPERSTOET	2163	1	800.00

Ooie

1	JJ ESTERHUIZEN	1866	5	30 900.00
2	ROOIDAM DORPERS	2105	3	20 000.00
3	GJ LÖTTER	828	5	13 500.00
4	HR RABIE	1314	5	10 900.00
5	ML PHILLIPS	770	5	12 900.00
6	PF STRAUSS	1619	5	9 800.00
7	DELL'S DORPERS	2011 (59)	5	9 200.00
8	JT VILJOEN	859	5	8 100.00
9	RIVERDENE DORPERS	35	5	6 640.00
10	BS GROBBELAAR	557	5	7 200.00
11	TIEN JORDAAN	1441	5	6 100.00
12	BS GROBBELAAR	1770	5	3 000.00
13	HENNIE HUMAN	338	5	2 500.00
14	BLOMFONTEIN DORPERS	2074	5	3 750.00
15	JOHN DELL DORPERS	1630 (59)	5	3 480.00
16	RC KLEINHANS	2192	5	2 700.00
17	DAHENCA 5	2133	5	2 540.00
18	BITTERWATER DORPERS	2079	4	2 710.00
19	STEENKAMP DORPERS	2312	5	2 360.00
20	PJ BUYS	1913	5	2 520.00
21	P STRAUSS & SEUNS	2169	3	2 400.00
22	DAHENCA 5	2260	4	2 180.00
23	HJJ VAN ZIJL	1031	5	1 840.00
24	M PHILLIPS	770	4	1 640.00
25	PRINS DORPERSTOET	2163	3	1 200.00
26	DIRK STEENKAMP	1911	1	800.00

Peet Vergesig

Unique sheep on the

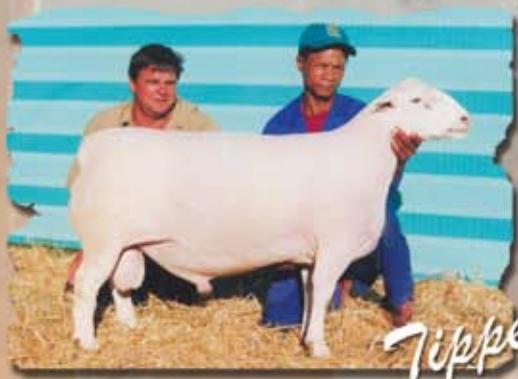


1996 Grand Champion
Sold: R250 000 in 1996

Boude



Fancy



Tipper



Klopper



Bullet
(8 months)



2000 Junior Champion ewe

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2006 World Senior &
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Embryos & semen always available

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Witdorpersstoet

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Website: www.peetcilliers.co.za



Dirk Steenkamp

Posbus 2706, Upington, 8800

Tel: 082 302 8507

Volgende veilings: 16 April 2009 te Upington

8 Oktober 2009 te Askham



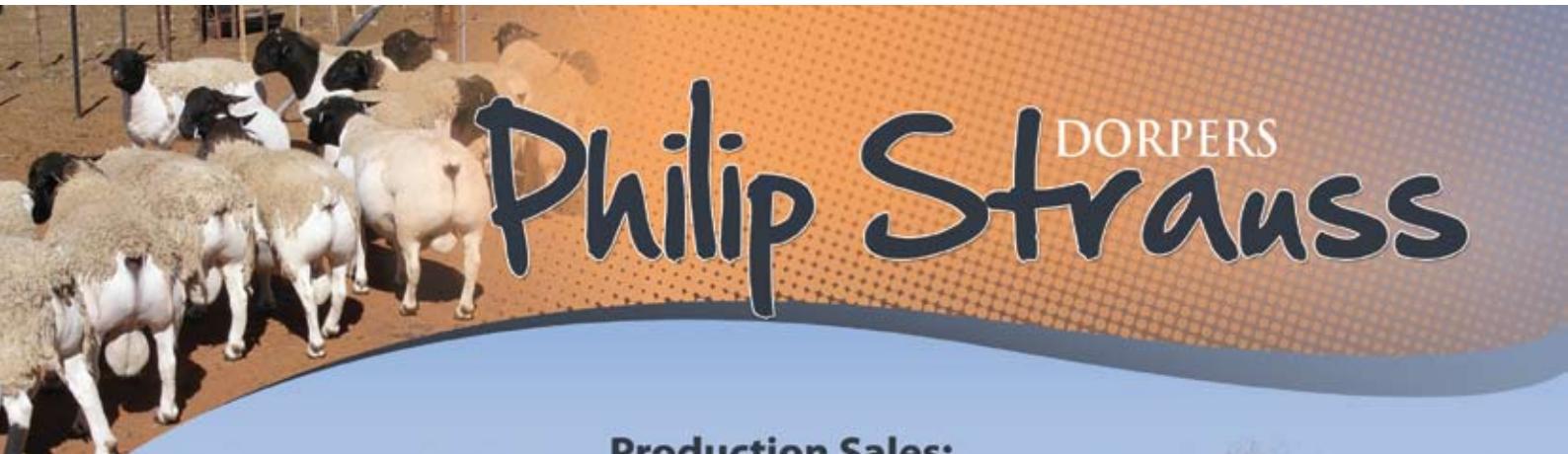
Hi-Tech
Gebruiksram
2de in oorgewigklas
op Wêreld Skou 2008



Profeet
Gebruiksram



Profeet
Lammers



Philip Strauss DORPERS

Production Sales:

25 February 2010 • 19 August 2010





2008
WORLD DORPER &
WHITE DORPER
CHAMPIONSHIP
SHOW
UPINGTON

DORPERNUUS

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ Dorper Ewe lambs U/40kg - STANDARD BANK



1. Philip Strauss



2. Hennie Human



3. Leroy Phillips



4. Jannie Visagie

■ White Dorper Ewe lambs U/40kg - STANDARD BANK



1. Pieter Stoffberg



2. Kasteel Farming



3. Dahenca (D Kriel)



4. Kasteel Farming

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

Dorper Ewe lambs 40-50kg - BKB



1. Rooidam Dorpers



2. Hennie Human



3. Jannie Visagie



4. Steenkamp Genepoel

White Dorper Ewe lambs 40-50kg - BKB



1. Kosie Esterhuizen



2. Peet Cilliers



3. Kosie Esterhuizen



4. Kasteel Farming

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ Dorper Ewe lambs 50-60kg - Cape Gate



1. Rooidam Dorpers



2. Willow Tree Stud



3 & 4. Rooidam Dorpers



5. Jannie Visagie

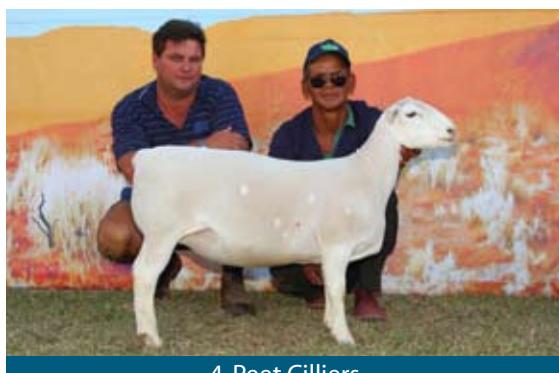
■ White Dorper Ewe lambs 50-60kg - Wes Bank



1 & 2. Dahenca (D Kriel)



3. Kosie Esterhuizen



4. Peet Cilliers



5. Naas Malherbe

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

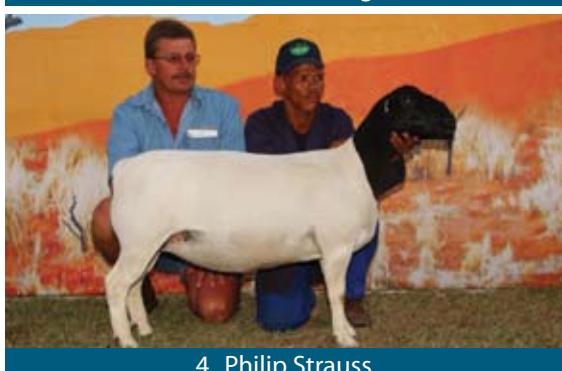
Dorper Ewe lambs O/60kg - Intervet



1 & 2. Jannie Visagie



3. Mickey Phillips

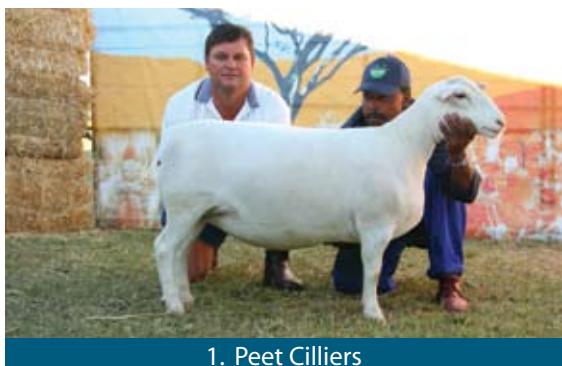


4. Philip Strauss



5. Hennie Human

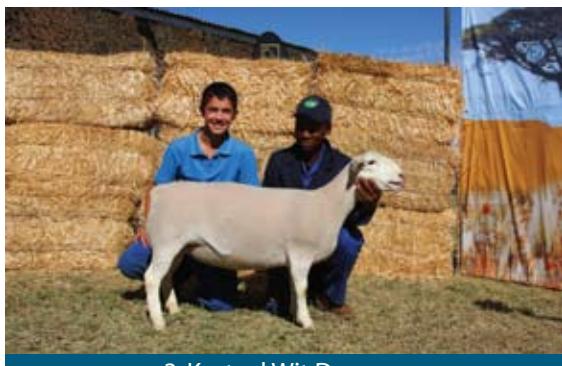
White Dorper Ewe lambs O/60kg - Intervet



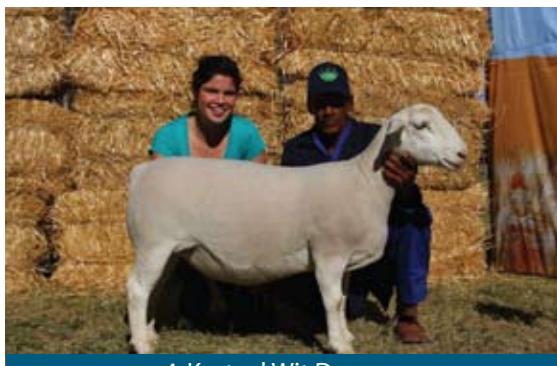
1. Peet Cilliers



2. Dahenca



3. Kasteel Wit Dorpers



4. Kasteel Wit Dorpers

SHOW

-

SKOON

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ Group 3 Dorper Ewe Lambs - Virbac



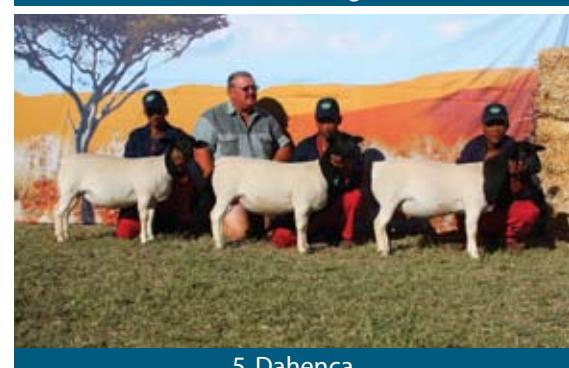
1. Rooidam Dorpers



2. Jannie Visagie



3. Danie Visser



5. Dahenca



5. Jannie Visagie

We thank our sponsors
for their enormous
contribution to the
success of the Show!

■ Group 3 White Dorper Ewe Lambs - Virbac



1. Kosie Esterhuizen



2. Dahenca

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

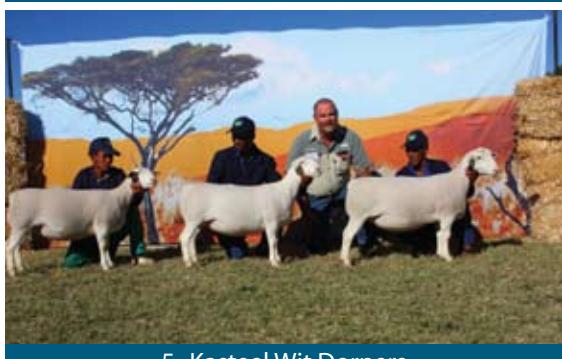
■ Group 3 White Dorper Ewe lambs - Virbac



3. Peet Cilliers



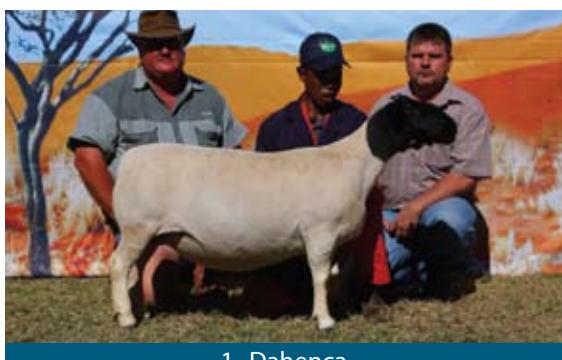
4. Kasteel Wit Dorpers



5. Kasteel Wit Dorpers

Keep your animals healthy
— support Virbac!

■ Dorper Ewe 2 tooth - Molatek & Cape Agri



1. Dahenca



2. Jannie Visagie



3. Dahenca



4. Philip Strauss

SKAAPSKOONSKAAPS SHOW

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

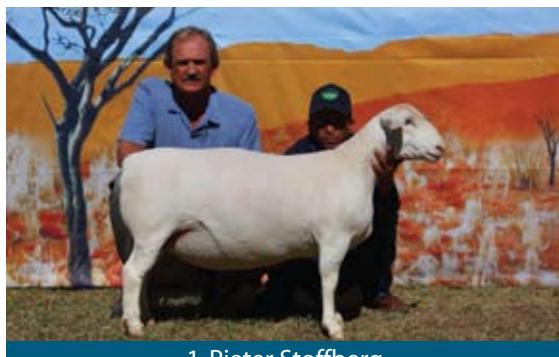
■ Dorper Ewe 2 tooth



1. Ben Grobbelaar

Ondersteun ons borge –
ons het mekaar nodig!

■ White Dorper Ewe 2 tooth - Noord Kaap RPO & SA Skaapvleisforum



1. Pieter Stoffberg



2. Hardus Korb



3. Dahenca



4. Kasteel Wit Dorpers



5. Gert Lötter

Ondersteun die RPO
– ons bedank hulle vir
goeie diens aan die
veebedryf!

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

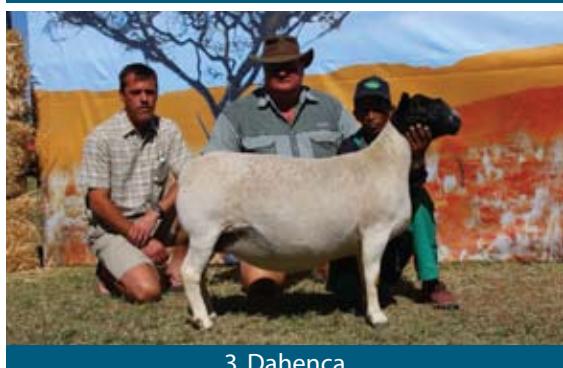
Dorper Ewe 4 tooth - Electronic Engineering (Upington)



1. Jannie Visagie



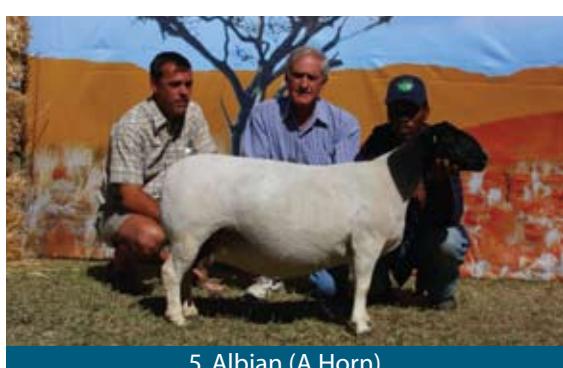
2. Albian (A Horn)



3. Dahenca



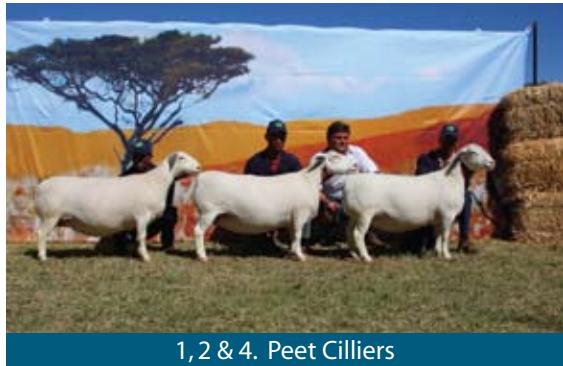
4. Dahenca



5. Albian (A Horn)

Ondersteun die RPO
– ons bedank hulle vir
goeie diens aan die
veebedryf!

White Dorper Ewe 4 tooth - Zelco, LAW, Motolek & Andrag



1, 2 & 4. Peet Cilliers



3. Kasteel Wit Dorpers

SKOKOUS SHOW

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

- White Dorper Ewe 4 tooth - Zelco, LAW, Motolek & Andrag



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joining hands!

- Dorper Ram Lamb U/45kg - Land Bank



1.Rooidam Dorpers



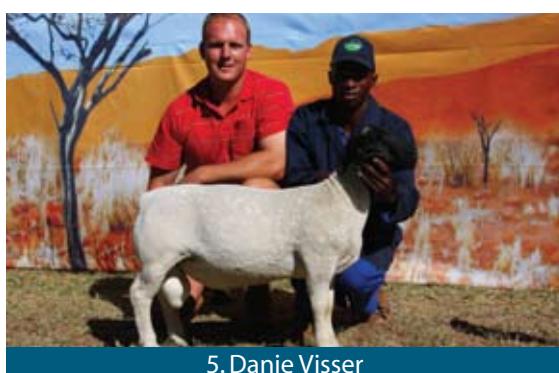
2.Willow Tree Stud



3.Jannie Visagie



4.Mickey Phillips



5.Danie Visser

Die bank wat
boerdery verstaan.

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ White Dorper Ram Lamb u/45kg - FN Batteries



1. Peet Cilliers



2. Gert Lötter



3. Kosie Esterhuizen



4. Dahenca



5. Francois Theron

Keep your batteries charged!

■ Dorper Ram Lamb 45-60kg - BKB



1. Willow Tree Stud



2. Jannie Visagie

WORLD SHOWS - SKOONSK

SKOKOUP SHOW

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

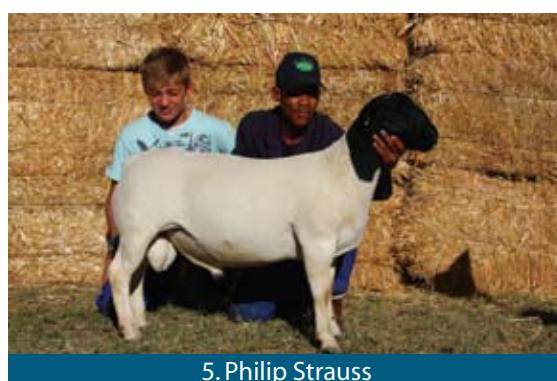
Dorper Ram Lamb 40-60kg - BKB



3. Jannie Visagie



4. Willow Tree Stud



5. Philip Strauss

BKB – die boer se vriend.

White Dorper Ram Lamb 40-60kg - BKB



1. Hugo Visser



2. Dahenca



3. Dahenca



4. Peet Cilliers

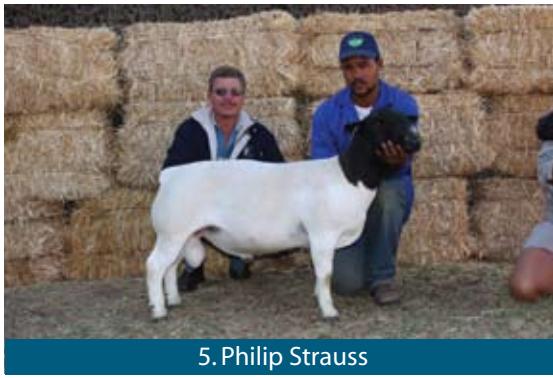
2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ White Dorper Ram Lamb 40-60kg - BKB



GWK
Dankie vir julle bydrae
met die Nasionale
Veldramprojek!

■ Dorper Ram Lamb 60-75kg - GWK



■ White Dorper Ram Lamb 60-75kg - GWK



WORLD
SHOWS -
SKOON

SKOKOUS

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ White Dorper Ram Lamb 60-75kg - GWK



3. Kosie Esterhuizen



4. Hugo Visser



5. Kosie Esterhuizen

Dankie vir julle bydrae
met die Nasionale
Veldramprojek!

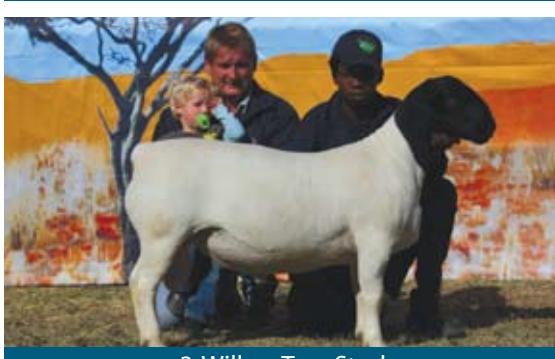
■ Dorper Ram Lamb 75kg - Oranjerivier Voere



1. Rikus van der Merwe



2. Dirk Steenkamp



3. Willow Tree Stud



4. Jannie Visagie

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

Dorper Ram Lamb 75kg - Oranjerivier Voere



5. Ben Grobbelaar

Hulle groei so mooi want
hulle eet nie strooi!

White Dorper Ram Lamb 75kg - BB Spares



1. Kasteel White Dorpers



2. Kasteel White Dorpers



3. Gert Lötter



4. Hugo Visser



5. Peet Cilliers

Het jy onderdele nodig?
Koop aan by die
regte plek!

SKOKOUS

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ Group 3 Dorper Ram Lambs - Pfizer



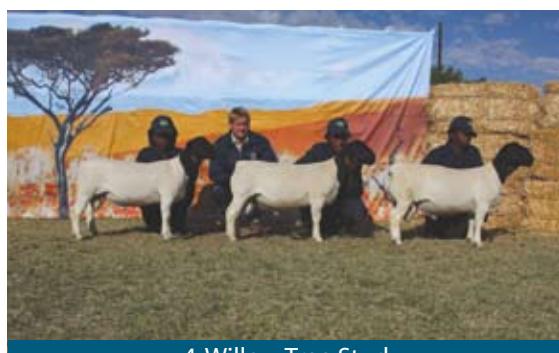
1. Mickey Phillips



2. Rooidam Dorpers



3. Jannie Visagie



4. Willow Tree Stud



5. Jannie Visagie

Dorper vriende!

Dankie vir julle ondersteuning
op elke vlak – ook veral by
die Nasionale Veldramprojek.

■ Group 3 White Dorper Ram Lambs - Pfizer



1. Hugo Visser



2. Peet Cilliers

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ Group 3 White Dorper Ram Lambs - Pfizer



3.Dahenca



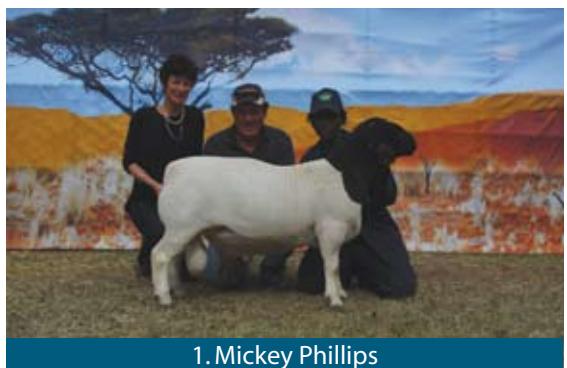
4.Kasteel White Dorpers



5.Peet Cilliers

Ons hoofborg
CMW, hulle lei,
ander volg

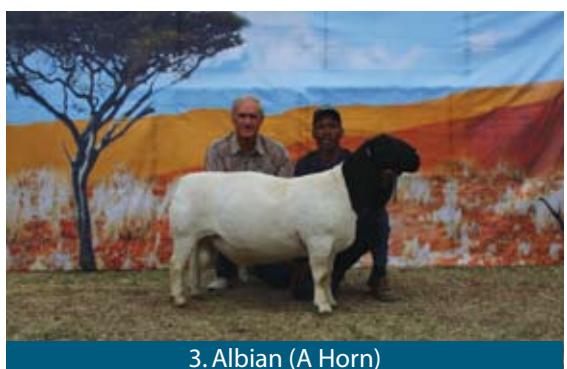
■ Dorper Ram 2 Tooth - Sanlam



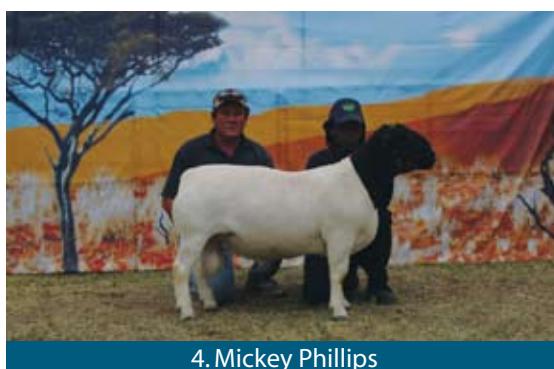
1.Mickey Phillips



2.Dahenca



3.Albian (A Horn)



4.Mickey Phillips

WORLD
SHOW
-
SKOON
-

SKOKOUS

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ Dorper Ram 2 Tooth - Sanlam



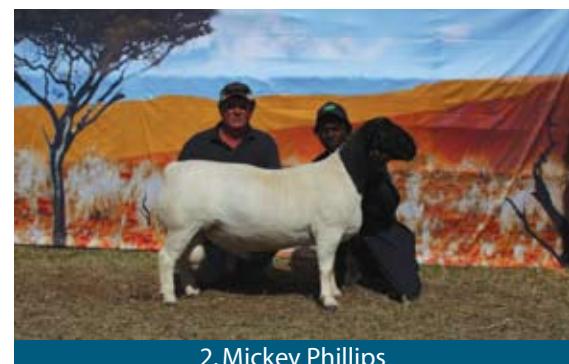
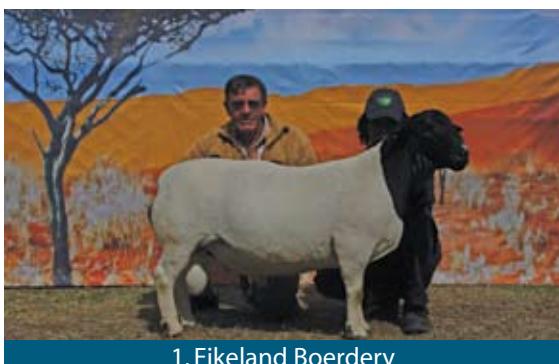
Hou jou
beleggings gesond!

■ White Dorper Ram 2 Tooth - Kalahari paal & staal



Vir sterk heining,
koop die beste
materiaal!

■ Dorper Ram 4 Tooth - Dept Landbou NRDKP



2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

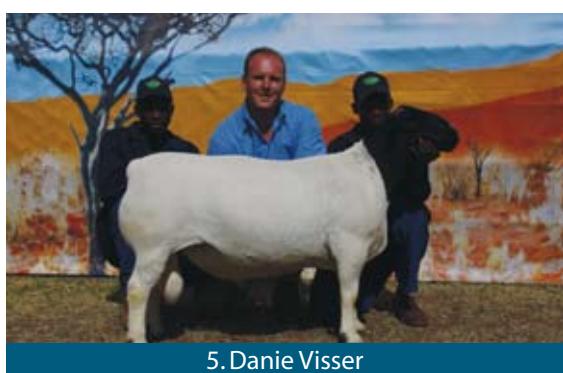
Dorper Ram 4 Tooth - Dept Landbou NRDKP



3. Philip Strauss



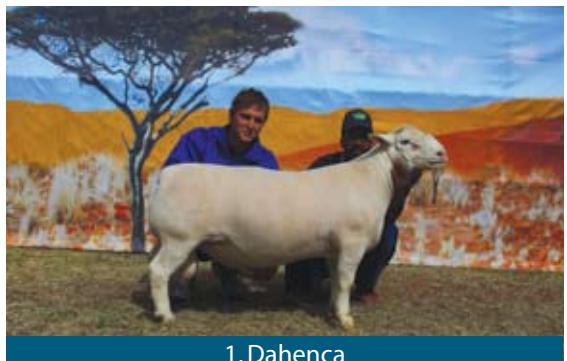
4. Philip Strauss



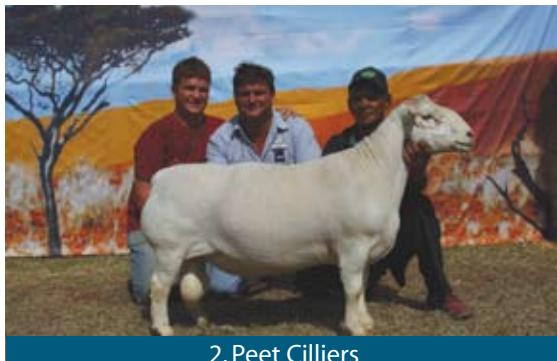
5. Danie Visser

Die Departement
wat die boer
ondersteun –
Noordkaap Landbou

White Dorper Ram 4 Tooth - Dept Landbou NRDKP



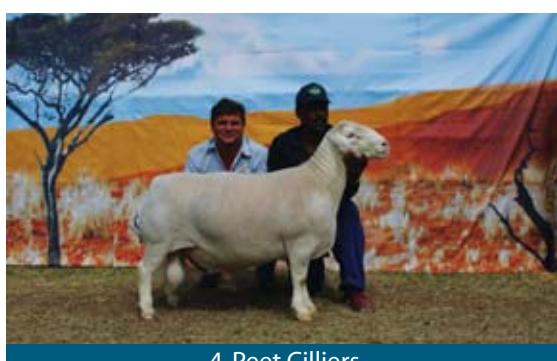
1. Dahenca



2. Peet Cilliers



Dankie aan
Noordkaap vir ruim
ondersteuning!



4. Peet Cilliers

WORLD
SHOW
SKOENIS

SKOU SKOENIS

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ White Dorper Ram 4 Tooth - Dept Landbou NRDKP



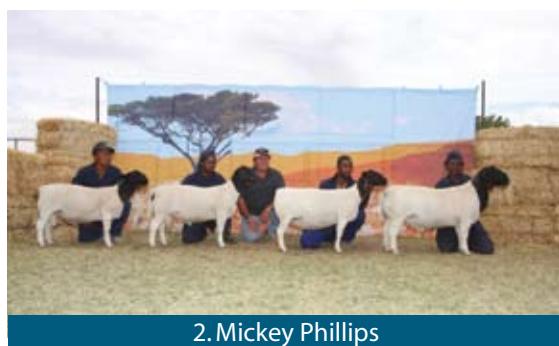
5. Pieter Stoffberg

KLK
Dankie vir julle
groot hulp met die
skou!

■ Dorper Group Ram, Ewe & 2 Lambs - VEEKOS



1. Philip Strauss



2. Mickey Phillips



3. Jannie Visagie



4. Dahenca



5. Dahenca

Dankie!

Weereens baie dankie aan ons borge – sonder u ondersteuning is 'n skou nie moontlik nie.

Dorperboere – kyk wie ons vriende is en maak seker dat julle hulle goed ondersteun!

Aan al ons vertoners – baie geluk. Julle maak ons trots en julle het met hierdie skou ons vaandel hoog gehou. Aan al die beamptes, klub-lede helpers en elkeen wat sy kant gebring het – dit is raakgesien en word waardeer.

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ White Dorper Ram, Ewe & 2 Lambs - VEEKOS



1. Dahenca



2. Peet Cilliers



3. Kasteel White Dorpers



4. Peet Cilliers



5. Pieter Stoffberg

Onthou:

2010 Is om die draai en almal moet aan Dorper 21 behoort wat wil deelneem aan die skou.

■ Grand Champion Dorper Ewes – Borg: FNB



Senior & Res Grand; Junior & Grand Champion
Jannie Visagie



Reserve Junior Champion
Rooidam Dorpers

WORLD
SHOW
SKOON
S

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ Grand Champion Dorper Ewes – KLK



Reserve Senior Champion
Albian (A Horn)

Main Sponsors Dorper & White Dorper Section
CMW
FNB
KLK
Veekos
Pfizer
BKB
Intervet

■ Grand Champion White Dorper Ewes



Junior & Reserve Grand Champion – FNB
Dahenca



Reserve Junior Champion
Kosie Esterhuizen



Senior & Grand Champion – CMW
Peet Cilliers



Reserve Senior Champion – KLK
Pieter Stoffberg

■ Grand Champion Dorper Rams



Junior Champion – Veekos
Willow Tree Stud



Reserve Junior Champion – Phizer
Dirk Steenkamp

2008 WORLD DORPER & WHITE DORPER CHAMPIONSHIP SHOW - Upington

■ Grand Champion Dorper Rams



Senior & Grand Champion – CMW
Eikeland Boerdery (J Steenkamp)

Reserve Senior & Reserve Grand Champion
Mickey Phillips – KLK

■ Grand Champion White Dorper Rams



Junior & Reserve Grand Champion – VEEKOS
Pieter Stoffberg

Reserve Junior Champion – Phizer
Kasteel White Dorpers



Senior & Grand Champion – CMW
Dahenca

Reserve Senior Champion – KLK
Peet Cilliers

■ Breeder of Champions



Most points White Dorper Section
Peet Cilliers



Most points Dorper Section
Jannie Visagie

Borge / Sponsors

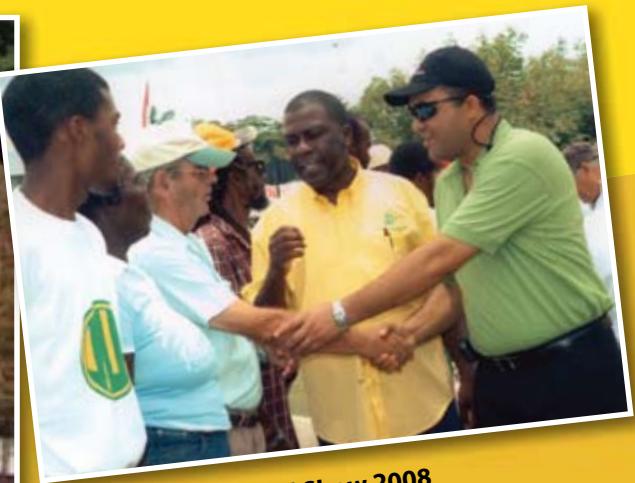
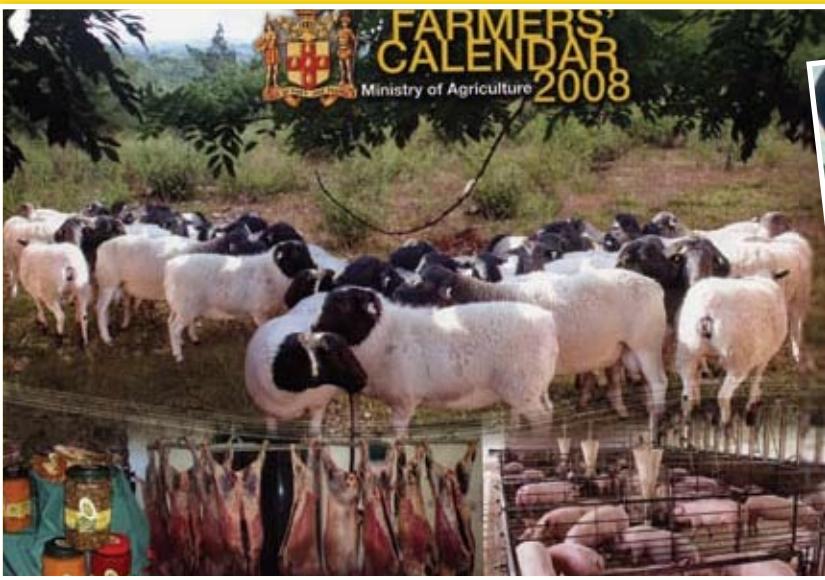
BORG/SPONSOR	KONTANT/CASH	PRODUKTE/PRODUCTS	STATUS
CAPE MOHAIR & WOOL	R 30 000	R 10 000	HOOFBORG 1
KL K	R 34 500	R 4 000	HOOFBORG 2
F N B	R 30 000		Goud
NRD KP DEPT LANDBOU	R 25 000		Goud
VEEKOS	R 15 000	R 7 000	Goud
PFIZER	R 20 000	R	PLATINUM
B K B	R 12 000	R 6 000	PLATINUM
G W K	R 10 000		SILWER
MOLATEK	R 5 000		SILWER
VIRBAC	R 6 000		SILWER
MOBILE SHEEP (LHC)		2 SILVER TEASETS	BRONS
CAPE GATE	R 4 000		BRONS
PLANKIES VD WALT	R 2 000		BRONS
J & B FARMING	R 250		BRONS
WESBANK	R 3 000		BRONS
LAW	R 1 000		BRONS
SANLAM	R 3 000		BRONS
ORANJE RIVIER VOERE	R 4 000		BRONS
KAAP AGRI	R 1 000		BRONS
ZELCO	R 1 500		BRONS
KLAHARI PAAL&	R 2 000		BRONS
MOTOLEK	R 1 000		BRONS
ANDRAG	R 1 000		BRONS
B B SPARES	R 5 000		SILWER
GRESSE SWEISWERKE	R 2 000		BRONS
MTN/URB KLANK	R 2 000		BRONS
T C PANEELEWERK	R 1 000		BRONS
ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING	R 5 000		SILVER
MIDAS	R 1 000		BRONS
NRD KAAP RPO	R 5 000		SILVER
SA SKAAPVLEIS FORUM	R 5 000		SILVER
LANDBANK	R 5 000		SILVER
FIRST NATIONAL BATTERIES	R 5 000		SILVER
INTERVET	R 4 000	PLUS BRONSBEELENDE	Goud

STANDARD BANK	R 10 000		SILVER
CONRADIE VAN HEERDEN	R 2 000		BRONS
NOOTGEDACHT	R 1 500		BRONS
ROOIDAM DORPERS	R 1 000		BRONS
2008			
CLUBS:			
WESKAAP	R 1 000		
OOSKAAP	R 1 000		
OVERVAAL	R 1 000		
BO-KAROO	R 500		
VRYSTAAT	R 1 000		
DORPERLAND	R 20 000		
	R 290 250		
CENTRAL SCALES	USE OF 2 ELECTRONIC SCALES FOR WEIGHING		SILVER
PRODUKTE/PRODUCTS			
VOERMOL			
BAYER			
TRANS ORANJE DRUKKERS			
FITT IT			
TOPKOS		R 2 000	
TRANSBOEGOE		R 2 000	
SA FEEDPHOS			
J G MATIE LE ROUX & VENNOTE	WINE FOR GIFTS	R 7 000	
SKAPE/ SHEEP			
KLIPKOPPIES BOERDERY 5			
ROOIDAM DORPERS 1			
H J J VAN ZUL 1			
D JL STEENKAMP 1			
WILLEMSE VISSER 1			
SANDPUTS BOERDERY 2			
LEON VAN NIEKERK 1			
DEPARTEMENT DIEREGESONDHEID UPINGTON	ONTSMETTINGSMIDDEL & ONTSMETTING VAN KRALE ASOKO KLINIESE ONDERSOEKE	DISINFECTANT FOR PENS + WORK AND CLINICAL EXAMINATION	

"This Type 5 Dorper ewe helped me in the drought to rear 2 orphaned Savana kids."
 What mothering characteristics!!! – Sent in by John Dell



From Jamaica



Denbigh Agricultural Show 2008

Left to right: Shaun, Hilma Robinson, Ian, Rasta,
Senator Norman Grant, Dr Christopher Tufton –
Minister of Agriculture for Jamaica

Supreme Champion Ram named "Aussi"

At the Denbigh Agricultural & Industrial Show 2008
Shown by Ian Robinson – second year running!



*IRR – Denbigh 2008 trophy for best ewe-lamb.
Presented by Senator Norman Grant*



- P.C.V. du Toit

Veld Regeneration after fire

in the Kalahari Thornveld

Aim and Objectives

The aim of the study is to monitor the rate of regeneration of the vegetation of the Kalahari Thornveld following fire in this tall grassveld, which is normally reserved for grazing by cattle.

The objectives of the study are:

- To follow the rate of recovery of the most palatable grasses
- To conduct two types of botanical surveys, namely line-point surveys and ten square metre quadrat harvesting
- To estimate the number of years following the fire, before full use can be made of the veld by grazing.

Background

The vegetation of the Kalahari Thornveld varies tremendously over very short distances, on account of soil type and soil depth and the reaction of the vegetation to the annual rainfall. There are flat plains with mainly *Acacia erioloba* trees dominating and rocky hills with a variety of different, very palatable (*Grewia spp* & *Diospyros spp*) to unpalatable shrubs (*Rhus spp*, *Euclea spp* & *Tarchonanthus camphoratus*). In between the tall thorn trees occurs a variety of tall grasses which differ in palatability throughout the season, which makes the rotational grazing of this veld very difficult.

Due to irregular and sparse rainfall, the forage supply is not constant year after year, which still further aggravates the problem, a realistically low stocking rate is usually applied to these farms. However, during periods of above normal rainfall, the grass growth is fats as a result, not very nutritious. Animals then graze very selectively, which in turn means that the production of plant material is very high, but not very nutritional. This material builds up and suppresses the growth of the palatable grasses during the following year. Burning off these grasses aids in the recovery of the vegetation, and it is usually found that the following growth is very nutritious and the animal production very high. This trial was carried out on Vaalharts Research Station, following a devastating veld fire, which occurred during 1997.

Conclusions

Burning of the vegetation should be considered in the Kalahari Thornveld when the grass growth has become too rank for the animals to graze in order to produce satisfactorily. However, too frequently burning can be very damaging to the veld, leading to a poor species composition, which impacts negatively on animal production. In this particular type of Kalahari Thornveld, the vegetation recovered almost fully after seven years, however, the period may be shorter in areas where the soil is deeper.

Die volgende skrywe is ontvang van Johan Coetzer:

Die Dorper...er

My eerste kennismaking met die ras, was Marlow Landbouskool. Dit was maar 'n effentjiese kursus van paar lesings en demonstrasies aangebied deur Mnr Herman Bekker. Wat ons wel goed kon doen was om die skaap te eet want daar is elke dag vir die hostel geslag! Aan die begin help jy met takies soos bene-vashou ens. maar op 'n dag sit die spanleier die mes in jou hand en die oomblik van waarheid het aangebreek – keelafsnyn moet jy keelafsnyn!

Ek het na skool vir twee jaar gaan werk, meestal wol geklas, voor ek Grootfontein toe is. Hier was dit 'n perd van 'n ander kleur.

Die Dorperkursus was die grondslag van jou toekomstige kleinveekennis. Dit was 'n saak van erns. Mnr Boepie Erasmus was die lektor. Hy het nie net belanggestel nie, hy was 'n kenner van die ras. Hy was ook 'n goeie rugbyspeler (heelaagter)

Vir tien maande lank het ons net Dorperskape beoordeel. Met 'n bestaande punte stelsel vir die verskillende ras-eienskappe. Daar is veral klem gelê op die meer belangrike eienskappe, soos grote, bouvorm ens. Minder belangrike eienskappe "Fancy points", moes nie jou keuse te drasties beïnvloed nie, m.a.w, jy moes nie vlooie soek nie!

Grootfontein se kudde het bestaan uit 'n mengsel van kleure en liggaamsbou. Die skaap waarmee ons gewerk het, was seker met opset so gekies om ons blootstelling te gee aan al die verlangde eienskappe. Van baie goed tot uiters swak. Van die skape het groot, lelike koppe gehad wat meegebring het dat van die stadsjapies hulle baie versigtig hanteer het – bang hulle kan dalk byt?? Hierdie skape waarmee ons te doen gehad het, het heelwat verskil van die huidige Dorper. Hoër op die been met 'n heelwat swakker vetverspreiding, veral om die stertgedeelte. Ek sal nie eers probeer om al die kleurskakerings te beskryf nie!

Daar is elke twee tot drie weke 'n praktiese toets afgelê. Na drie maande het die punte begin tel. Dit was dan 'n samevoeging van al jou punte tot aan die einde van die kursus. Jy kon dus nie met een of twee gelukkige eindeksamen resultate as Dorper Dux student bekroon word nie. Jy moes reg deur die kursus goeie resultate lever. (Kenmerk van 'n "stockman")

Met 131 studente in hierdie klas van 1958 kon jy nie een glips bekostig as jou mikpunt daar bo was nie.

Lank voor die einde van die kursus het ons geweet hoe lyk die "ranking order". Gelukkig was ek darem een van hulle. (Daar is mos nie iets soos 'n geheim op hierdie Kollege nie!!) Met die aanvang van die laaste toets was nog net ek en Grey werklik in die wedloop. Hy het al die pad van Ermelo gekom en was glo so twee punte voor my. Genadiglik het ek dit gemaak.

Die hartseer van die verhaal is, die wenner kry alles en die tweede man, al is dit met een punt, verdwyn in die niet. Om die verhaal nog meer dramaties te maak – dieselfde Grey het aan die einde van sy Senior jaar 1959 met 'n haarsbreedte wéér tweede geëindig as Skaap- en -Wol Dux.

Tot my groot vreugde het die Dorpertelers vereniging in 1958 (50 jaar gelede!) besluit om 'n mooi trofee aan die Dorper Dux te oorhandig. Dit was 'n grôôt eer om die eerste wenner van die trofee te wees.

Ek het die nuus in die Vrystaat gekry waar ek besig was om wol te klas en moes groot verskoning maak omdat ek nie in die middel van 'n belangrike skeersel die produsent in die steek kon laat om 'n prysuitdeling op Middelburg te gaan bywoon nie!!!

Aan die begin van my Senior jaar ontbied oom Matie Cilliers (Kollege beampte) my na sy kantoor om my te wys hoe die beker lyk wat ek met die prysuitdeling van die vorige jaar sou ontvang het.

Wat 'n pragstuk! Dit kon so raak-raak aan 'n man se knieë as dit op die grond staan. Ek sou die beker baie graag wou vashou, maar die ou mense het nie geglo aan fieterjasies nie – die beker was blink gevryf en toegesluit in 'n vertoonkas en ek kon net kyk....dit is al!

Ek wil die Dorpertelers geluk wens met die pragskaap van vandag.

Pas net op vir te kort beentjies vir 'n ekstensiewe skaap of hoe?

Vriendelike groete
Johan Coetze



2006 port elizabeth

Ek en my kleinseun James Coetzer en my seuns vlnr Francois, Jacques en Igor



Ek en James

Baie dankie vir die interessante storie uit ons geskiedenis wat jy met ons gedeel het, Johan!
Rasdirektein



Wenner van verskeie jare
van die gesogte Dorper Beker
- hulle het die voorreg gehad
maar Johan nie!

(Is daar dalk
van hulle wat jy
herken?)

In Memoriam

DIE OOM MET DIE GLIMLAG

Oom Tertius Wehmeyer

Die Oom met die Widdorpers – “Ougat Widdorpers”

So erg as wat hy was oor sy skape was, was hy oor sy tuin – die gras altyd perfek gesny – die rante se hoeke 90° en wanneer jy in sy tuin staan met 'n glasie rooiwyn in die hand en deur die openinge van die pilare kyk, is daar altyd iets mooi wat 'n fokuspunt is. Sy plot teen die Magaliesberg het 'n asemrowende uitsig wat oor die hele Pretoria tot by Hartebeespoortdam uitkyk en nog steeds water uit die bergfontein kon gebruik.

"Oom Ters" was dalk nie so bekend met sy skape oor die land nie, maar ons hier in die Ou Transvaal het altyd van hom geweet – hy was altyd 'n faktor by die skoue en het ook 'n heel paar keer die kampioen met die meeste punte!

Hy was baie lief om met staal te werken kon mooi dinge uit weggoog-goed maak. Bou konstruksie het hy ook met pynlike presisie gedoen en menige families se huise met kundigheid in paleise omskep.

Hierdie talentvolle, goeie man word ook in 2008 'n statistiek van 'n wrede, nodelose plaasaanval. 'n Familie sonder 'n pa, 'n gemeenskap sonder 'n vriend en 'n 98-jarige vader sonder sy seun.....

Sterkte aan die familie.
Ons mis jou Oom Ters!

Phil Rawlins



Tertius Wehmeyer saam met Dennis v/d Merwe by die Skou 2008

T J Smith skryf:

Dit was met groot hartseer dat ons verneem het van die moord op Tertius Wehmeyr die aand van 5 November 2008.

Hy was besig om water te lei en is doodgeskiet toe hy om 21h15 na buite gegaan het om die water af te skakel.

Tertius is in Port Elizabeth gebore – een van drie seuns. Reeds op skool het sy besonderse gawes as sportman voor-endag gekom en was hy vir twee jaar agtereenvolgens die Victor Lodorme van sy skool.

Tertius het ook later die Diggers rugbyklub en Transvaal Provinssiaal verteenwoordig op die rugbyveld.

Na skool het hy homself as vlieënier bekwaam by die SAL en later het die boerdery-goggas hom gebly en het hy voltyds begin boer met beeste. Hy het later oorgeskakel na skape en welbekend geword vir sy skou-prestasies die afgelope aantal jare.

Tydens sy dood was hy aktief betrokke in die boubedryf.

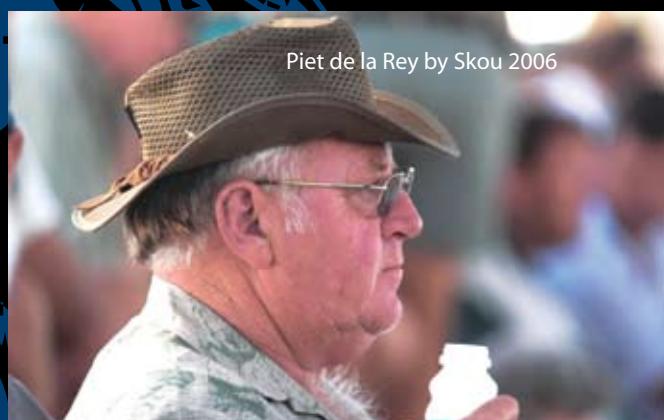
Ons sal hom altyd onthou as 'n saggearde, vriendelike man wat na aan sy familie en vriende geleef het.

'MY OU MAAT'.....

Piet de la Rey

Dit was die woorde wat mense gehoor het wanneer Oom PIET DE LA REY met hulle praat.

Die man met 'n absolute passie vir Dorpers om nie te praat van sy passie vir Dorpermense nie! Hulle was sy familie! Jarelank lewendehawe agent by BKB en toe kom hy in die lewe van die Dorper-familie en bring vreugde oral.



Piet de la Rey by Skou 2006

Altyd vriendelik, altyd tyd om met jou te praat....Gesels – dit wat hy die meeste geniet het. Oor alles met almal.....

Ek onthou nog so goed toe ek hom Upington Nasionale Veiling toe gevat het – hy kon nie wag om daar te kom nie en ons was nog nie 2 km van my huis af nie toe sê hy: "Jy praat dan nie met my nie!!" en toe moes ons gesels.....

Op elke dorp is daar gestop vir tee want op elke dorp het hy iemand geken en is daar gesels en gekuier – 'n "mens" mens.

In sy lewe het hy kanker oorwin, maar omdat hy só baie omgegee het vir ander se lot, beland hy in die spervuur tydens 'n in-transito-rooftog en weereens word 'n onskuldige lewe geoffer in ons land waar misdaad seëvier.

Die land en Dorpervgemeenskap het 'n vriend verloor.....

Sterkte aan die familie.

Oom Piet, jou plek is leeg om die ring.

'n "ou Maat"

Phil Rawlins

BF Kabamba Son
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Kabamba - 130

Mpandi - 101.6

Wit Wortel - 89.9

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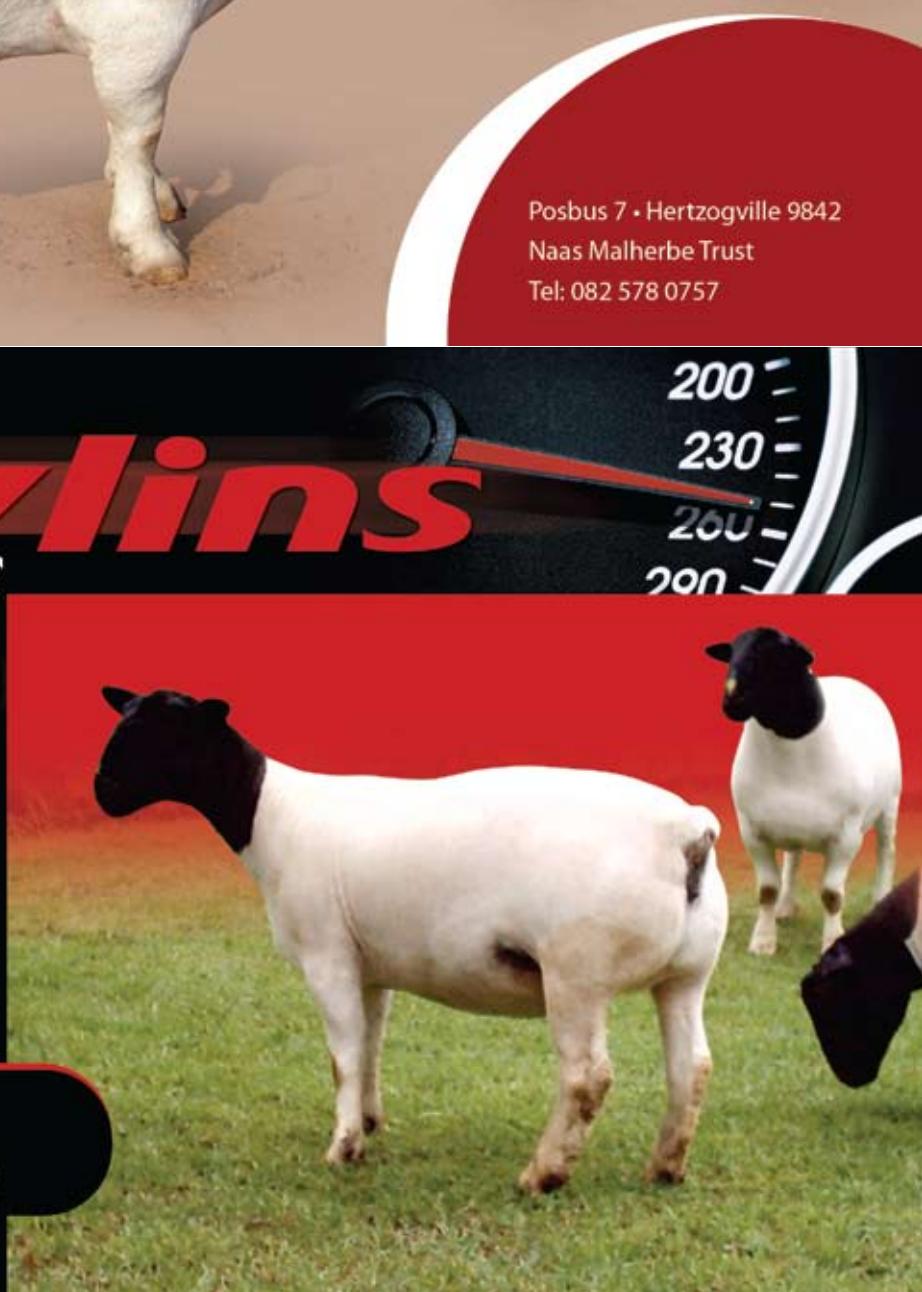
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WEKKER II DAUGHTER AND JUST HAD
TRIPLETS OF 3.8 KG EACH SIRED BY
"TOKOLOSH" (IN BACKGROUND)



Coen CH de Beer

Gebore: 24 September 1921

Oorlede: 7 Februarie 2009

Ek was bevoordeel om saam met Coen de Beer op skool te wees vanaf 1935-1939. Hulle was 'n groot familie van 10 kinders, 5 seuns en 5 dogters. Vanaf laerskool was ons skakelpaar van ons skool se rugby span op Kenhardt. Latere jare was ons ook die dorp se skakelpaar.

Coen was van kleins af lief vir diere en was veral goed met perde en skape. Hy was 'n gebore boer.

In 1940 los hy skool en sluit by die berede kompanjie aan in die 2de Wêreldoorlog. Na verder opleiding gaan hulle oor na die tanks.

Hy was 'n baie hardkoppige man en partykeer moeilik om te hanteer maar altyd betrokke. Coen het 'n hart van goud gehad en sou enigelets vir jou doen as jy hom nodig het.

Ek sê altyd vir 'n stoetboer hy moet 3 eienskappe hê.

1. Hy moet 'n stoetplaas hê
2. Hy moet geld hê
3. Hy moet kennis hê van die dier waarmee hy boer.

Coen het in die begin nie die eerste 2 gehad nie maar hy was 'n gebore stoetboer, hy het sy diere by die naam geken en sonder enige opleiding het hy later die naam koning van die Wit Dorper gekry.

Hy was ook stigterslid van Dorperland Dorperklub in 1968.

Coen se plaas was soos 'n dieretuyn. Saam met sy vrou

Bettie het hulle hope wilde diere op die plaas gehad, tot selfs 'n rooi jakkals!

Ek neem afskeid van 'n getroue vriend en sal hom baie mis. Nou dat hy dood is, is ek die enigste oorblywende soldaat van die 2de Wêreldoorlog in Kenhardt en voel baie eensaam. Gelukkig het ek darem nog baie jong vriende.

Ek sluit 'n foto in van Coen, my suster Ria en broer Corrie wat op De Aar geneem is met hul vertrek na Egipte. My broer Corrie was later bestuurslid van die S.A.D.T.G.

geskryf deur Blumerus Conradie en ingestuur deur Boetie Burger

"Ons groet 'n Soldaat van die Dorperbedryf - Oom Coen de Beer" (Rasdirekteur)



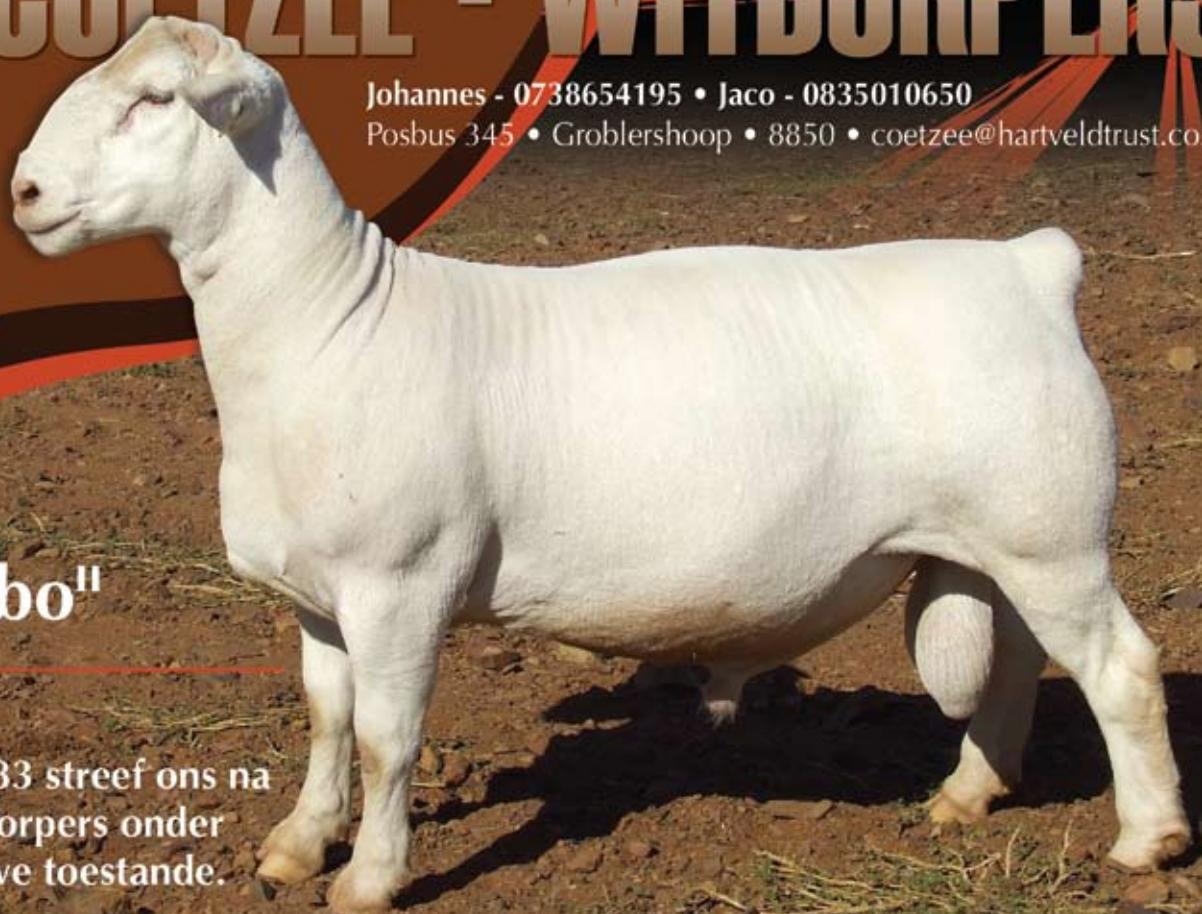
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"Jumbo"

Sedert 1983 streef ons na
geharde dorpers onder
ekstensiewe toestande.

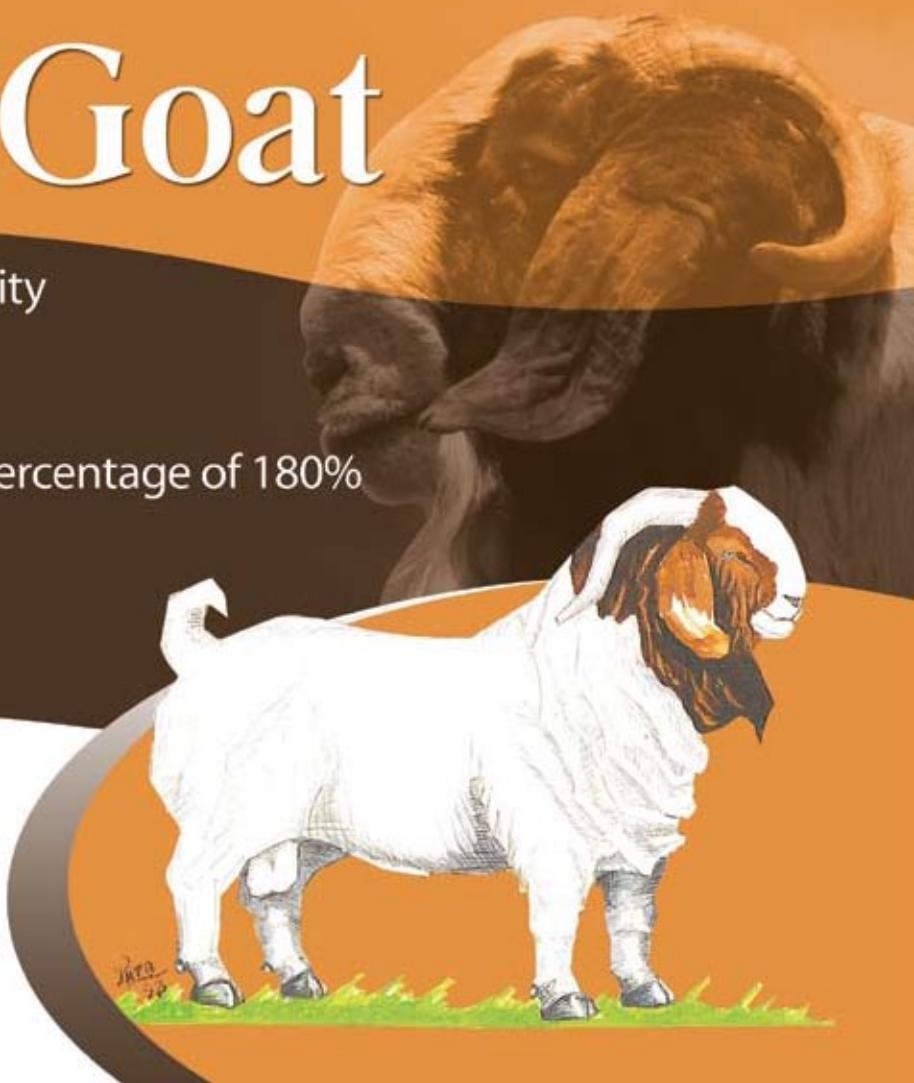


The DORPER SA website features a blue header with the word "DORPER" in large letters and a smaller logo. Below the header is a navigation menu with links to Home, About Us, Dorper Breed Info, Breeders' Resources, Gallery, Links, Publications, Sales, Upington Show 2008, and Membership List. A copyright notice at the bottom left reads "All Content Copyright © 2009". On the right side, there is a large image of several white sheep, and below it, a section titled "Welcome To our Home Page" with the subtext "The Dorper.....The Carcass King.....The Breed That Looks After His Boss!". A detailed paragraph describes the breed's history and global presence. A large, stylized "New website!" message is overlaid across the center of the page.

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Thank you!

Sarah Masalisa

On the 5th September 2008 Sarah Masalisa reached 20 years of employment at the Dorper Sheep Breeders' Society. Certainly an achievement these days!

Sarah is responsible for every bit of post leaving or entering the office and keeps strict control over it all.

All those last minute orders from clubs and members, her capable little hands packs quickly and securely to reach the destination on time. She also handles the ear tags – sorting, packing and posting. Cleaning the office is another one of her duties which she executes with pride.

Visitors are always welcomed with a cup of tea or coffee. When we feel a bit down, Sarah always enters with her cheerful greeting and permanent smile to bring a sunbeam into the office.

It really is a pleasure to have her in our office.

To celebrate the 20 years we had cake and tea, the local press was invited and we presented her with a Certificate for her contribution to the Dorper Industry.

We are proud of you Sarah – Thank you very much!



Dankie!

Sarah Masalisa

Op 5 September 2008 het Sarah Masalisa haar 20 jaar kerf by die Dorperskaapetersgenootskap bereik – voorwaar 'n prestasie in hierdie dae.

Sarah is verantwoordelik vir elke posstuk wat die kantoor verlaat of binnekom en hou streng rekord van alles. Al daardie pakkies wat so op die laaste minuut deur ons lede en klubs aangevra word, maak haar vlytige handjies netjies en vinnig op sodat dit betyds kan aankom al was die bestelling laat! Verder sorg sy dat die oorplaatjies uitgesoek, verpak en gepos word. Die skoonhou van die kantoor – wat sy uitstekend doen – is ook deel van haar pligte en sy doen ook hierdie werk met trots. Besoekers word vinnig met 'n kopje koffie of tee voorsien.

Wanneer ons die dag bietjie "af" voel kom Sarah altyd met haar kenmerkende glimlagtie en vriendelike groet soos 'n sonstraal by die deur in. Dit is voorwaar 'n plesier om haar in ons kantoor te hê.

Om die 20 jaar te vier is daar gekoek-en-tee, die plaaslike Pers het 'n foto kom neem en ons het 'n Sertifikaat vir Bydrae tot die Dorperbedryf aan Sarah oorhandig. Dankie Sarah – ons is trots op jou.

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Dorperdag

Deur Ds Cassie van der Berg (Trompsburg)

UITNEMEND! Vrystaat Dorperklub het oor die jare baie goeie Dorperdae en kompetisies gereel vir Dorperboere, maar hierdie een was spesial!

Op 4 Junie 2008 het 65 mense bymekaar gekom op die pragtige plaas, Goedehoop van Dr Johan en Antje Smit. Hy is 'n mediese dokter op Edenburg en Antje bedryf haar eie apieke in Edenburg. Hulle is besig om 'n stewige Witsdorperstoet op Goedehoop te vestig.

Francois en Christa Botha, het grootliks die dag gereel met groot sukses, met hier en daar 'n bestuurslid wat hand bygesit het en watter goeie werk hulle nie gedoen nie!



Dr Quinton Campbell
Hoofspreker van die dag



Christa en Francois Botha oorhandig 'n geskenk aan Riaan Erasmus van SAMIC

Dr Quinton Campbell was die hoofspreker van die dag en het gepraat oor "Die ontwikkeling en opbou van die Dorper ras." Hy het heelwat kwinkslae uit die geskiedenis met ons gedeel en aan die einde van sy lesing 'n praktiese demonstrasie gegee van hoe die moderne Dorper moet lyk. Hiervoor is 'n Witsdorper ram van Dr Johan Smit gebruik.



Dr Pieter Fourie het gepraat oor "Die Toekoms van die Dorper ras" en het met interessante, vergelykbare statistieke 'n paar boere se oë laat rek.

Aan die einde het Riaan Erasmus van SAMIC gepraat oor "Karkasgehalte en bemarking van rooivleis". Aan die hand van 'n netjiese Dorperkarkas is vleiskwaliteit en snitte aan ons verduidelik. Daarna is lootjies getrek en die gelukkige wenner van die karkas was Mnr & Mev Frans Joubert, bejaarde en afgetrede Dorperboere van Bultfontein.

Aan die uitstallers van Dorperskape is die geleentheid gegee om hulle diere aan die besoekers te vertoon. Die ongeveer 65 besoekers het behoorlik saamgedrom om die diere te besigtig. Uitstallers was: Cassie v.d Berg (Trompsburg), Andries van Niekerk (Edenburg), Wicus Cronje (Petrusburg), Francois Botha (Trompsburg), Sunley Cilliers (Verkeerdevlei) en D Johan Smit (Edenburg).

Daar is 'n demonstrasie vir die dames aangebied deur mev Anphilia van der Walt van Trompsburg oor twee soorte vleisdisse. Sy is 'n opgeleide sjef en die dames het nuuskierig alle interessante dinge gevraag.

Ons borge was:

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2. Bayer
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4. CMW
5. ENB (Reddersburg)
6. Francois Retief (Edenburg)
7. Minolta

Ons het ook heerlik saamgeéet aan die smaklike geregte en heerlike braaivleis wat Hennie Vorster van Reddersburg Vleismark vir ons gebraai het.

Na vele opwinding, lekker lag, goed saamkuier en met nuwe kennis is ons laatmiddag uitmekaar. Hierdie was sowaar 'n baie spesiale dag – so tussen Dorperboere en Dorper vriende.....

(Ja nee, Cassie – ons wéét die Vrystaters mag maar!!! Dankie Vrystaat Klub! Rasdirekteur)

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Die suksesvolle integrasie van die twee afslaers-ondernehemings, met die reeds gevestigde handelsname van Louwid en Van Wyk Lewende Hawe, vestig BKB nie net as 'n markleier in dié bedryf nie, maar maak dit sekerlik ook een van die grootste rolspelers – indien nie dié grootstel BKB, BKBLouwid en BKB VAN WYK se besigheid behels uit-die-hand-verkoop, spesiale- en vastepunteveilings, asook internet- en videoveilings.

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Dirk Louw, een van Suider Afrika se grootste stoet- en
kommersiële Dorper-, Karakoel- en Boerboktelers.

GROOT KAMPIOEN OOI / GRAND CHAMPION EWE



“

Ek gebruik HerdMaster om al my
geboortes en gewigte na die kantoor
te stuur. HerdMaster is beslis die
regte kuddebestuurprogram op die
regte tyd. Die ondersteuning wat ek
kry, is ook baie goed, en ek beveel die
program aan vir my mede-telers

”



‘n Dekade se harde werk

Die momentum van 2008 se sukses is hierdie jaar voortgesit op die Veldramveiling te Philippolis. Al 82 ramme is verkoop teen ‘n gemiddelde prys van R5 246,95. BKB was die agente en Allan Sinclair die afslaer.

Aanvanklik is 147 ramme ingeskryf middel April 2008 op die plaas Vlakfontein van Charl Weideman in die Philippolis distrik. Op die veiling is egter net 82 ramme aangebied wat besonder mooi vertoon het die dag van die veiling. Die afrondingsfase was vanaf 10 Desember 2008 tot 20 Februarie 2009.

Deelnemers aan die projek :

Cassie van der Berg, Francois Botha, Garry Simon, Sunley Cilliers, Heinie Brumm, Izak Nel, Dawie Keyser, Mickey Phillips, John Dell en Ben Grobbelaar.

Charl Weideman, Voorsitter van die Vrystaat Dorperklub vir die afgelopen 3 jaar en ook Projekbestuurder van die Veldramveiling.

Die duurste ram was ‘n wittorporer ram van Heinie Brumm – lot 334 vir R24 000

Van die Witsdorperramme het hy die hoogste indeks gehad nl ‘n ST van 106. Die koper was Dirk Lombard van Klerksdorp.

Die duurste Dorper ram was Ben Grobbelaar se ram – lot 2 met ‘n ST van 119, die koper was Jannie Kruger van Philippolis – R20 000



Daar was ook 4 Meriete ramme en twee T5 ramme. Kopers van regoor die land het gekom tot sover as Natal en Noord-Wes.

Vrystaat Dorperklub bied nou al vir ‘n dekade Veldramveilings aan maar die idee het stadig my kopers gegroei. Dit lyk nou egter of die idee van prestasietoetsing en veldramveilings momentum begin optel. Ons klub bied tans twee veldramveilings aan naamlik Philippolis en weer op 6 Augustus 2009 te Bethulie op die plaas van Garry Simon wie ook hier projekbestuurder is. Besluit is reeds geneem om ‘n derde veldramveiling aan te bied in Koffiefonteindistrik in 2010 waarna heeltemal weggedoen sal word met gevoerde veilings.

Die momentum wat nou opgebou word in die Vrystaat is die produk van deursettingsvermoë. Verkopers het oor die jare baie min geld vir hulle ramme gekry, maar ons staan voor ‘n nuwe, opwindende fase in die Dorperbedryf en ons glo dat die veldramveilings vir beide kopers en verkopers/telers sal wees.

Ds Cassie van der Berg
Trompsburg

(Voorwaar ‘n wonderlike tyd in die Dorper-geskiedenis – Kopers en Verkopers begin nou die Dorper 21 konsep verstaan en ondersteun en die pad lê wyd oop vir ons mooi ras – Rasdirekteur)

Die appel val nie ver van die boom.....

Like father like son.....

Alida van Niekerk writes:

Sommer net ietsie wat ek weet tannie sal kan waardeer.

Gisteraand toe ek in die kombuis kom, kom ek op die prentjie af – pa en seun besig om groot drome te droom oor ‘n mooi ram! Is dit nie dierbaar nie? G’n wonder as my seuntjie soggens sy ogies oopmaak, hy net skape roep nie.... Hy vrek oor die viervoetige maatjies van hom. Terwyl ek die foto’s geneem het vra ek toe sommer: “Waarna kyk julle?” en hy antwoord blitzvinig “Boude!” Nou ja, wat kan ek verwag as hy altyd saam met Pa in die krale is?

Lekker dag

Alida

Photos sent in by Alida Van Niekerk of Wilhelm and his son dreaming about top Dorper rams. The little man is already a keen Dorper farmer and knows the names of the rams. He is by his Dads' side from dusk to dawn looking after the Dorpers!



From the Dorper kitchen

Uit die Dorper kombuis

Resepte ingestuur deur Boetie Burger Dorperland

These are all very old , traditional recipes.

Gestopte Dorper Lamsblad

1 groot lamsblad
1 k droë broodkrummels
3 repies spek (gebraai en gekrummel)
1 e gekapte pietersielie
1 t.Tiemie
1 e aangemaakte mosterd
1 middelmatige ui gerasper
3 t sout
1 t peper
1 t neutmuskaat meel

Stuffed Dorper shoulder of lamb

1 large shoulder
1 cup dry bread crumbs
3 strips bacon fried and diced
1 tab sp chopped parsley
1 teaspr thyme
1 tab sp mixed mustard
1 med. Onion grated
3 teaspr salt
1 teaspr pepper
1 teaspr nutmeg flour



Ontbeen die blad en vlek oop sodat dit nagenoeg 'n reghoekige vorm aanneem. Sprinkel met sout en peper. Meng die ander bestandele en smeer egalig oor die blad. Rol op en bind elke 5 cm met tou vas. Vryf die blad goed in met meel. Plaas in 'n braaipan en bak by 325 °F (160°C). Vir 30 min + 30 min per pond (500 g) ekstra. Skep elke nou en dan van die uitgebraaide sous en vet oor die rol. Verwyder die tou voor bediening. Halwe appelkose gevul met kweper of appel jellie smaak heerlik hierby.

Debone the shoulder and spread open to square shape. Sprinkle with salt & pepper. Mix other ingredients and spread evenly over meat. Roll up and tie every 5 cm with string. Rub with flour. Place in baking dish and bake at 325°(160°) for 30 min + 30 min per pound (500 g) extra. Spoon pan juice and fat from shoulder over roll with regular intervals. Remove the string before serving. Apricot halves filled with quince or apple jelly is delicious.

Gerolde Dorperrib met sardientjie vulsel

1 Dorperrib (Ontbeen)
2t sout
1t peper
Knypie neutmuskaat

Vulsel:

Meng die volgende:
1 blikkie sardiens
1 gekapte ui
1 eier
1 kop broodkrummels
2 e blatjang
4 e asyn/ suurlemoensap
2-3 e melk

Rolled Rib with sardine filling

1 Dorper rib deboned
2 teaspr salt
1 teaspr pepper
Pinch nutmeg

Filling:

Mix the following:
1 tin sardines
1 chopped onion
1 egg
1 cup bread crumbs
2 tab sp chutney
4 tab sp vinegar/ lemon juice
2 – 3 tab sp milk

Sprinkle salt, pepper and nutmeg over deboned rib. Spread filling mixture over rib , roll and tie with string every 2 ½ cm. Place in pre-heated oven 325°F (160°C) and bake for 1 – 1 ½ hours. Remove string before serving. Arrange canned peach halves filled with chutney around roll. Serve with rice and veges. Make gravy from pan juices.

Sprinkel die ontbeende rib met sout, peper en neutmuskaat. Smeer die vulsel oor, rol die rib op en bind vas met tou elke 2 ½ cm. Plaas in vooraf verhitte oond – 325°F (160°C) en bak vir ongeveer 1 – 1 ½ uur. Verwyder die tou voor bediening. Rangskik halwe ingelegde perskes gevul met blatjang rondom die rib. Bedien met rys en groente. Maak sous van die pansous uit die rol.

Oudydse dorper kasserol

2 groot uie in skywe gesny
3 e olie
1 kg Dorper dikrib in blokkies gesny
1 t neutmuskaat
3 t sout
½ t swart peper

Old fashioned casserole

2 large onions sliced
3 tab sp oil
1 kg Dorper rib cut in blocks
1 teaspr nutmeg
3 teaspr salt
½ teaspr black pepper



2 e meelblom	2 tab sp flour	Fry onion in pan in oil till transparent.
1 – 2 k kookwater	1 -2 cups boiling water	Remove onion and keep one side.
2 groot tamaties – geskil en in blokkies gekap.	2 large tomatoes peeled & diced	Sprinkle meat with salt, pepper, nutmeg and flour. Stir into oil in pan over high heat to seal. Add onion and boiling water and simmer till tender (about 1 hour). Add tomatoe, spoon dough mix over and simmer further 20-30 minutes till Dumpling is cooked.

Braai die uie in die pan in die olie tot deurskynend. Verwyder uie uit die pan en hou eenkant. Sprinkel die vleis met neut, sout en peper en meelblom. Roer by olie oor vinnig hitte om die geur te ontwikkel en die vleis te seël. Voeg die ui by en die kookwater en stowe stadig tot sag (Ongeveer 1 uur +). Voeg die tamatie by, bedek die kasserol met skondeeg. Maak dig toe en laat stowe vir verdere 20 minute tot die kluitjies gaar is. (Die gereg kan ook in die oond in 'n ysterpot gemaak word)

Kluitjies

1 k meelblom
1 ½ t bakpoeier
½ t sout
knypie fyn naeltjie
1 eier
1 e olie
ongeveer 1 koppie melk
Sif droë bestnadele saam.
Klits eier, melk en olie

Dumpling

1 cup flour
1 ½ baking powder
½ salt
pinch ground cloves
1 egg
1 e oil
about 1 cup milk
Sift all dry ingredients
Beat egg, milk & oil

Roer by droë bestandele en skep lepelsvol van die deeg bo-op die vleis. Sit deksel op en prut vir 20 - 30 minute.

Stir into dry mixture and place spoonsfull of dough mixture on top of meat. Place lid on and simmer for 20-30 minutes

Dorper cordon blue tjops

4 dik lendetjops (ongeveer 2 ½ cm)
sout, peper, suurlemoensap
½ kop gerasperde Cheddar kaas
2 e fyngekapte ham / spekyleis
peuselstokkies
ongeveer 3 e meelblom
1 eier
¾ k broodkrummels
Olie vir braai.

Dorper cordon blue chops

4 thick loin chops (about 2 ½ cm thick)
salt, pepper, lemon juice
½ cup grated cheddar cheese.
2 tab sp choppe ham/ bacon
tooth picks
about 3 tab sp flour
1 egg
¾ cup bread crumbs
Oil for frying

Cut the fat in 2 cm intervals to prevent curling when cooked. Sprinkle both sides with salt, pepper and lemon juice. Cut "pocket" in thick part of chop, fill with cheese and ham and close with tooth pick. Roll chop in flour, dip in egg and roll in bread crumbs. Place in fridge for 15 min or longer. Fry till brown in oil. Drain and serve with mashed potato, peas /or asparigus salad.

Sny die vet om die tjops op 2cm afstande om te verhoed dat dit omkrul wanneer die vleis gaargemaak word. Sprinkel die tjops aan weerskante met sout en peper en suurlemoensap. Sny dan 'n "sakkie in die vleisdeel van elke, vul met kaas & ham en steek toe met Peuselstokkie. Rol die tjops in die meel, dan in die eier en dan in die krummels. Plaas in koelkas vir 15 minute of langer. Braai tjops bruin in kookolie, Dreineer en versier met suurlemoenskyfies. Lekker saam met kapokaartappels, groenertjies of asperzie slaai.

Tradisionele Dorper vleispastei

2 kg Dorpervleis (dikrib, skenkels of nek)
4 t sout
1 t swart peper
1 t gemengde speserye
1 t gemmer
8 heel naeltjies
3 medium gekapte uie
½ k asyn
1 k droë wyn
2 -3 e suiker
skilferkorsdeeg.

Traditional Dorper pie

2kg Dorper meat (thick rib, shank/neck
4 teasp salt
1 teasp black pepper
1 teasp mixed spice
1 teasp ginger
8 whole cloves
3 medium chopped onions
½ cup vinegar
1 cup dry wine
2 -3 tab sp sugar
Flaky pastry



Sprinkel al die kruie oor die vleis. Braai vinnig in olie om te seël. Voeg uie by en braai tot uie deurskynend is. Voeg asyn, wyn en suiker by en kook tot die vleis van die bene af val. Verwyder bene en sny vleis mooi fyn. Skep mengsel in vuurvaste bak en bedek met deeg. Bak by 400°F (200°C) vir 30 minute tot kors gaar is. Bedien met soetpampoen, gebakte aartappels en stowe-boontjies. (wenk – vandag se asy is baie suur verdun 50/50 met water. Borsel geklitste eier oor kors voor bak vir mooi blink glans.)

Sprinkle spices over meat. Fry quickly in oil to seal. Add onion and fry till transparent. Add vinegar, wine and sugar and boil till meat leaves bones. Remove bones, cut meat fine. Spoon into ovenproof dish and cover with rolled out Pastry. Bake at 400°F (200°C) for 30 minutes till pastry is done. Serve with sweet pumpkin, roast potato and green beans. (Tip: vinegar today is very acidic – dilute 50/50 water. Paint pastry with beaten egg for nice shine)

Swaarbau Dorpers

Francois & Christa Botha
Posbus 64, Trompsburg, 9913
E-pos: francois@rmsnet.co.za
Tel/ Faks: 051 713 7007
Sel: 082 374 5099



PRESTASIE
PERFORMANCE

- Behoort al sedert 2001 aan Dorper 21
- Wenner van verskeie karkaskompetisies
- 2008 SA Kampioen Enkel Karkas wenner uit Swaarboustoet geteel



PRODUKSIE & REPRODUKSIE IS DIE RESEP TOT SUKSES





Cape Town Baardman

Gebortedatum: 10/2/1949

Gebore te Westfront, Britstown, en groot geword op Westfront.

My ouers het op Westfront, eienaar Ron van der Merwe, gewerk en ons was 4 broers en een suster.

Ek is een van 'n tweeling. My vader was 'n perdeafriger en so het hy ons ook geleer. Ek het geen skool onderrig ontvang nie. My pa het in 1965 afgetree. Ek en my broer het by my vader oorgeneem om perde af te rig.

Ek het perde afgerig tot 1980 vir mnr Ron van der Merwe.

Ek is daarna na die S.A. Spoorweë. Ek het in 1996 op pensioen afgetree.

In 2004 het ek begin boer te Britstown meentgronde. Ek het eers met varke geboer, daarna met Melkbokke en Dorpers. Ek het kursusse geloop in Boerbokke, Melkbokke, erosie en water, gifplante en veldbestuur.

Junie 2007 het ek 'n junior kursus te Carnavon bygewoon, gereel deur Dorperland Dorperklub. Daarna het ek weer 'n juniorkursus, Junie 2008 en senior kursus Julie 2008 te Kenhardt bygewoon. Baie dankie aan die drie here, Hendrik van Zijl, Mauritz van Heerden en Boetie Burger vir wat ek by hulle kon geleer het.

Ek is dankbaar vir die dissipline wat ek by Ron van der Merwe kon leer en die manier waarop hy dit gedoen het. Ek kyk altyd na 'n ding na die beste van my vermoë.

Die grootmense in die Dorperwêreld moet my nie weer uit hul hande los nie.

Baie dankie

Cape Town het albei junior kursusse en senior kursus met 71% geslaag. Baie geluk aan hierdie opregte Christen mens.

(Die briefie is deur Cape Town aan die Dörpertelers geskryf en Boetie Burger het dit oor getik en ingestuur.)

DIE DORPER

Oor wye streke van die dorre ou Karoo
Tot aan die owers van die Limpopo
Trotseer die Dorperskaap ons wind en weer
En kruis ons land se grense sonder keer.

Hulle vroeë vrugbaarheid,
Hul groei, duur deurentyd
En melk span elke lam se kruisie wyd
Gedy dan vinnig tot by markbaarheid
En lewer vleis van hoë kwaliteit.

In elke dier sien die boer 'n ideaal
Dan word dit toevertrou aan die makelaar
Wie dit bemark soos selfbesit met sorg
Om so die toekoms van die boer te borg.

Uit die Pen van Boetie Burger Dorperland

Raar maar waar . . . *Strange but true*

Ons kry baie navrae by die kantoor en party baie vreemd. So kry ons 'n oproep van iemand wat baie ontstig is omdat 'n ooi, wat 'n tweeling gehad het, albei die lammers se sterte afgebyt het! Juanita dog dit is 'n gek-skeerdery en bied pleisters aan! Maar die ooitjie was toe regtig baie kwaai en stamp die lammers telkens hardkoppig weg.

Ons wend ons toe tot ons eie veearts - Prof Stadler en hier is sy antwoord vir toekoms gebruik!

"It is strange that the tails of both lambs were bitten off!" The reason could be that the ewe lambed for the first time and experienced a rough time. If she did not harm the lambs further then I suggest they put the ewe and the lambs in a cage (1,5m x 1,5m). It also sometimes helps to bring a dog close to the cage - she will then feel protective and by protecting the lambs, accept them. Force her every 3 hours to allow the lambs to suckle by holding her down. If she is a young ewe I would not cull her especially not if you could manage to encourage her to accept the lambs - she should not have further similar problems.

We receive many strange requests at the office. One of these was a complaint that the ewe bit the tails of the twin lambs off! Juanita thought the complainant was joking and offered a plaster! However it turned out to be a very nasty case of rejection by the mother.

We phoned our own Vet - Prof Stadler and here is his reply for future reference.

"It is strange that the tails of both lambs were bitten off!" The reason could be that the ewe lambed for the first time and experienced a rough time. If she did not harm the lambs further then I suggest they put the ewe and the lambs in a cage (1,5m x 1,5m). It also sometimes helps to bring a dog close to the cage - she will then feel protective and by protecting the lambs, accept them. Force her every 3 hours to allow the lambs to suckle by holding her down. If she is a young ewe I would not cull her especially not if you could manage to encourage her to accept the lambs - she should not have further similar problems.

Uit toeka se dae Part of our history

Oom Ben Nel is tans woonagtig te Huis Boesmanland (huis vir bejaardes) Loeriesfontein en hy is 88 jaar oud. Hierdie foto's wys 'n baie jonger oom Ben by sy Wit Dorpers.

Ben Nel is currently living in the Old age home Loeriesfontein and he is 88 years old. These photos show a much younger Ben with his white Dorpers.



Fotos ingestuur deur Hendrik van Zijl



VAN ONS LESERS VAN ONS LESERS VAN ONS LESERS VAN ONS LESERS

Dankie / Thank you!

Dr G J O Marincowitz sê dankie vir 'n "baie besonderse Dorpernuus 2008"

Dr G J O Marincowitz says thank you for a "very special Dorper News 2008"

Onthou!

"Onthou 'n goedkoop ram kos geld maar die Regte bul MAAK geld! Uit 'n vekundige sowel as ekonomiese oogpunt kan 'n teler en/of 'n kuddeboer nie BEKOSTIG om 'n swak ram te koop nie"
(Bonsmara chronicle.)

Wat is nou
mooier as so
'n klompie
pvk Dorper-
karkasse?

Foto's: Oom Albert van Niekerk van Klipkoppies



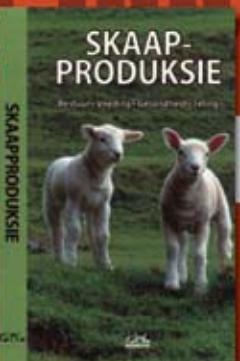
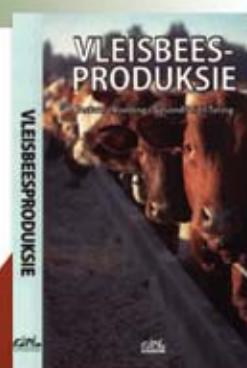
Skaap- en Vleisbeesproduksie

Vleisbeesproduksie sowel as Skaaproductsie is deel van 'n reeks van ses boeke wat in die afsienbare tyd beskikbaar sal wees aan landbouprodusente in Suid-Afrika.

Nou kan jy met die oopslaan van 'n boek jouself inrig om 'n verwysing te skep om as suksesvolle produsent na vore te tree en seker te maak jy is op standaard om in uitdagende tye effekief en onderhouwend te produseer. Die publikasies poog om 'n verskeidenheid inligting, kundigheid en tendense in die bedryf bymekaar te bring en toe te pas vir die Suid-Afrikaanse omstandighede.

Die volgende aspekte word in die boeke bespreek: raskeuse, hantering, voeding, gesondheid, seleksie en ekonomie.

Die boek beslaan 250 bladsye, swart en wit en ons voorvrystellings-aanbod is R230 plus R20 posgeld.
(Normale prys R250 posgeld uitgesluit). Bestellings kan geplaas word by (014) 577-0005 of
Kejafa@mweb.co.za



Waar daar 'n wil is.....

There is always a plan.....

Ons het die volgende skrywe van Mn J Stears van Brandwag ontvang.

"Baie dankie vir die Dorper joernaal boek wat julle aangestuur het vir my. Waardeer dit baie. Ek boer nou al 4 jaar. Ek boer in Mosselbaai en boer so 30 km van Mosselbaai en 50 km van Oudshoorn. Ek het op die oomblik 31 Dorpers, 1 ram, 16 ooie en 14 lammers waarvan 5 ooilammers is en 9 hamels. 9 Ooie het reeds gelam waarvan 5 tweelinge gegee het.

Ek wil net so vinnig vertel hoe ek my eerste Dorpers gekry het. Ek het my vrieskas verruil vir twee Dorper ooie!

My buurman het ook Dorpers maar ek het nie geld gehad om Dorpers aan te koop nie. Vir die ram wat ek by hom gekry het, het ek sy hoenderhok reggemaak. Vir die ander drie ooie het ek my nuwe bad, stort en krane verruil.

Intussen het ek 'n paar ouerige ooie aangekoop in Oudshoorn asook 'n ramlam by 'n bankrotveiling.

Die skape is ongeveer 2 jaar by my en in goeie kondisie. Van die jongerige ooie gaan nou lam en is in goeie kondisie al is dit baie droog hier by ons.

Ek sal by die Genootskap aansluit sodra dit beter gaan. Hopenlik volgende jaar sal ek 'n lid van julle kan wees. Sal bly wees as julle my op hoogte van sake kan hou in verband met Dorpers. Kan u ook asseblief sê hoe mens te werk moet gaan om semen in die hande te kry en hoe presies dit gedoen word. Ongelukkig is hier maar net so 2 of drie boere wat Dorpers aanhou vir "grassnyers" om die huis so is inligting oor Dorpers skaars hier by ons.

Op my plaas sal ek ongeveer 120 Dorpers kan aanhou – sal hopenlik nog daar kom....

Net om af te sluit. My buurman is nie baie gelukkig nie want hy het my 5 ou ooie gegee en nou het al 5 tweelinge by my en by hom wou hulle nie!

Dankie vir die puik boek. Hoop om nog baie van Dorpers te leer. As die geld daar is sal ek in die nabye toekoms kan saampraat met die goeie Dorper boere."

The above is a little tale about somebody who so badly wanted to farm with Dorpers on his smallholding that he swapped his deep freeze for two Dorper ewes. He later mended his neighbour's fowl run in exchange for a Dorper ram. He even swapped his new bath tub, shower unit and taps for another three Dorper ewes. He has 31 Dorpers presently and dreams of being a "Big Dorper farmer" one day. He also tells us that his neighbour presented him with 5 very old Dorper ewes and because he looked after them well, all five had twins - much to the neighbour's disgust!

He is also thanking the Society for the Dorper News and information we supplied him with.

It goes to show that you can always make a plan to achieve a goal and Dorpers will always reward you!

Hoe wonderlik om passie
en drome te hê ook in
moeilike tye!
Rasdirekteur

Nou ook in Spaans! Now also in Spanish!

Dorpers in die nuwe eeu

nou ook in Spaans beskikbaar by

Fernando Vernandez in Mexico.

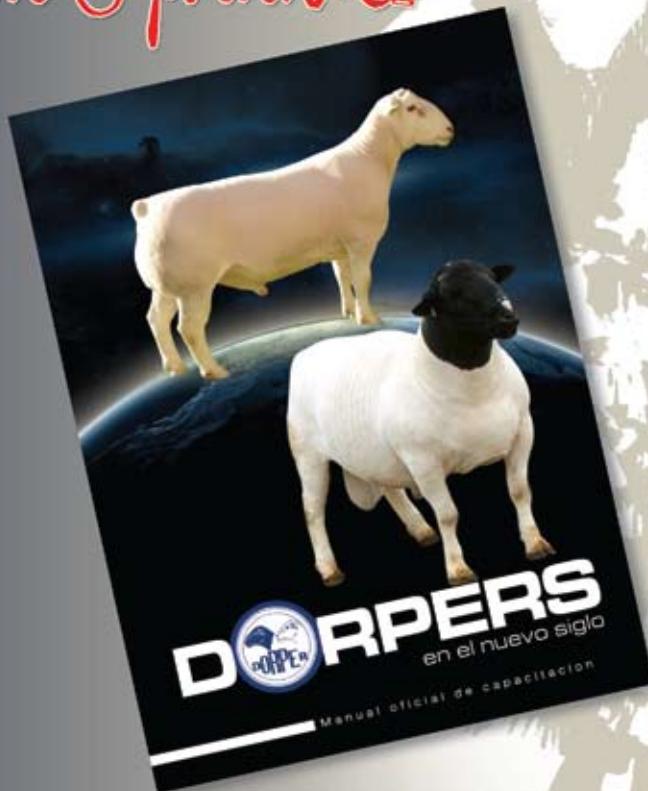
fdofdz@gmail.com

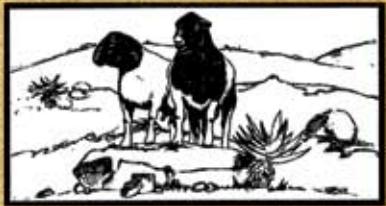
Dorpers in the new century

now also available in Spanish with

Fernando Fernandez in Mexico.

fdofdz@gmail.com





JOHN DELL

Dorpers

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in South Africa
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Jake Upton 2008

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